VERBATIM NOTES
OF
COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY INTO CIRCUMSTANCES THAT LED TO THE COLLAPSE OF THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE 1990s
HELD AT
THE JAMAICA PEGASUS HOTEL 81 KNUTSFORD BOULEVARD, KINGSTON 5
ON
THURSDAY, MAY 12, 2011

PRESENT WERE:

COMMISSIONERS.

Mr. Charles Ross Mr. Worrick Bogle

COUNSEL FOR THE COMMISSION

Hon. Justice Henderson Downer (Retired)

SECRETARY TO THE COMMISSION

Mr. Fernando DePeralto

ATTORNEY MARSHALING EVIDENCE FOR THE COMMISSION

Miss Judith Clarke - Attorney-at-Law

REPRESENTING JAMAICAN REDEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

Mr. Gavin Goffe - Attorney-at-Law

REPRESENTING MR PATRICK HYLTON

Mr. Dave Garcia - Attorney-at-Law

REPRESENTING FINSAC LIMITED

Mr. Bryan Moodie - Attorney-at-Law Ms. Danielle Chai - Attorney-at-Law

REPRESENTING DEBTOR1

Mr. Anthony Levy - Attorney-at-Law

GIVING EVIDENCE

Mr. Errol Campbell

1		May 12, 2011
2		COMMENCEMENT: 9:30 P.M. 3
4	COMM. BOGLE:	Good morning ladies and gentlemen. This
5		enquiry is now in session and as usual
6		may I have the names of the attorneys
7		present.
8	MR. GARCIA:	Dave Garcia, representing Patrick
9		Hylton.
10	MR. MOODIE:	Morning sir, Brian Moodie and Danielle
11		Chai instructed by the firm Samuda and
12		Johnson representing FINSAC.
13	COMM. BOGLE:	Thank you very much. This morning we
14		are supposed to continue with
15		Mr. Campbell. We had a short touch of
16		Mr. Campbell last week. Mr. Campbell is
17		now back with us spending some time with
18		us so I ask Mr. DePeralto to have him
19		sworn.
20	MR. MOODIE:	Before you do that Chairman, there are a
21		few housekeeping matters I wish to
22		address. There were several requests
23		made of FINSAC in relation to providing
24		documents and information. Particularly
25		this Commission, through the

Secretariat, wrote to FINSAC on November 6, 1 2009 posing some eighty-five 2 questions which it wished to be 3 answered. FINSAC responded to those 4 eighty-five questions by letter dated 5 November 18, 2009. Additionally a list of 6 additional questions were submitted under 7 cover of letter dated 8 December 21, 2009 and FINSAC provided 9 additional answers under cover of letter 10 dated January 29, 2010. On July 5, 2010 the 11 Commission wrote to FINSAC asking for the 12 following outstanding information; minutes 13 of meetings of FINSAC and associated 14 companies, a list of special auditors, 15 forensic auditors and receivers and reports 16 filed by each of the parties, a list of 17 attorneys-at-law who represented FINSAC 18 among other information. I am advised that 19 the minutes of meetings of the FINSAC Board 20 and the FINSAC Credit Committee have been 21 provided to this Commission. We have today 22 copies of the list of attorneys-at-law 2.3 engaged and are 2.4

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1 2 employed by FINSAC Limited as requested 3 4 specifically; we also have the list of 5 6 debtors forgiven, both those who were 7 8 approved and settled and those who were approved but not settled in addition to 9 10 which we have the list of debtors forgiven. 11 As you know Commissioner and Chairman, 12 FINSAC has a certain perspective as it 1.3 relates to the confidentiality of 14 information in respect to persons who have 15 not come forward before this Commission to 16 make complaints and persons who have not otherwise brought their complaints into the 17 18 public domain. 19 FINSAC's position is that, that information should remain confidential 20 21 until those persons so indicate that they 22 wish their private banking information to be 23 made public. I understand the Commission has 24 made a ruling in this regard and in respect 25 to that ruling FINSAC will respect that ruling and we will provide these documents to the Commission. FINSAC

1	will not be seeking to enter these
2	documents into evidence. If the Commission
3	determines that the documents should be
4	publicized, then that is a matter for the
5	Commission but FINSAC wishes to place on
6	record its position as it relates to those
7	records particularly of persons who have not
8	agreed or consented to make their private
9	financial information available to the
10	public. And so those lists are available
11	which we are turning over to the Commission
12	this morning.
13	In addition Chairman, we are providing this
14	morning a list of forensic
15	auditors' reports, receivers' reports for
16	loan accounts as well as minutes of the
17	Oversight Committee Meeting for FINSAC. And
18	so for the record I just wish to observe that
19	we have substantially complied with most of
20	the information and requests that were made
21	of FINSAC.
22	I indicated to you Commissioner, that we were
23	given access to some of the

1	2	Jamaican Redevelopment Foundation
3	4	records yesterday, we continue to have
5	6	access today and tomorrow and they have
7	8	agreed to allow what access they can as long
9 :	10	as they are not presently using those files.
11		So in respect to the board minutes, those
12		documents are with the Commission but I have
13		not had an opportunity as the legal counsel
14		to FINSAC to pick out those minutes in
15		respect of the complainants who appeared and
16		made allegations about FINSAC. Chairman, you
17		also indicated to me yesterday that you wish
18		FINSAC to take a look at some of the responses
19		provided by Mr. Hylton so far and to see if
20		it could shed any light on areas which were
21		not covered by Mr. Hylton. We intend to do
22		so. You indicated that provisions will be
23		made for Mr. Campbell to return and we intend
24		to do so and respond to the specific
25		complainants on that occasion once I have had
. 3		an opportunity to look through the
		documents, take instructions from Mr.
		Campbell and

1		advise him accordingly.
2		Please go ahead to swear Mr. Campbell.
3	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Campbell will now be sworn in.
4		(Mr. Campbell sworn)
5		Mr. Moodie, just to mention that the
6		Commission has received and received
7		before as you said, quite a number of
8		documents and will be receiving
9		additional documents from you. We will
10		be going through them and to the extent
11		that there are gaps or additional
12		information, that we will communicate
13		with FINSAC and/or yourself.
14	MR. MOODIE:	And we undertake to respond
15		appropriately, Chairman.
16	COMM. BOGLE:	Thank you very much. Okay you may
17		begin, Mr. Moodie.
18	MR. MOODIE:	Grateful Chairman.
19		For the record, could you please state
20		your name for the Commission.
21	A:	I am Errol Campbell.
22	Q:	You gave a statement in relation to the
23		proceedings before this Commission?
24	A:	Yes, I did.
25	Q:	Do you have a copy of that statement

1		with you?
2	A:	Yes, I do.
3	Q:	Could you take a look at the document
4		you have there and indicate whether in
5		fact that is your statement, whether the
6		contents of that document are true and
7		whether that is the statement that was
8		forwarded to the Commission on your
9		behalf.
10	A:	Yes, this is the five page statement
11		that was submitted to the Commission on
12		my behalf.
13	Q:	And the contents are true?
14	A:	Yes, the contents are true.
15	COMM. BOGLE:	And your signature at page 5, that
16		signature is yours.
17	A:	My signature appears on Page 5, yes
18 19	MR. MOODIE:	Mr. Chairman. Thank you Mr. Campbell. Mr. Chairman you
20		will indulge it is clear that
21		Mr. Campbell has appeared before this
22		Commission before to answer questions
23		and some of the issues he deals with in
24		his statement would have already been
25		addressed so I ask for your indulgence

1 2	as he goes through that statement.
3 4	Before we start with the statement
5 6	Mr. Chairman, there was a list that was
7 8	provided to the Commission in relation to the
9	window of opportunity, I think that document
10	was prepared from as far back as December
11	2001 and was earlier provided to the
12	Commission. We had noted at the time that the
13	document may not have been totally accurate
14	and we were doing checks to ensure that the
15	document would have been as accurate as the
16	records reflected. Included in that document
17	was the name of Douglas Orane and having made
18	certain checks, FINSAC was able to ascertain
19	that there was an error in relation to that
20	entry. We gave a written apology to Mr.
21.	Douglas Orane but we also gave him an
22	undertaking that we would read into the
23	record the content of that apology and so I
24	will ask Mr. Campbell before proceeding to
25	his statement to just formally read into the
	record that aspect of the apology to Mr.
	Orane as

1		was our undertaking to do at the time.
2	A:	This is a letter dated February 18, 2010
3		addressed to Honourable Douglas R.
4		Orane.
5		In relation to the captioned matter,
6		Incorrect information provided at the
7		FINSAC Commission of Enquiry.
8		In relation to the captioned matter, the
9		Commission requested information on debt
LO		forgiveness provided by FINSAC. In this
L1		regard, a document prepared in December 2001
L2		for the "Window of Opportunity" was located,
L3		copied and presented to the Commission on
L 4		February 3rd 2010, but it was not released
L 5		to the media. It was expected that this
L 6		document would have been kept confidential.
L7		On Thursday February 4th, the attorneyat-law
L 8		representing former FINSAC debtors made an
L 9		application to the Commission to have the
20		document made public. The attorney-at-law
21		representing FINSAC argued strenuously that
22		the contents of the document should not be
23		released to the public because

1 2		FINSAC could not vouch for its accuracy,
3 4		having regard to the time that had elapsed
5 6		since it was prepared. After hearing
7 8		submissions from both attorneys, the
9		Commission retired for some time to consider
10		the submission. They returned and ruled that
11		the contents of the document could be made
12		public.
13		Our file was reviewed, and it has been
14		determined that the reference to Douglas
15		Orane is entirely erroneous and should have
16		been Douglas C Orane Limited, a company in
17		respect of which neither you nor any member
18		of your family is shareholder or director.
19		Based on our records, we are fully satisfied
20		that this debt was in no way associated with
21		Douglas R. Orane
22		FINSAC unreservedly apologizes to you, your
23		family and the extended grace Kennedy
24		family for any embarrassment or
25	MR. MOODIE:	inconvenience caused this error and assures
		you that the matter will be referred to the
		Commission of Enquiry. Thank you, Mr.
		Campbell. Now

1		Mr. Campbell, might I ask you to take
2		the Commission through your statement
3		beginning with your address for the
4		purposes of this Commission.
5	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Campbell just to be accurate, the
6		letter on page 2, the first paragraph on
7		page two said 'the said document', I
8		don't remember hearing you reading that
9		actual paragraph.
10	A:	I didn't.
11	COMM. BOGLE:	The implementation was there from my
12		introduction. If this is being
13		presented, then I expect it should be
14		read in its entirety.
15	MR. MOODIE:	Certainly. Might I ask you to read that
16		paragraph preceding information, the
17		paragraph 'information was received'.
18	COMM. BOGLE:	Read that entire back page, page 2 for
19		me.
20	A:	The said document that was presented to
21		the Commission includes an account in
22	the name Douglas Oran	e among the debtors whose debts were approved
23		for compromise by FINSAC.
24		Information was received that you were

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1		questioning the authenticity of this
2		document. Our file was reviewed and it
3		has been determined that the reference
4		to Douglas Orane is entirely erroneous
5		and should have been Douglas C. Orane
6		Limited, a company in respect of which
7		neither you nor any member of your
8		family is shareholder or director.
9		Based on our records, we are fully
10		satisfied that this debt was in no way
11		associated with Douglas R. Orane. FINSAC
12		apologizes to you, your family and the
13		extended Grace Kennedy family for any
14		embarrassment or inconvenience caused by
15		this error and assures you that the
16		matter will be referred to the
17		Commission of Enquiry.
18	MR. MOODIE:	Is that satisfactory?
19	COMM. BOGIE:	Yes.
20	MR. MOODIE:	Mr. Campbell, I had asked you to pick up
21		with your statement giving just a
22		general indication of your training and
23		background but start please by
24		indicating your address for the purposes
25		of this statement and your current

1		position with FINSAC.
2	A:	My address for the purposes of this
3		enquiry is 1 Shalimar Avenue, Kingston 3
4		in the parish of St. Andrew and at
5		present I am General Manager of FINSAC
6		and have been since January 2008.
7	Q:	Could you indicate your background and
8		training?
9	A:	I am an Associate of the Chartered
10		Institute of Bankers. I have worked with
11		National Commercial Bank for nineteen
12		years and during that period of time I
13		qualified as an Associate of the
14		Chartered Institute of Bankers in
15		London. I have worked in a number of
16		branches and departments of the Bank and
17		my last assignment at the Bank was as
18		Manager at the Port Maria branch where I
19		was the Branch Manager.
20	Q:	Please continue to go through the rest
21		of your statement?
22	A:	The statement makes reference to the
23		debtor FINSAC. Financial Institution
24		Services was established in 1995 to take
25		over the operations of the Blaise

1	Financial Entities and a year later it
2	also took over the operations of Century
3	National Financial Entities based on a
4	Scheme of Arrangements approved by creditors
5	and depositors and sanctioned by the Supreme
6	Court. The Blaise depositors received 90% of
7	their
8	deposits over an 18 month period while
9	Century depositors were paid 100% in two
10	tranches over 6 months.
11	In January 1997, FINSAC which stands for
12	Financial Sector Adjustment Company Limited
13	was established to intervene in the wider
14	financial sector and a three-pronged
15	approach was agreed for its operations,
16	namely; intervention, rehabilitation and
17	divestment.
18	FINSAC's intervention was done by way of one
19	or a combination of the following methods;
20	acquiring shareholdings of or granting loans
21	to or purchasing non-performing loans or
22	non-core assets from, the various entities
23	into which it intervened, injection of
24	capital in some instances, appointment of
25	new Boards or

1	Management where necessary and
2	developing and implementing plans for
3	rehabilitation with the assistance of
4	consultants engaged.
5	In August 1997 and May 1998, FINSAC
6	established two companies which were used
7	as the vehicles to acquire non-performing
8	loans from various institutions, namely;
9	Recon Trust Limited and Refin Trust Limited
10	which I refer to as Refin subsequently.
11	Recon was used for the purchase of loans
12	from National Commercial Bank and Refin was
13	used for the purchase of loans from
14	Citizens' Bank and Union Bank and in
15	February 1999 Recon loans which are the NCB
16	ones were assigned to Refin.
17	FINSAC decided to set up a
18	Non-Performing Loan Unit to manage the
19	collection of loans from debtors who it was
20	discovered had borrowed from several of the
21	failed or intervened institutions in order
22	that a joint and consistent approach could
23	be adopted. The Unit's goal was to ensure
24	maximum recovery of

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1	value for the distressed loans through a
2	fair process which included uniform
3	treatment of debtors with options determined
4	by their particular circumstances.
5	I was employed to FINSAC in July 1999, as
6	the Manager of administration and control
7	at the Non-Performing Loan Unit referred to
8	as NPL later and held that position until
9	January 2002 when the loans were sold. My
10	job included the following.
11	Allocating all the loans acquired/
12	purchased from the various institutions to
13	Credit Officers;
14	Corresponding with these institutions on
15	loans related matters where necessary;
16	Arranging the posting of these loans onto the
17	loan database;
18	Authorizing certain bills for payment;
19	Managing the clerical and non-clerical
20	staff and that excludes the credit
21	officers; and
22	Performing general administrative
23	functions.
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1	Q:	Mr. Campbell, might I ask you between
2		July 1999 and January 2002, did you deal
3		with or administer individual debtor's
4		accounts at FINSAC?
5	A:	Absolutely not.
6	Q:	Please continue your statement?
7	A:	Loans acquired from Century National
8		Bank and Workers' Savings and Loan Bank
9		and loans
10	COMM. BOGLE:	Just a minute. On that point, this
11		Non-Performing Loan Unit, what did that
12		unit do?
13	A:	That was the unit that was established
14		as I said earlier, to manage the
15		collection of the loans so we had credit
16		officers who interfaced with each
17		debtor.
18	COMM. BOGLE:	So the Unit you were in charge of
19		were you in charge of that unit?
20	A:	No, I was not.
21	COMM. BOGLE:	As Administrative and Control Manager at
22		the Non-Performing Loan Unit, explain to
23		me what you did then?
24	A:	I mentioned earlier the main functions
25		of my job. I allocated the loans to the

1		officers, I corresponded with the banks
2		that we bought the loans from, enquired
3		about missing files, anything. I had to
4		arrange for the posting of the loans
5		onto the data base so the credit
6		officers would have access to balances.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	The credit officers, did they have a
8		Manager?
9	A:	Yes.
10	COMM. BOGLE:	Who was this Manager.
11	A:	The Unit Head, as the title, was Dianna
12		Davis.
13	COMM. BOGLE:	So Dianna Davis was the Unit Head.
14	A:	That is right.
15	COMM. BOGLE:	And the Unit Head would be Unit Head/
16		Manager. You see I am trying to
17	A:	Yes she's head of the Unit.
18	COMM. BOGLE:	I am trying to understand your
19		relationship with this unit and you say
20		that you allocated the different loans
21		to various credit officers?
22	A:	That is right.
23	COMM. BOGLE:	Which I would think that the Manager of the
24		Unit would be the person who knows the
		workload of the various credit

1		officers, consequently that would be the
2		person that would be transferring and
3		allocating, but you are saying, you are
4		not the manager, you do not know their
5		workload but you were the one who would
6		still send the various loans to the
7		various credit officers?
8	A:	That is correct. The Unit Head would
9		have been the one who would be
10		interfacing with each credit officer.
11		Any enquiries they have, she would be
12		dealing with them because there were
13		close to thirty credit officers at one
14		point.
15	COMM. BOGLE:	What was your relationship with the
16		Unit? Where was the line, is it a
17		horizonal line?
18	A:	Horizontal, and both reported to the
19		General Manager, Asset Management and
20 21	COMM. BOGLE:	Divestment. So once you allocated a loan to a credit
22		officer, you had nothing else to do with
23		that loan whatsoever?
24	A:	Nothing else, accept that, as I
25		mentioned, where I mentioned I am a

1		member of the Credit Committee and
2		matters would be referred there but in
3		terms of dealing with them I had no
4		interface with the debtors.
5	Q:	Please continue?
6	A:	Loans acquired from Century National
7		Bank and Workers' Savings and Loan Bank
8		and loans purchased from Citizens' Bank,
9		Union Bank of Jamaica and loans with
10		principal balances over \$5M from
11		National Commercial Bank were
12		transferred to the NPL Unit. It was
13		decided that NCB would initially
14		continue to manage collections of the
15		under \$5M loans.
16		The American consulting firm, McKinsey &
17		Company was engaged to assist with
18		establishing the NPL. They recommended
19		a database for the loans and a framework
20		to value the loans based on four Cs,
21		namely, Cash Flow, Collateral, Contract
22		and Character. These factors were
23		applied to arrive at the Minimum
24		Expected Recovery for each loan.
		In establishing the NPL Unit, McKinsey &

1	Company also recommended that a
2	Committee be established that would approve
3	valuation on the loans to facilitate speedy
4	action in recovery efforts. In this regard,
5	in conjunction with FINSAC/FIS Board, a
6	Credit
7	Committee was established, with
8	requisite approval rights to receive,
9	consider and approve submissions from the
10	credit officers.
11	While both teams were established to
12	undertake collections of the loans and
13	these credit officers interfaced directly
14	with the debtors, based on the officers'
15	research of files and discussions with
16	debtors, submissions were made to the
17	Credit Committee for approval of action on
18	accounts,
19	including the minimum expected recoveries,
20	write-offs, sale of assets, legal action, et
21	cetera. Where matters were perceived to be
22	sensitive or beyond the approval rights of the
23	Credit Committee, I was referred to a
24	subcommittee of the Board or the full

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1		Board.
2	MR. MOODIE:	Chairman, at this time it is appropriate
3		to indicate that attached to
4		Mr. Hylton's submission, I think as
5		pointed out by counsel representing Mr.
6		Hylton, my learned friend Mr. Garcia
7		yesterday, is a document which set out
8		the different levels of approvals for
9		different members of the committee, NPL
10		Committee, the Board et cetera.
11		Please go ahead.
12	A:	The Credit Committee met regularly,
13		initially on a weekly basis, and was
14		chaired by the Managing Director. In his
15		absence, the General Manager for Asset
16		Management and Divestment chaired the
17		meeting.
18		Finally, an Oversight Committee was
19		established based on a National Industrial
20		Policy of the government. It required FINSAC
21		to refer to this Committee, entities within
22		the productive sector whose debts were
23		acquired by FINSAC for consideration to be
24		given to providing assistance in

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1 2		order that their operations could
3 4		continue.
5 6		Sometime in 2000, a decision was taken to
7 8		sell the loan portfolio and in preparation
9		the following were done.
10		1. An American consulting firm, OCWEN
11		Financial Corporation, was engaged to
12		prepare the loans for sale.
13		2. Temporary personnel were engaged to
14		make copies of all security documents.
15		3. The NCB under \$5 million accounts
		were transferred to FINSAC; and
16 17		4. OCWEN commissioned valuations of all
1 /		properties held as collateral to arrive at
		the value of the portfolio.
		OCWEN created a database with the detailed
		information on the loans, that
18		is,
19		1. Loan names and account numbers,
20		2. Principal and account balances and
21		collateral,
22		3. Payment history, et cetera.
23	Q:	Is this information which was created by
24		OCWEN submitted to the Commission
25		previously by FINSAC?

1	A:	A CD was submitted to the Commission
2		that had the valuation of the loans,
3		yes.
4	Q:	And a list of the loans?
5	A:	And a list of the loans sold, Exhibit A.
6		This was sent in February 2010.
7	COMM. ROSS:	Just a question, was it the loans that
8		were valued or the collaterals that were
9		valued or both?
10	A:	The loans were valued. Valuation
11		reports were obtained giving qualified
12		valuations and that was applied in
13		whatever form, to determine a value of
14		the loans.
15	COMM. ROSS:	Are you saying that all securities, all
16		physical securities for all the loans,
17		valuations were done on them by
18		professional valuators, is that what you
19		are saying?
20	A:	I don't want to commit to say, but I
21		expected that all were done, yes.
22	Q:	As you indicated Commissioners, we are
23		still in the process of discovering all
24		of those documents.
25	A:	I know we engaged a number of valuators

1		locally and they were assigned to
2		different areas of the island to obtain
3		valuations on the various properties
4		that were in those areas.
5	COMM. ROSS:	You are making a statement here on a
6		matter, four of fifteen, which suggests
7		that all properties that were held as
8		collaterals were valued and I would
9		expect that the record should exist.
10	COMM. BOGLE:	To confirm or deny.
11	COMM. ROSS:	It would be certainly very interesting
12		for us to see that.
13	A:	We submit to you a copy of a CD with the
14		list of all the loans and all the
15		related collaterals for each loan, yes.
16	COMM. BOGLE:	What Commissioner Ross is saying he
17		would love to see the list of properties
18		and the complete valuations of those
19		properties, of securities. It is not
20		just the list, but the list accompanied
21		by how much it was valued, what each one
22		was valued at and what would be nice if that
23		could have been extended to who valued it,
24		because that is also very important of
		course, it doesn't mean

1		that all the valuations should be done
2		by qualified valuators, this is why we
3		would love to see that.
4	A:	We will endeavour to provide that to
5		you.
6	Q:	Paragraph 17 Mr. Campbell, as soon as
7		the Commissioners are ready.
8	COMM. BOGLE:	Yes, go ahead.
9	Q:	Thank you. Sometime in early 2001, a
10		"Window of Opportunity" was announced by
11		the Minister of Finance giving debtors
12		up to March 2001 an opportunity to make
13		arrangements with FINSAC to settle their
14		debts and take advantage of a compromise
15		prior to sale of the portfolio. It was
16		expected that a purchaser would honour
17		these arrangements provided the debtors
18		were performing.
19		Many submissions were received during
20		this period and approved but some
21		debtors did not honour and thus their
22		loans were sold. Others paid and
23		benefited accordingly. And the
24		Commissioners are aware that I have
25		submitted a list of these debtors.

1		Thereafter
2	COMM. ROSS:	Sorry, Mr. Campbell, could you tell us
3		something about the criteria that were
4		used to determine the extent, who
5		benefited and the extent to which they
6		benefited under the window of
7		opportunity.
8	A:	These are submissions that were made to
9		the Board, but primarily it's a
10		situation when you look first of all
11		it was open to everyone, all the debtors
12		who had loans with FINSAC, they could
13		have made a submission and it would have
14		been considered and if approved they
15		have whatever time period in which to
16		pay. These are submissions made to the
17		Board and it was more or less the
18		situation where you take each particular
19		circumstance into account. So you would
20		have had collaterals, and you would look
21		at a fifty percent cut in interest in
22		most cases.
23	Q:	In relation to decisions that were made
24		by the Board, did you as Manager of
25		Administration and Control of the NPL

1		Unit sit on the Board between July 1999
2		and January 2002 when the loans were
3		divested?
4	A:	No, I didn't sit on the Board at all,
5		the Board of FINSAC.
6	Q:	The evidence you have given in relation
7		to what may have occurred, is that based
8		on documents which have come to your
9		attention since you have assumed the
10		role of General Manager?
11	A:	That is correct.
12	COMM. ROSS:	This sounds very general, but from my
13		recollection, and from particular
14		complaints received, I am really
15		searching for more substance, because we
16		see people receiving massive write-offs
17		with much smaller debts being given
18		relative consideration and reverting and
19		going on to be sold to JRF, so I think
20		we really need a little more information
21		as to what were the factors that the
22		Board would have considered, what were
23		the principles involved, you know, to
24		get an understanding of that very wide
25		disparity in treatment.

1	A:	In my research Commissioner, I didn't
2		find any particular document which sets
3		out clearly what are the guiding
4		principles.
5	COMM. ROSS:	Do you have any Minutes of meetings of
6		the Board where these issues were
7		discussed?
8	A:	I would need to review the Minutes to
9		see if there are any specific references
10		to what were the guiding principles
11		there.
12	COMM. ROSS:	That would certainly help us.
13	MR. MOODIE:	Commissioner, I think I indicated at the
14		outset that we certainly intend to pull
15		the specific Minutes from the Board in
16		relation to those who have made
17		complaints to respond as far as possible
18		to the issues that have been raised. We
19		have discovered all of the Minutes and
20		we have made them available to the
21		Commission, but as FINSAC's legal
22		adviser, I have not been able to pull
23		the specific Minutes. These are Minutes
24		going from 1999 straight through to
25		2002.

1	COMM. ROSS:	Yes, but as I said, we are particularly
2		interested in those that deal with the
3		window of opportunity in the early 2001
4		because that would really help us to get
5		an understanding of what principles were
6		guiding those decisions.
7	MR. MOODIE:	If possible, we intend to address that
8		when we are permitted to come back to
9		answer the specific questions.
10	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Moodie, you are at pains to point
11		out that Mr. Campbell did not sit on the
12		Board during this time, but Mr. Campbell
13		sat on the Credit Committee, isn't that
14		so?
15	A:	Yes, sir.
16	COMM. BOGLE:	And therefore applications for window of
17		opportunities and write offs and things
18		like that would pass through the Credit
19		committee?
20	A:	Some of them.
21	COMM. BOGLE:	Some would bypass the Credit Committee,
22		and who would bypass the Credit
23		Committee? I would think that it passed
24		through the Credit Committee and the
25		ones that are a little above that

1		Committee that Committee would then send
2		that on to the Board?
3 4	A: COMM. BOGLE:	That's correct. So therefore the Credit Committee should
5		have seen almost all, if not all of
6		these applications for window of
7		opportunity, write offs or whatever?
8	A:	No, the window of opportunity was dealt
9 10	COMM. BOGLE:	with directly by the Board. So if a debtor comes in and say well, I
11		want to speak to a loan or credit
12		officer and say well, I would like to
13		apply for this under this window of
14		opportunity once the credit officer did
15		his or her work that file would bypass
16		the Credit Committee and go straight to
17		the Board?
18	A:	Yes.
19	COMM. BOGLE:	So the Credit Officer would then prepare
20		the necessary recommendations and all
21		that straight to the Board?
22	A:	That's correct. And the reason for it Mr.
23		Chairman, if I may say, the window of
24		opportunity was January, February, March
		2001 and we were looking at that

1		time to start selling the loans by the
2		end of March so we wanted to just get
3		the Board doing the approval quickly so
4		that those who were qualified would get
5		whatever benefits would have been
6		accrued.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	So there was no stratification of the
8		value up to X case at the credit bureau
9		as to why all such
10	A:	For the window of opportunity
11	COMM. BOGLE:	Applications went directly to the Board?
12	A:	That's right. And to further facilitate
13		it the Board actually met at the NPL
14		Unit at the time so that they could deal
15		with them.
16	COMM. BOGLE:	Please continue.
17	COMM. ROSS:	Sorry, was this publicized in anyway,
18		were there notices in the Press?
19	A:	I searched diligently and I really could
20		not find anything. I looked at the
21		Gleaner Website and saw that there were
22		actually some articles written by
23		persons making comments about it. I
24		really did not find any AD being sent
25		out, but I know it was announced by the

1		Minister, and certainly, it would have
2		been in Parliament, but I did not find
3		any notice or any advertisement.
4	MR. MOODIE:	I think that issue was addressed by the
5		previous Minister when he gave evidence
6		before this Commission.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	The thing is that there are two windows
8		and I know that when Minister Davies
9		came he did mention the window of
10		opportunity regarding residences. So I
11		don't know if he mentioned this
12		particular window of opportunity.
13	MR. MOODIE:	We have been checking for anything that
14		we can get from the local Press. So far
15		we have unearthed, I think, editorials
16		and letters around the time which we
17		referred to, but we are still checking
18		with the relevant entities to see
19		whether any publications were made.
20	COMM. ROSS:	Was it the full Board that had to
21		consider these matters or was it a
22		sub-committee Board?
23	A:	It was a subcommittee, but there were
24		like eleven members and as many as eight
25		of them. So the reason the others were

1		not there probably because they were
2		unavailable on the day. It was not like
3		two or three on the Board it was seven
4		or eight out of the eleven, and copies
5		of the Minutes have been submitted to
6		the Commission.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	So these were done in general Board
8		meetings, not special Board meetings?
9	A:	It was a special Board meeting. Because
10		there were so many cases, so this was
11		what was dealt with to facilitate the
12		Board at the NPL Unit. There were times
13		for instance, when there were 200 cases
14		and they were sold some one day, some
15		the following day, some the following
16		day.
17	COMM. BOGLE:	Therefore we should be able to see the
18		Minutes of those special Board meetings
19		as separate from the general Board
20		meetings?
21	A:	Yes.
22	COMM. BOGLE:	And those have been submitted?
23	A:	Yes, sir.
24	MR. MOODIE:	Paragraph 19, Mr. Campbell.
25	A:	Thereafter the loans were marketed by

1	OCWEN. I am aware of two failed attempts
2	to conclude a sale due to happenings in
3	Jamaica in July 2001 and in New York in
	September 2001. In addition, contacts made
4	with other prospective suitors round about
5	this time did not yield the desired result
6	as proposed terms were unfavourable for
7	FINSAC until
8	discussions were held with Dennis Joslin.
)	This led to an agreement being struck and the
.0	-
.1	Board and Cabinet approved sale of the loan
.2	portfolio to Beale Bank of Texas on January
.3	30, 2002 (with balances as at November 1,
. 4	2001). The Jamaican Redevelopment
.5	Foundation, Inc. (JRF) was established as
. 6	its subsidiary in this regard and Dennis
.7	Joslin Jamaica, Inc. (DJJ) was appointed the
.8	servicer, as part of the agreement. I was one
.9	of two former NPL staff who remained with
20	FINSAC. We were relocated to 'head office'
21	with other FINSAC staff and commenced
22	monitoring the various Agreements and
23	corresponding with JRF/DJJ on various issues
	among other
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1		things. The other NPL staff were
2		employed by DJJ and continued managing
3		the loan portfolio.
4		There was a further staff reduction at
5		the end of June 2002 where all the
6		senior staff left the company. The
7		former managing director remained in a
8		consultative capacity for a year and was
9		then replaced for six months by Michael
10		Muirhead. Thereafter, the management of
11		FINSAC was under the control of the
12		Finance $\&$ Administration Manager and
13		myself. I was the Operations Manager.
14		
T-1		Following the sale of the loans
15	COMM. BOGLE:	-
	COMM. BOGLE:	-
15		Just a minute.
15 16		Just a minute. Sorry, Mr. Campbell, I just want to take
15 16 17		Just a minute. Sorry, Mr. Campbell, I just want to take you back for a moment. Imagine the
15 16 17 18		Just a minute. Sorry, Mr. Campbell, I just want to take you back for a moment. Imagine the window of opportunity was a three-month
15 16 17 18 19		Just a minute. Sorry, Mr. Campbell, I just want to take you back for a moment. Imagine the window of opportunity was a three-month period in anticipation of the sale of
15 16 17 18 19 20	COMM. ROSS:	Just a minute. Sorry, Mr. Campbell, I just want to take you back for a moment. Imagine the window of opportunity was a three-month period in anticipation of the sale of the portfolio.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COMM. ROSS:	Just a minute. Sorry, Mr. Campbell, I just want to take you back for a moment. Imagine the window of opportunity was a three-month period in anticipation of the sale of the portfolio. Yes, sir.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	COMM. ROSS:	Just a minute. Sorry, Mr. Campbell, I just want to take you back for a moment. Imagine the window of opportunity was a three-month period in anticipation of the sale of the portfolio. Yes, sir. But the sale did not actually take place

1		people were granted special
2		consideration?
3	A:	No, not really. The only thing that was
4		done from what I saw from the Minutes
5		are situations where persons who would
6		have been under the window of
7		opportunity got a month, or two, or
8		three to make the payment and they asked
9		for extension up to six months or so. I
10		have seen some submissions to the Board
11		in that area. But in terms of a
12		wholesale window of opportunity no,
13		there was none as such.
14		Following the sale of the loans in 2002
15		DJJ moved into the office formally
16		occupied by Refin/Finsac at the Mutual
17		Life building Oxford Road. In reality,
18		Finsac moved out leaving all loan and
19		collateral files for DJJ.
20		Sometime thereafter, credit files for
21		loans repaid prior to sale of the loan
22		portfolio and non-loan related matters
23		from the NPL Unit were moved to various
24		locations for temporary storage, until
25		some years later a Records Centre was

1	established to house these files. A
2	foremost database was then acquired to
3	record the files and staff were engaged for
4	this process, with these files eventually
5	moved into the Records Centre. I should
6	mention that there are about 11,000 boxes of
7	files, each with ten files on average stored
В	in a warehouse.
9	For operational efficiency, the Finsac
10	Board decided that I would be appointed as
	a director of Refin and Recon in 2002. This
11 12	was primarily to facilitate the signing of
	relevant documents to assist JRF/DJJ with
13	speedy responses to request for transfer of
14	security documents.
15	As the level of residual activity continued
16	over the years I was appointed as director
17	of other companies.
18	In May 2005 Dennis Joslin Jamaica, Inc. was
19	removed as Servicer for the loans and JRF
20	assumed that role. Finsac continues to
21	interface with JRF.
22	In November 2007 the Finance
23	
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1		Administration Manager left FINSAC and
2		in January 2008 I was upgraded to General Manager position and thus I now
4		manage the entire operation which
5		includes ongoing litigation matters,
6		pension related matters for some of the
7		intervened entities and the management a
8		few properties intended for sale. I
9 10		interface with the Chairman/Board/ attorneys and auditors.
11	MR. MOODIE:	That is the essence of Mr. Campbell's
12		statement for the Commission. I just
13		wish to indicate as following up on my
14		assertion to the Commission earlier that
15		we intend to respond to some specific
16		issues. Insofar as in relation to those
17		who have made complaints we have
18		found
19	COMM. ROSS:	Sorry, before you go there,
20		Mr. Campbell, you mentioned properties
21		intended for sale, does this mean that
22		FINSAC still owns, has a substantial
23		holding of real estate?
24	A:	No, it is not substantial, it is less than
25		ten properties. These are properties

1		that are owned by some subsidiaries or
2		it would have acquired as a means of
3		some litigation matters. It has nothing
4		to do with the loans that were sold to
5		JRF.
6	COMM. ROSS:	So these would have come over to
7		institutions?
8	A:	Yes, sir. I can give you two examples.
9		Ciboney which was previously owned by
10		Eagle is one of the entities that FINSAC
11		acquired. Ciboney had a property, a
12		16-acre property in Westmoreland right
13		outside Whitehouse beach, we are trying
14		to find a buyer for it. And Dyoll Life
15		is again one of the companies that we
16		assisted, they owned two lots in Drax
17		Hall, St. Ann, one of them on the beach as
18		well, we are trying to find buyers for that.
19		Those are just two examples.
20	COMM. BOGLE:	Apart from real estate, do you have any
21		other form of property or anything that
22		is movable property?
23	A:	We have some art work that we want to
24		try and sell as well.
25	COMM. BOGLE:	You want to try and sell as well. I take

1		it that you advertised that for sale?
2	A:	The process has been we try, we have an
3		auction and we have had two in the past
4		and we are in the process of planning
5		another one.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	Because I understand the mandate, based
7		on what Mr. Hylton has said, is to try
8		and sell things as quickly as possible,
9		so I am surprised to know that we still
10		have art work.
11	A:	Well, art is a particular market, Mr.
12		Chairman, and we don't want to flood the
13		market. We have an auction and I think
14		it is about time we can have another
15		one. What has in fact delayed us
16		somewhat is the fact that we have gotten
17		advice that the remaining art work that
18		we have is not sold so we are looking to
19		sort of join with an auctioneer so that
20		some of our pieces can go with them. So
21		it will take a little time.
22	COMM. BOGLE:	Considering that FINSAC should have been
23		out of business probably some eight
24		years ago or more, I am surprised that
25		such things are still on the books and

1		not disposed of.
2	A:	Well, like I said, we certainly don't
3		want to give them away. And while many
4		activities at FINSAC have been
5		accomplished there are residual
6		activities that we have that we need to
7		address and it takes time.
8	Q	How many persons are employed to FINSAC?
9	A:	Twelve on staff.
10	Q	What are the things that FINSAC is now
11		engaged in?
12	A:	We still have a lot of litigation
13		matters that we have to deal with and
14		those properties that we are trying to
15		sell every now and again we advertise
16		them and we are continuing to pay the
17		property taxes. We have some pension
18		related matters that we mentioned in the
19		statements here primarily from Mutual
20		Life and former Eagle and there are
21		general queries that come in from time
22		to time. Persons who had loans at the
23		legacy institutions and there is a
24		mortgage still on the property, then
25		that needs to be researched so that it

1		can be discharged, all those sort of
2		things. Of course, all the accounting
3		that goes with all of that and the filing
4		of returns for all the various
5		companies. Those are the things that
6		keep us busy.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	So we still need 12 persons there? I am
8		just thinking of the public debtor in
9		terms of FINSAC is collecting some
10		residual moneys from JRF, but at this
11		point when we collect we seem to be
12		spending quite a large proportion of
13		that on administrative work, considering
14		again that FINSAC is supposed to be in
15		and out in seven years.
16	A:	it is administrative work that is
17		unavoidable, Mr. Chairman. We don't want
18		to run the risk of reducing the staff
19		level so substantially that we cannot
20		get enough separation of duties to serve
21		so that we do not create any problem.
22		There are times persons have to work
23		late.
24	COMM. ROSS:	Could you tell us something about the
25		pension matters.

1	A:	We are nearly at the end to that, but
2		Mutual Life operated three pension
3		schemes; one which is a non-contributory
4		scheme for all the staff, I think, up to
5		December 1983 and then as at
6		January 1984 you had schemes, two
7		additional schemes one which is a
8		contributory scheme for sales staff and
9		a contributory scheme for Admin staff.
10		So when Mutual Life was closed, I think,
11		in 1999 we had to wind up the schemes
12		and the process took sometime. We are
13		actually at an end with it, with the
14		reports that we have submitted to the
15		Financial Services Commission to review
16		and we are waiting on them. So that is
17		done, we have finished with that.
18		The Eagle pension scheme, that's a
19		scheme that was in existence for less
20		than ten years before the company was
21		wound up or just about ten years, so you
22		don't have a lot of members who are
23		qualified for pension, but there is a
24		surplus in the scheme and we are seeking
25		to get legal advice as to how to address

1		that. So these are some of the matters
2		that we have to deal with from time to
3		time.
4	MR. MOODIE:	Just to indicate Commission, several
5		persons who have appeared have
6		indicated, made allegations against
7		FINSAC. We have with the co-operation of
8		the JRF had access to some of those
9		files. The information was pulled, I
10		think, up to nearly 1:00 o'clock this
11 12	COMM. BOGLE:	morning and so I intend to That is one of the situations that
13		Mr. Campbell mentioned that the staff
14		has to work very late. So when the
15		Commission is not sitting, I imagine
16		that they don't have to work.
17	MR. MOODIE:	Certainly. Well might I add
18		Mr. Campbell and his attorneys.
19		(Laughter)
20		I just wish to indicate that in relation
21		to the following persons who have
22		appeared before this Commission, we do
23		intend to address them. Some documents
24		were brought to my attention this
25		morning and others we have access to.

1	DEBTOR2, who has made certain
2	allegations, we intend to address.
3	DEBTOR3, DEBTOR4, DEBTOR5, we are still
4	looking for the files and records in
5	relation to DEBTOR7 and DEBTOR6. We have
6	some of those files, but we think it is
7	important to give the Commission a full
8	picture; so we are ensuring to look through
9	everything else. DEBTOR8, we are still
10	looking for that information as well. We have
11	found a few documents as it relates to
12	DEBTOR1COMPANY and I think these documents
13	have already been submitted to the
14	Commission and I mean, in particular Board
15	Minutes in relation to the sale of the
16	assets. Some of those files,
17	however, because that matter is
18	currently being litigated, are within the
19	offices of Counsel representing the JRF and
20	we have been given access to those documents
21	subject to use them for preparation for
22	whatever purposes. And
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1		so we intend to address that issue
2		directly when the Commission obliges us
3		by allowing Mr. Campbell to return to
4		address those specific issues or to
5		respond to questions which maybe raised
6		on behalf of these persons.
7	MISS CLARKE:	I crave your indulgence, Mr. Chairman,
8		having regard to the list that my
9	COMM. BOGLE:	Just before you start, may we have your
10		name for the records.
11	MISS CLARKE:	I am sorry Mr. Chairman. I am Judith
12		Clarke, appearing on behalf of the
13		Commission. I am to apologize also for
14		the fact that I came in late. Thank you,
15		sir.
16	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay.
17	MISS CLARKE:	My friend just read from a list and I
18		would just like to, with your leave,
19		urge him as to whether in searching for
20		records some attempts could be also made
21		to locate records relative to
22		DEBTOR9 and DEBTOR10.
23		These persons have also appeared and I
24		am sure we would want to hear whether
25		FINSAC can shed any specific light on

1		some of their concern.
2	MR. MOODIE:	Chairman, in respect to a particular
3		response where the issues which FINSAC
4		would want to explore have already been
5		explored by Counsel cross-examining, for
6		example, Counsel on behalf of the
7		Jamaican Redevelopment Foundation, we
8		don't intend to extend this Commission's
9		time by again going over those issues.
10		or in respect of those documents. If
11		there are particular questions which
12		have not been addressed, I invite
13		Counsel to identify those issues so that
14		in my search I can be directed instead
15		of having to look through everything
16		which may not be relevant or which may
17		have already been addressed. So I am
18		certainly open to any invitation Counsel
19		may wish to give as to a particular
20		instances and she could do so during the
21		break.
22	MISS CLARKE:	Mr. Chairman, the approach is
23		attractive, but it may not achieved what
24		some of these witnesses want in terms of
25		their concerns relative to continuity,

records, matters that documentation that 1 2 is not coherent. I believe if the entire 3 4 record can be found and brought, then perhaps 5 6 it may put to rest these concerns. If we are 7 8 able to peruse it, certainly it may put to 9 10 rest these concerns. So it is not just a 11 matter of whether questions were already 12 addressed. If there is documentary data that 13 can address the concern one way or the other, 14 there are general concerns, there are 15 specific concerns, if some kind of 16 continuity, some kind of fluidity can be 17 gleaned from looking at their entire record, 18 I am sure that these witnesses would be happy. 19 It is not a matter of whether or not matters 20 were addressed by JRF or not before anybody. 21 JRF has its brief, JRF has put certain 22 questions, based on the instructions JRF's 23 attorneys have had, we would now like to see 24 these records certainly with a view to 25 determining whether the concerns as addressed, as my friend thinks, by JRF have been adequately addressed as they

1		relate to FINSAC. I would ask if the
2		records can be found in their entirety
3		that they maybe brought.
4	COMM. BOGLE:	The thing is that FINSAC is a major
5		player and FINSAC was named in our Terms
6		of Reference and to the extent that any
7		person who has given evidence here
8		through their attorneys as I said
9		before, wishes to put questions to
10		FINSAC we will allow that. The attorneys
11		for JRF have been here and they have
12		consistently said that they represent
13		JRF and they take brief from JRF and as
14		such while some of their answers might
15		overlap FINSAC I take their
16		representation to be on behalf of JRF
17		and therefore, I would expect FINSAC to
18		provide their answers. Some of the
19		answers may be same, but I think it is
20		fair that this Commission hears from
21		FINSAC.
22	MR. MOODIE:	I certainly don't intend for FINSAC to
23		adopt the JRF's position. What I intend
24		to do is so far as documents from the
25		files have already been introduced into

1		evidence, I would not again refer to
2 3	COMM. BOGLE:	those documents to extend the time. If they have been put in evidence and
4		FINSAC is being asked about them, then
5		it is in FINSAC's interest to identify
6		that document so that proper reference
7		can be made to the document and we
8		therefore use it or it is understood by
9		everyone in this Enquiry.
10	MR. MOODIE:	Certainly. Mr. Chairman, there is a
11		related issue which arises directly, in
12		fact, which I would need your guidance
13		on. It would appear that in the
14		ordinary course, and I have seen
15		indications from this Commission as to
16		its inquisitorial nature and the balance
17		it seeks to achieve by allowing certain
18		witnesses to be recalled, I would think
19		that the proper process would be for
20		persons who have made certain
21		allegations, where FINSAC is able to
22		bring documents before this Commission
23		for those persons to be recalled to be
24		cross-examined on the allegations they
25		had made. If it is that this Commission

1		is not going to take that route because
2		of its timetable or otherwise, then it
3		will seem that the alternative would be
4		for FINSAC to be allowed to make a
5		statement in relation to those issues to
6		be read into the record.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	The first part of your request I do not
8		think that this Commission will grant.
9		The reason being, FINSAC was always
10		advised of the proceedings and meetings
11		of this Commission and it was in
12		FINSAC's interest to send
13		representatives here to the Enquiry so
14		that such persons could be examined.
15		Therefore, this Commission will not be
16		stretching out the sittings to
17		facilitate that. What I would say,
18		FINSAC is now here and to the extent
19		that the Commission will see fit for
20		Mr. Campbell to be recalled,
21		Mr. Campbell will be recalled and
22		Mr. Campbell will be expected to answer
23		based on allegations made. Mr. Campbell
24		has access; I am sure you have received
25		the transcripts and therefore, he can

1		fully inform himself and his attorney
2		can also inform himself of the
3		allegations. As I said before, these
4		may very well come via attorneys asking
5		questions arising from the submissions
6		in this Enquiry. So I would say that our
7		approach will be that the attorneys will
8		be allowed to put their questions and
9		concerns to FINSAC, but not that FINSAC
10		will be recalling or the Commission will
11		be recalling any witness that has come
12		here.
13	MR. MOODIE:	I am guided Chairman. While I am sure
14		that the Commission appreciates that I
15		can't speak to what advice or
16		representation may have been provided
17		before, but I can indicate that since my
18		firm has been retained I hope the
19		Commission notes that it is our
20		intention to address all of the
21		allegations and to address each case
22		where a debtor has come forward and made
23		allegations of impropriety, collusion or
24		corruption against FINSAC. And so it is
25		in that light that I raised the issue of

1		being able to cross-examine these
2		witnesses. But being guided by you, Mr
3		Chairman, I will certainly undertake
4		that we will be in a position to respond
5		to the issues as raised and if
6		necessary, where those issues are not
7		covered by the attorneys if we deem it
8		prudent upon review of the documents
9		which have come to our attention, I
10		would ask that the Commission allows us
11		to make a statement to be read into the
12		records in relation to those issues.
13	COMM. BOGLE:	That's right.
		-
14	MS. CLARKE:	I am sorry, Mr. Chairman, I would just
14 15	MS. CLARKE:	I am sorry, Mr. Chairman, I would just like to add one item that my friend, an
	MS. CLARKE:	
15	MS. CLARKE:	like to add one item that my friend, an
15 16	MS. CLARKE:	like to add one item that my friend, an important one, seems to have omitted
15 16 17	MS. CLARKE:	like to add one item that my friend, an important one, seems to have omitted when he spoke to the allegations and try
15 16 17 18	MS. CLARKE:	like to add one item that my friend, an important one, seems to have omitted when he spoke to the allegations and try to classify them in terms of
15 16 17 18 19	MS. CLARKE:	like to add one item that my friend, an important one, seems to have omitted when he spoke to the allegations and try to classify them in terms of allegations, of impropriety, collusion
15 16 17 18 19 20	MS. CLARKE:	like to add one item that my friend, an important one, seems to have omitted when he spoke to the allegations and try to classify them in terms of allegations, of impropriety, collusion or corruption. I believe one important
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MS. CLARKE:	like to add one item that my friend, an important one, seems to have omitted when he spoke to the allegations and try to classify them in terms of allegations, of impropriety, collusion or corruption. I believe one important concern, because I am not going to
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MS. CLARKE:	like to add one item that my friend, an important one, seems to have omitted when he spoke to the allegations and try to classify them in terms of allegations, of impropriety, collusion or corruption. I believe one important concern, because I am not going to elevate this now to the level of an

1		of record which is a matter that has
2		really troubled many of the debtors who
3		have approached this Commission in terms
4		of how their situation came to be
5		assessed, computed and dealt with based
6		on what records. So the integrity of
7		the record is one of the major concerns
8		of the debtors.
9	MR. GARCIA:	Two things, first thing, in the list
10		given by my friend Mr. Moodie, mention
11		was made of the fact of the relation to
12		DEBTOR1COMPANY and I just wanted to
13		indicate obviously Mr. Hylton was
14		cross-examined at some length yesterday
15		in relation to it and was able to be of
16		very limited assistance without the
17		benefit of that entire picture. I would
18		also wish the opportunity to be provided
19		to Mr. Hylton for him to be able to
20		review the clients found in relation to
21		that matter. That was one thing I
22		wished to raise.
23		The other is that I don't know when
24		exactly it is that Mr. Campbell is to be
25		available for cross-examination. I do

1		have one question arising from his
2		statement and I was wondering whether,
3		rather than wait until the period now
4		for cross-examination, whether I could
5		ask that one question at this time.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	You will be allowed to ask the question
7		as Mr. Campbell is here and Mr. Campbell
8		is available. However we are just
9		trying to sort out matters being brought
10		up, and yes we would request that FINSAC
11		make available information to
12		Mr. Patrick Hylton so that on his return
13		he is able to more adequately deal with
14		the matter.
15		I know that, and I suspect, I should not
16		say I know, I suspect that Mr. Levy
17		representing DEBTOR1COMPANY may very
18		well wish to examine Mr. Campbell.
19		However in the interim I would ask, as
20		Mr. Garcia requested that if FINSAC
21		could make available whatever documents,
22		copies of documents that Mr. Hylton may
23		require.
24	MR. MOODIE:	We undertake to provide them with copies
25		for inspection of all the documents.

1	COMM. BOGLE:	And I am just reminded that FINSAC was
2		previously asked to assist Mr. Hylton
3		with whatever information so it is just
4		a matter of housekeeping.
5	MR. MOODIE:	You have our undertaking to so do.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay. You mentioned yesterday that you
7		had some additional submissions that you
8		wished to take Mr. Campbell through.
9		Well, those would have been in relation
10		to the documents which came to our
11		attention through our search and access
12		yesterday. As I indicated those are the
13		documents which would allow us to
14		respond to the specific because I asked
15		Mr. Campbell to ensure that we were able
16		to you get to specific files in relation
17		to persons who have come forward. There
18		is some information which has come to my
19		attention but I would not want to go
20		into it without a full appreciation for
21		the entirety of the files. For example, there
22		are valuations which have come to my
		attention which speak to some of the
23		allegations as to properties being sold for
24		gross undervalue, etc., but I would

1		want to review the Minutes of the Credit
2		Committee and the Board decisions where
3		those valuations were put and decisions
4		were made. So what I have is document
5		where the various persons and debtors
6		been have been referenced but in order
7		to get a full appreciation of that I
8		would ask that those issues be
9		addressed, and that is what I addressed
10		the Commission about.
11	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Garcia, we will take your question.
12	MR. GARCIA:	Thank you, sir.
13		Mr. Campbell, my question relates to
14		paragraph 22 of your statement and there
15		you refer to FINSAC moving out of the
16		building on Oxford Road leaving all the
17		loans and collateral files for Dennis
18		Joslin Jamaica and I just wanted to
19		clarify whether it is correct that a
20		representative of FINSAC remained in the
21		offices of Dennis Joslin Jamaica and
22		whether that representative had access
23		to the files.
24	MR. CAMPBELL:	Yes, based on the various agreements
25		that FINSAC entered into with JRF and

1		Dennis Joslin Jamaica, there was a
2		requirement for a FINSAC representative
3		to be in the security rooms, security
4		department so that all collateral that
5		has been removed; whether they had been
6		sold or loans that had been repaid and
7		they released the collateral, released
8		the title, the FINSAC representative was
9		there to establish to verify all of that
10		and to authorize the removal of the
11		document.
12	Q:	And it is not simply a requirement on
13		paper, the person has been and still is
14		present?
15	A:	That is correct, even though they have
16		moved their office a little closer, we
17		still have our representative there.
18	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Campbell, the last time you were
19		here I inquired whether or not you had a
20		list of all the securities that were
21		transferred to JRF. At that time you
22		said there was not a list. We heard in
23		evidence, Mr. Hylton saying that there
24		should be a list and so I would ask you to,
		not necessarily reconsider your

1		answer that was given but rather that
2		you try to obtain that list, and also I
3		would like to see in addition to the
4		original list, some indication of the
5		type of reports that you received
6		monthly, or quarterly or daily or weekly
7		regarding the disposition of those
8		securities. I am not talking about now
9		the moneys that you are collecting, not
10		that part.
11	A:	We get a monthly report from our
12		officers at JRF but what it does, it
13		just tells us the property has been
14		released, it does not say it was
15		released, it has been sold for ten
16		dollars.
17	COMM. BOGLE:	What I am trying get at here is, List A
18		contains five hundred dollars security
19		and therefore I would like to see how
20		this is being accounted for because this
21		is a major aspect, I think, of the whole
22		agreement that FINSAC has with JRF to
23		the extent that FINSAC who pays the
24		persons that FINSAC has at JRF?
25	A:	FINSAC.

1	COMM. BOGLE:	And what really does that person do?
2		You have a person there full time doing
3		what?
4	A:	He is security custodian. He sits by
5		the door and ones per day we request a
6		piece of security and we pay that
7		person. Because I would imagine that
8		surely even now the request for security
9		would not be nine, ten, fifteen times
10		for the day. I am just wondering - I
11		understand the reason indeed why you put
12		that person there originally but I am
13		just wondering whether or not the
14		taxpayer - I am thinking here of the
15		taxpayer Because the cost of FINSAC is
16		on the taxpayer's purse because the
17		moneys that FINSAC receives from JRF
18		should go gross into the purse, but
19		because of the operational expenses of
20		FINSAC it does not go gross it goes net,
21		and so to the extent that we have
22		somebody sitting in JRF, paying that
23		person just to be a sort of policeman on
24		the securities, the movement of the
25		securities, and I am wondering whether

1		or not we are being efficient. Over the
2		period by now we should have developed
3		such a relationship and hopefully trust
4		with JRF, that if we have a list then on
5		a monthly basis JRF should say well,
6		okay, I have moved out these four items.
7		Now we at the same time have the right,
8		and when I say 'we', I am talking FINSAC
9		has the right to go into JRF on a
10		monthly, on a quarterly basis, whenever
11		we choose and have a physical check so
12		why do we really need at this stage to
13		be paying somebody to sit at the door?
14	MR. MOODIE:	Mr. Chairman, if I could before
15		Mr. Campbell elaborates, indicate that
16		FINSAC has a responsibility, and I don't
17		think it would be sufficient for FINSAC
18		to say we will put our trust in someone
19		else. We must fulfill our obligation
20		and our responsibility and I think to
21		that end, it is relevant that, as it
22		regards to security that there be some
23		actual level of control over those
24		securities; joint control though it may
25		be.

1 2	COMM. BOGLE:	<pre>I understand that, Mr. Moodie, but also and I said because the volume</pre>
3		everything is relative and I am saying
4		that the volume, I am sure the volume
5		today is far less than the volume eight
6		years ago and I am saying that if we
7		have an employee at FINSAC, somebody at
8		FINSAC is called by JRF to say tomorrow
9		morning can you come he said they are
10		very close now can you come and
11		release this document for us, it is much
12		less expensive for that person to go
13		across twice a week than for that person
14		to sit at the door of the temple. And
15		as I said it might not be - if you look
16		on the Terms of Reference, what I am
17		asking might not be listed there, I am
18		simply thinking about the taxpayer at
19 20	MR. CAMPBELL:	this time. I hear you Mr. Chairman, but my position
21		would be that while it maybe more cost
22		effective, as you have suggested, to
23		have somebody external, it may not be so
24		practical because there are times when
25		some urgent matters come up.

-		
1	COMM. BOGLE:	You are next door.
2	A:	I meant close to here. We are in
3		Vineyard Town and they are in New
4		Kingston.
5	COMM. BOGLE:	You have twelve members of staff.
6	A:	And they are otherwise engaged but I'll
7		raise the matter to my Board.
8	COMM. BOGLE:	I am simply looking to see whether or
9		not on it is cost effective.
10	A:	You mentioned the point of the list of
11		collateral. Now it might be mentioned
12		that we have a list of collaterals and
13		in the process of preparing the
14		securities, loans for sale we had copied
15		all the collateral and we had prepared
16		lists of them on CDs that were submitted
17		to prospective purchases. I have
18		actually identified one of the CDs which
19		was done in 2001, ten years ago and the
20		software now does not allow us to open
21		it. We are trying to get it opened and if
22		I am able I will provide it.
23	COMM. BOGLE:	You are challenged by technology.
24	A: MR. MOODIE:	Certainly.
25	A. M. MOODIE.	There is another list which I think the

1		Commission through the Secretariat had
2		requested from FINSAC, a list of all the
3		law suits which were brought by or
4		defended by FINSAC. We had some
5		assistance from the Jamaica
6		Redevelopment Foundation. At some
7		point, my instructions are , that all of
8		the matter were handed $over$ to the
9		Attorney General's chambers. We have not
10		yet had all the information we have
11		requested from Attorney General's
12		Chambers and I intend to request from
13		them today whether they are in a
14		position to advise us of all the law
15		suits that they know about.
16		Before you is a list of the attorneys
17		who have represented FINSAC. We also
18		will be writing to all of those
19		attorneys for a list of the suits that
20		they have handled and perhaps the
21		outcome. So we do intend to get that
22 23	COMM. BOGLE:	list to you as well. At this time then we will have our usual
24		ten-minutes break.
25		BREAK

1		On Resumption at 10:55 A.M.
2	COMM. BOGLE:	Ladies and gentlemen, this Enquiry is
3		now reconvened.
4		Mr. Campbell, please remember that you
5		are under oath. You said that you had
6		some documents, you want to present
7		them? I see Mr. Campbell has a big file
8		there he might want to get rid of those.
9	MR. MOODIE:	We actually delivered those documents to
10		the Secretariat, we handed them with a
11		list earlier, indicating what was
12		delivered, a list of Attorneys-at-Law
13		engaged and/or employed by FINSAC; the
14		list of debtors forgiven, those approved
15		and settled; the list of debtors
16		forgiven; those approved but not
17		settled; and the list of debtors
18		forgiven in terms of zero rated
19		interest.
20		We have also provided the Oversight
21		Committee minutes; the list of Forensic
22		Auditors and Reports; the Receiver Reports
23		for the various loan accounts and as I
24		indicated to you previously, the FINSAC
		Limited Oversight Committee

1		Minutes. Those documents were handed to
2		Mr. DePeralto this morning.
3	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Campbell, after the transfer of, the
4		sale and/or transfer of debtors, loans
5		and securities to JRF, FINSAC retained
6		certain accounts, did they, or did they
7 8	MR. CAMPBELL:	transfer all? There were some exempted accounts which
9		FINSAC retained.
10	COMM. BOGLE:	Can you tell us why?
11	A:	Government related loans and loans for
12		some of the entities that were taken
13		over. So that there were some Ciboney
14		loans; there were some Sugar Company
15		loans: There were some loans from some
16		of the Century related entities; just
17		those types.
18	COMM. BOGLE:	But no loan had been retained for any
19		regular debtor company also?
20	A:	No but having said that we have a few.
21		We had sold them to building societies
22		but the collateral was not perfected and
23		they have since returned them so we have
24		about ten or thereabouts.
25	COMM. BOGLE:	And what are you proposing to do with

1		those if they are problems?
2	A:	Some of the persons are paying but we
3		are collecting the money. It is just
4		that their collateral were not perfected
5		so the building society would not have
6		taken them. We are addressing them.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	How are you addressing the debts of
8		those government entities and other
9		entities that you have retained that
10		were not transferred to JRF?
11	A:	The debts for the Sugar Company have
12		since been repaid.
13	COMM. BOGLE:	I thought you were about to say written
14		off. I saw a sort of - you do not
15		normally stammer.
16	A:	I do actually, Mr. Chairman, I do.
17		Appropriate arrangements were made for
18		the settlement of the debts.
19	COMM. BOGLE:	Would you like to enlighten us as to the
20		nature of the appropriate arrangement?
21	A:	It was an arrangement between - that
22		involved the Ministry of Finance. I
23		don't know the finer details, Mr.
24		Chairman, but the debts were repaid and
25		from FINSAC's point of view, the debt

1		capital was where the matter was
2		reflected.
3	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay. You mentioned that
4	A:	There are just two others, if you just
5		allow me to comment on that. In
6		relation to Ciboney, the Ciboney
7		property in Ocho Rios was sold some
8		years ago and most of the proceeds of
9		the sale was applied to repay the
10		principal portion of the loan and it is
11		just the interest portion that remains
12		outstanding. No further interest is
13		accruing on that and it is expected that
14		in time when Ciboney sells the property
15		it has out in Westmoreland that the rest
16		of the money will be repaid then.
17	COMM. BOGLE:	When Ciboney sells the property?
18	A:	It is Ciboney, it is just that FINSAC
19		owns the majority of the shares so
20		FINSAC is dealing with it, yes.
21	COMM. BOGLE:	So therefore, apart from those, FINSAC
22		did not retain any loans?
23	A:	No.
24	COMM. BOGLE:	And the only properties
25	A:	Sorry there is one loan for Jamaica

1		Agriculture Society as well it was
2		government related.
3	COMM. BOGLE:	We'll leave that under government. So
4		therefore FINSAC did not retain any
5		security other than related to those
6		particular entities or loans?
7	A:	That is correct.
8	COMM. BOGLE:	During the periods of intervention just
9		about when FINSAC was taking over or
10		intervening in the banks or financial
11		institutions, would there have been any
12		large or small write offs of loans that
13		did not make the grade into FINSAC? Let
14		me repeat. FINSAC intervened in the
15		organization but before FINSAC actually
16		acquired the non-performing loans of
17		such institutions were there any write
18		offs or forgiveness of debts in those
19		institutions?
20	A:	I really cannot speak to that, Mr.
21		Chairman. I certainly was not involved
22		in anyway with that sort of thing.
23	COMM. BOGLE:	And none of the records of FINSAC would
24		indicate something like that I am sure.
25	A:	I hardly think so because those would be

1		written off before they were taken over
2		by FINSAC.
3	COMM. BOGLE:	I said after FINSAC had intervened or
4		FIS or Recon or Refin?
5	A:	I don't see what records we have there
6		have that information in there, Mr.
7		Chairman.
8	COMM. BOGLE:	It really would be interesting to
9		establish, as I said, whether or not
10		once Recon or Refin had intervened
11		whether there were any write offs or
12		forgiveness of debts before the
13		non-performing loan portfolio was
14		transferred to FINSAC, if you could find
15		any information on that?
16	A:	Sure.
17	COMM. ROSS:	The Century National depositors,
18		Mr. Campbell, can you remember if all of
19		them were paid out of the current
20		accounts and deposits accounts
21		depositors?
22	A:	No, all the depositors weren't paid out
23		because some have not even submitted a
24		claim for the money. The balance sheet
25		of FIS has a liability for some

1		depositors still. Everybody is entitled
2		to their money. Most of them have
3		claimed but there are some who haven't
4		so there is still a deposit liability in
5		the accounts at FIS.
6	COMM. ROSS:	So if there were a depositor out there
7		who had an account at Century, they
8		could approach FIS at the moment or
9		FINSAC and claim on that deposit?
10	A:	Yes. We hope they will provide us
11		enough proof to say that they had this
12		account, yes.
13	COMM. ROSS:	What sort of proof would you be looking
14		for?
15	A:	Maybe a passbook or some other evidence
16		like it is a fixed deposit and they have
17		the original certificate of deposit.
18	COMM. ROSS:	And current account, what would be
19		required?
20	A:	Well, as I say, Mr. Chairman, we haven't
21		seen any request. In fact the last time
22		we did an advertisement was probably
23		about two years ago asking for persons
24		who might have had deposits in Century
25		National Bank to come forward and at

1		that time there were only about five or
2		six persons who responded, totaling
3		about ten thousand dollars that we had
4		to pay out. So we really don't know
5		where the other persons are.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	Just a follow up on that particular
7		question - go ahead.
8	COMM. ROSS:	Could you give us some idea the amount,
9		the quantity of money that is being held
10		at the moment for that purpose.
11	A:	It is about 170 million.
12	COMM. ROSS:	So it's a significant amount of money?
13	A:	Yes.
14	COMM. BOGLE:	You said that about two years ago the
15		information was published, what
16		information?
17	A:	I said the last time we advertised to
18		ask persons who would have had accounts
19		with Century to come forward to make a
20		claim.
21	Q:	It is customary in the commercial banks
22		I know, that after an account is dormant
23		for some length of time that the
24		commercial bank would publish a list.
25		Wouldn't it have been much more helpful

1		if FIS published a list? My mother
2		might have had an account there. She's
3		now dead. I didn't know about it but
4		because I see her name I can now
5		investigate it and probably get proof
6		that it is hers. So I think if FIS
7		really wants these persons to claim then
8		FIS should list names of the persons as
9		do the commercial banks?
10	A:	I see the point, Mr. Chairman.
11	COMM. ROSS:	One other question relating to Century.
12		Was there a set of assets or depositors
13		accounts versus loans I mean there
14		would have been people when the bank was
15		taken over who might have had overdrafts
16		or loans of one sort or the other, but
17		they might also have had deposits. Was
18		there any set off of one versus the
19		other or was there a freezing of, say,
20		deposits until liabilities were
21		honoured? How are those people in that
22		situation treated?
23	A:	I was not involved directly with that
24		Mr. Commissioner, and I haven't seen any
25		files that speak specifically to it, but

1		my understanding is that in cases where
2		there were deposits and there were loans
3		in the exact name then there was a set
4		off.
5	COMM. ROSS:	Would that set off have been done
6		immediately or is done after some time?
7	A:	You are asking questions that you are
8		asking me also to speculate on. As I
9		said I wasn't involved directly so I
10		don't really know the specifics and I
11		have not found any files that spoke
12		directly to it.
13	COMM. ROSS:	Were depositors' accounts, or was
14		interest accrued on depositor' accounts
15		that were frozen? Somebody had a CD or
16		savings account, did they continue to
17		earn interest on those accounts while
18		the bank was under temporary management
19		or did that stop?
20	A:	Interest was paid up to the day of the
21		intervention, no further interest was
22		paid after that.
23	COMM. ROSS:	But interest was still charged to the
24		borrower?
25	A:	And so it was, sir.

1	COMM. BOGLE:	To follow up on that, you are saying
2		that the moneys that FIS has, hundred
3		and odd million dollars, if any person
4		came forward now, would they be paid
5		interests on that?
6	A:	No.
7	COMM. ROSS:	The moneys at FIS, this particular
8		money, is it invested?
9	A:	The truth of the matter is we don't have
10		the cash, it is just the liability
11		there. So it is not like we have the
12		money sitting down in a savings account
13		earning interest.
14	COMM. BOGLE:	So what do you have to back up that
15		because a liability should be backed up
16		by something.
17	A:	It is one of the many liabilities of
18		government, that the government will
19		honour if and when the claim comes
20		forward. As you mentioned earlier, Mr.
21		Chairman, the net cash that is generated
22		by both FINSAC and FIS are paid to
23		government. So we wouldn't have a
24		hundred and seventy million dollars
25		sitting down when the Consol Fund needs

1		some money to run government related
2		business. So if the claim were to come
3		now for payment of 170 million, we will
4		make representation for the moneys to be
5		made available.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	So if we look on the balance sheet of
7		FIS we will see the liability of the
8		hundred and odd million?
9	A:	Yes.
10	COMM. BOGLE:	And the corresponding asset would be
11		Government of Jamaica?
12	A:	It is there somewhere, Mr. Chairman.
13	COMM. BOGLE:	Pardon me. I didn't hear what you said.
14	A:	I do not have a copy of the balance
15		sheet. Maybe when next time I come I'll
16		take one for you.
17	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Campbell! Mr. Campbell! Mr.
18		Campbell! Don't tell me that you can't
19		remember in rough what is on the FIS
20		balance sheet.
21	A:	I really cannot. if you ask me about
22		FINSAC maybe I could tell you.
23	COMM. BOGLE:	You are a Director of FIS, are you?
24	A:	No.
25	COMM. BOGLE:	You are not. But do you administer the

1		portfolio of the company FIS?
2	A:	Yes.
3	COMM. BOGLE:	And therefore the balance sheet would
4		pass through you, you would see them?
5	A:	Absolutely.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	And I am sure they are in your office,
	COFM. BOGLE.	
7		copies are in your office.
8	A:	Sure.
9	COMM. BOGLE:	But you haven't looked at them in a long
10		while?
11	A:	No, I wouldn't say that. Actually we
12		are in the process of starting the audit
13		for the year to March 2011.
14	COMM. BOGLE:	And therefore you do not get a
15		preliminary report or anything to
16		indicate. Something as major as that -
17		I am not really nit picking but I am
18		just saying something as major as that I
19		mean if there is as liability of
20		\$170-odd million then one would expect
21		that there is some asset and I simply
22		trying to find out what is the
23		corresponding asset to this or really
24		whether or not we should pray and hope
25		that nobody comes forward and writes it

1		off. I am just trying to find out.
2	A:	Mr. Chairman, like I said, it is a
3		liability of the government and if it
4		needs to be satisfied then appropriate
5		arrangements will be made to address
6		that.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	You have Government Paper to back it up?
8	A:	No we do not.
9	COMM. BOGLE:	So we have a one-sided balance sheet;
10		liability, no asset. I mean it is
11		important you know, I think it is
12		important.
13	A:	Mr. Chairman, may I suggest
14	COMM. BOGLE:	On your return you will bring it.
15	A:	In fact, the Commission had asked me to
16		provide copies of financial statements
17		for FINSAC and FIS and we provided
18		copies of statements up to March, 2006.
19		And in fact the Commission had asked me
20		to provide copies of my receipts of
21		financial statements for FINSAC and FIS
22		and we provided copies of statements up
23		to March 2006.
24	COMM BOGLE:	You see, one of the things is, when we
25		ask for documents we expect that persons

1		who provide us with those documents will
2		if necessary, come to the Commission and
3		answer to those documents. So
4		therefore, if that is a document that
5		you have already provided to us then we
6		are asking you questions which you must
7		answer and so finding that you do not
8		remember then we take that on your
9		return you will have answer to that.
10	A:	Sure. I will actually go on to say that
11		on my return I will be able to provide
12		copies of financial statements for both
13		FINSAC and FIS for those additional four
14		years March 2007 to April 2010. So I
15		will give you a clear picture.
16	COMM BOGLE:	And then you will still be asked to
17		answer the questions.
18	A:	By then I will have the financial
19		statement right in front of me I could
20 21	COMM BOGLE:	refer to it. A problem that has come to this
22		Commission and as I am sure the attorneys
23		will possibly ask that question of you and I
24		am hoping that you will be able to answer
		because it's

1		troubling, and that is one of providing
2		information. Quite a number of persons
3		have come here and have expressed that
4		they have tried on many occasions to get
5		information. I know that Miss Clarke
6		mentioned about the quality of
7		information. I am simple talking about
8		the information whether good, bad or
9		indifferent quality. But many persons
10		have come and say time and time again
11		they have requested a statements of
12		their account, they would get a letter
13		or something giving a balance and you
14		and I know that a balance is not a
15		statement. I am just wondering what
16		mechanism was or in FINSAC to provide
17		borrowers with adequate detailed
18		statements of their accounts. Can you
19		explain to us the process or something?
20	A:	I suspect that some of these borrowers
21		probably mean JRF when they say FINSAC.
22	COMM BOGLE:	I am talking about FINSAC now, JRF is
23		different.
24	A:	The accounting system that FINSAC had
25		didn't as a matter of course, provide a

1		statement so invariably when a statement
2		was required it meant doing some
3		calculation or providing something on an
4		Excel spreadsheet form. And as I
5		mentioned earlier I didn't deal directly
6		with any of these accounts but imagine a
7		lot of the calculations would have been
8		done on the spreadsheets presented in
9		that sort of way.
10	COMM BOGLE:	So you are saying that FINSAC took over
11		these loans had them, some of them two
12		years or three years or even one year
13		before the sale to Jamaica Redevelopment
14		Foundation (JRF)?
15 16	A: COMM BOGLE:	Right. They were adding on interest on what
17		basis, how did they do the calculations,
18		what mechanism did they use? Somebody in
19		back room seemed to take a pen and paper
20		and start to calculate or what it is?
21		Because you see, if a debtor gets in
22		touch with FINSAC and say well, I note
23		your letter to be on 'x' date stating
24		that I owe 'x' amount and that letter
25		communicated to FINSAC and say all

4		communication be directly or through his
1		attorney to say well, I would like to receive
2		a detailed statement. But after two, three,
3		
4		four, five, six, ten months no statement is
5		forthcoming but on the other hand, the debtor
		receives another letter stating that the debt
6		has now moved from what it was at 'x' when they
7		9 requested the statement to now 'y' but
		10 still the debtor can't get any
11		statement. Just like we have seen
12		letters to the effect from persons here
13		indicating that, I wrote to you on such
14		and such a date and to date I have still
15		not why was there such a problem in
16		providing debtors with statements?
17		Because a debtor, if a debtor is to go
18		to the bank or goes to assess whether or
19		not the debt is through or prepare their
20		own financial statement, they need to
21		know what is the balance and how the
22		balance is arrived at and so on. So I am
23		a bit at a lost to find out why. So
24		maybe you can enlighten me.
25	A:	I really cannot much Mr. Chairman, I

1		really do not know as I said, I
2		didn't deal directly with the debtors
3		and I would have expected that, yes, the
4		system does not provide a statement that
5		you can print but we can print a section
6		of the account that shows all the
7		transactions and can do a spreadsheet
8		and I know for sure that some
9		spreadsheets were done but as to why
10		statements would not have been provided
11		I cannot speak to that. I would imagine
12		persons must have gotten statements.
13	COMM BOGLE:	Yesterday or when Mr. Hylton gave
14		evidence
15	A:	May I just say one other thing quickly.
16		And you were asking how the rates were
17		charged earlier, interest was only
18		charged on the principal amount.
19	COMM BOGLE:	I understand. I am not at that point as
20		yet.
21	A:	We can okay, oak.
22	COMM BOGLE:	Mr. Hylton gave evidence that he was
23		wasn't involved in day to day
24		operations, he was at the policy and so
25		on, one has got to accept that. You are

1		now saying that well, you don't know
2		either about this. So who at FINSAC
3		should we call? Give us a name, we will
4		call the person you know, because these
5		are things that must be answered. So if
6		Mr. Hylton is saying no, at my had level
7		I would not be involved in such things.
8		You are saying well, you really can't
9		answer that because you really don't
10		know why that should be so. But I am
11		saying that persons have comeall I am
12		saying is that, was there a system that
13		would allow for the debtor to able to
14		get if you don't know, is there
15		somebody in FINSAC that we should have
16		ask to come to tell us why or how this
17		was done.
18	A:	I can make two points in relation to
19		that, Mr. Chairman. One is that the
20		system was that a calculation would be
21		provided by Excel so the officer were
22		expected to do that. Now if these
23		particular statement the debtors, they
24		are saying that they requested and they
25		didn't get I could probably research

1		their file because JRF has kindly given
2		access to their files so we could
3		provide their files and see if copies of
4		those statements were presented to them.
5	COMM. ROSS:	And this follow up question Mr. Campbell
6		would be, why didn't FINSAC maintain at
7		least the legacy ID systems from the
8		institutions that they took over because
9		surely those systems would have been
10		able to track transactions and generate
11		reports, statements.
12	A:	No actually FINSAC introduced a new
13		system which is probably up to date than
14		what some of those banks had. ICBS, I
15		don't remember what ICBS stands for, I
16		don't remember exactly what it stands
17		-
18		for but certainly, more up to date than
		some of what would have been in the
19		legacy banks.
20	COMM. ROSS:	Mr. Campbell, I mean really now.
21	A:	No, no
22	COMM. ROSS:	Every bank that I know of produces
23		statements which they send to their
24		clients on a monthly basis, at least. Now
		I can't imagine that they have

1		hundreds of people sitting down
2		generating Excel spreadsheets to send
3		out this information.
4	A:	It would not have been difficult
5		because in a number of cases there is
6		only one transaction per month, one
7		payment that is being made.
8	COMM. ROSS:	One out of five hundred? I really can't
9		accept that. You have a more superior
10		system that cannot generate statements
11		of accounts for a client or for a
12		client's account.
13	COMM BOGLE:	No, I think Mr. Campbell, we seem to be
14		talking about two different things
15		Because you said, Excel spreadsheets,
16		when Mr. Ross said, but you could have
17		retained one of the systems you said you
18		have a better system. So the Excel
19		spreadsheet, we are talking about the
20		statement, we are talking about getting
21		statements to debtors. That's what we
22		are dealing with. The question was why
23		couldn't we? You said there was a really
24		no system, I mean persons would sit down
25		and work it out or they would use Excel

1		spreadsheets, that's Microsoft Excel.
2		Now Mr. Ross, has said why didn't you
3		just retain one of the systems of one of
4		the intervened institutions? You then
5		said, oh we did better than that, we
6		have the ICBS system. So my question is
7		therefore, why couldn't this superior
8		system provide persons with statements
9		on demand?
10	A:	Mr. Chairman, I am aware that we
11		started; when we started the NPL with
12		the loan system that was at Century
13		National Bank, with something named LDM,
14		Loan Demand Management but within a
15		short space of time it was malfunctioned
16		so we had to remove to something else.
17		So that's why I had said something more
18		superior that we introduced and this was
19		done like in October or September 1999.
20		Now, it may have been that the decision
21		was taken not to use, not to activate
22		that particular functionality and
23		providing statements because we were
24		capturing the transactions that were
25		listed, interest was being charged on

1		the principal balances and that is what
2		we relied on.
3	COMM BOGLE:	Did FINSACgo ahead, Mr. Garcia.
4	MR. GARCIA:	I am sorry sir, to interrupt because my
5		interruption actually relates to a query
6		sir, that you raised a few moments ago
7		and not to the specific point that you
8		are on now but I wanted to do so before
9		we got further away from it.
10	MR. MOODIE:	Commissioner, I had asked counsel
11		permission just to introduce
12		Mr. Christopher Samuda, who is joining
13		us on the record, from the firm of
14		Samuda and Johnson representation FINSAC
15		as well. Sorry Mr. Garcia.
16	MR. GARCIA:	I think you asked a question about
17		relevant personnel who were at FINSAC
18		whose names could be provided and who
19		might appropriately be called in
20		relation to other issues and perhaps is
21		creating a difficulty at this point. And
22		I just wanted to point out that I had
23		written to the Commission on the 24th of
24		March, and in that letter I had set out
25		a list of the in-house attorneys and the

1		senior non-performing Loan Officers. It
2		seems to me that, that letter
3		categorically would be relevant once at
4		FINSAC during the relevant period. The
5		commission in response to that letter on
6		25th of March indicated that it reserves
7		the right to determine the witness that
8		will be called. But it seems to me that
9		the issue that I had then raised is very
10		much before you at this point.
11	COMM BOGLE:	I remember that communication very well,
12		Mr. Garcia.
13	Miss CLARKE:	Before you move on the point Mr.
14		Chairman, I have moved a little ahead but
15		there was something said and I believe
16		the witnesses who have come to me would
17		want me to drive home a certain point.
18		Mr Chairman, you said that the witness
19		will be approaching on the basis of
20		wanting perhaps to pay off their loans
21		or just to verify a ball figure which
22		was given. It must be noted based on the
23		approaches of these witnesses that many
24		of them might have approached for the
25		simple purpose of being able to defend a

1		lawsuit and the failure of this data as
2		we have seen it, has put them in a
3		position where there are now judgments
4		against them because for all practical
5		purposes, they have no database upon
6		which to say I did not owe this sum or
7		this sum is excessive or I paid off
8		because there are some gaps in time in
9		terms of even their receipts that they
10		retained, that without this detailed
11		statement they could not even make a
12		meaningful approach to the court. Some
13		of them are now as we have seen even
14		exposed to prison from where we see it
15 16	COMM BOGLE:	now. All right Miss Clarke, you are dealing
17		with specifics and I take it that when
18		you are doing your
19	MS CLARKE:	A general point sir.
20	COMM BOGLE:	I take it that when you are doing your
21		notes you will. I am seeking and trying
22		to get an understanding of what obtained
23		and Mr. Garcia mentioned and I do
24		remember the communication Mr. Garcia,
25		regarding that matter. However, in view

1		of the fact that you represent
2		Mr. Hylton and Mr. Hylton really is no
3		longer at FINSAC I think it is correct
4		for Mr. Campbell if he is not able to
5		answer the questions as I put to him,
6		and it is not in any written policy or
7		written form then someone at FINSAC
8		should, and he is the best person to say
9		at this time who should come to this
10		Enquiry and explain and provide the
11		information. So I do know of the
12		communication but as I said Mr. Campbell
13		is here, we put two questions to
14		Mr. Campbell and if it has to do with
15		FINSAC and he cannot point us to a
16		document or quote from a document
17		indicating what obtained then somebody
18		at FINSAC must know what obtained and
19		therefore, such person should be called
20		if necessary, or Mr. Campbell should
21		have words with such person to get the
22		information so that it can be passed on
23		to this Enquiry.
24	MR. MOODIE:	Could I ask for some clarity Mr.
25		Chairman? What you are requiring is for

1		Mr. Campbell to indicate who he assigned
2 3	COMM BOGLE:	particular loan files to? No, that's not the question. I had asked
4		Mr. Campbell why is it that persons
5		requested statements and it was so
6		difficult for them to get the
7		statements? Mr. Campbell tried to
8		explain that well, there was really no
9		set system however, persons could
10		calculate and work out the balances and
11		in some cases they possibly use
12		spreadsheets but he cannot answer as to
13		why they had difficulty receiving
14		statements.
15	MR. MOODIE:	Or if he is saying he had those
16		difficulties receiving those statements
17		I think he would have expected.
18	COMM BOGLE:	He said that he would have expected but
19		he doesn't know and he clearly did not
20		manage the area that was responsible for
21		sending out statements when the request
22		came because if he had managed that
23		section then I would imagine he would
24		know when the request came in and that
25		he would be able to say definitively

1		that when requests came that he ensured
2		that such statements went out. So I am
3		therefore saying to him that if that is
4		so then it is up to him to get that
5		information from the person at FINSAC as
6		to why or alternatively, he may indicate
7		to this Commission the name of the
8		person at FINSAC who can provide the
9		information and the Commission will
10		request such person to attend.
11	MR. MOODIE:	But as I indicated Chairman, what we
12		intend to do is to go through the
13		documents in respect of those persons
14		who have alleged that they have not
15		received statements, we certainly will
16		look through all those documents to see
17		whether that is verified and that
18		evidence will be put therefore before
19		the Commission, Mr. Chairman.
20	COMM BOGLE:	Mr. Moodie, I am not talking specific
21		persons I am talking in general what
22		policy was in place to provide these
23		statements to debtors. I am not talking
24		about DEBTOR8 or DEBTOR6 or
25		anybody, I am talking about what policy,

1 2	what procedure was in place at FINSAC
3 4	to provide persons with statements. That is
5 6	really what I want to know, not any specific
7 8	data. The attorneys or you may deal with the
9 10	specifics. I am simply trying to find out why
11	it is so many persons indicated that they had
12	difficulty obtaining statements and
13	therefore I expect FINSAC to be able to say
14	not so because each time a request came in
15	we provided them with statements. This is
16	what I expect to hear from FINSAC and if that
17	is so, Mr. Campbell is saying well he is not
18	sure. And so, this is where the question to
19	Mr. Campbell is if he is not sure will we get
20	details of the policy or will he get the
21	person who is in charge of that policy to come
22	to the Commission so that the Commission
23	you see these are things that run right
24	across the number of persons and so it is the
25	policy that I am looking at not the
	individual cases, all right.
	So Mr. Campbell, you have the option to

1		obtain the information on the policy
2		regarding provision of statements to
3		debtors to the Commission; to obtain the
4		policy or to indicate to us the name of
5		a person at FINSAC and we could get in
6		touch with them and ask them to come and
7		provide that information, the
8		information we need.
9	A:	The name of a person at FINSAC or who
10		used to be at FINSAC?
11	COMM BOGLE:	Somebody at FINSAC should know, we have
12		twelve persons at FINSAC, somebody at
13		FINSAC should know.
14	A:	I will endeavour to research the records
15		Mr. Chairman, and have the information
16		brought to the Commission.
17	COMM BOGLE:	As to what obtained.
18	A:	As to what obtained.
19	COMM BOGLE:	Thank you very much.
20	COMM. ROSS:	Mr. Campbell, on the matter of
21		litigation, could you tell us a little
22		bit about the process that was used to
23		decide what action to take and against
24		whom with regard to the intervened
25		institutions and owners or managers of

1		those institutions. I know that there
2		have been a number of suites against
3		either owners or senior personnel and I
4		just wondered if you could give us a
5		little idea as to how the decisions were
6		taken and what action to take and
7		against whom.
8	A:	It's a pity you didn't ask this question
9		yesterday, Mr. Commissioner. I really
10		wasn't involved directly with that. My
11		understanding from the files was that
12		after intervention and the auditors went
13		in it was determined that there was some
14		amount of mismanagement and as a result
15		the decision was taken to sue the former
16		CEOs, Chairmen. Those are the people
17		you are talking about right now.
18	COMM. ROSS:	You are saying Mismanagement
19	A:	But that is the reported information
20		based on what I have seen in the files
21		yes, and lack of fiduciary duty. Those
22		were the main reasons for the suites;
23		Mismanagement and lack of fiduciary
24		duty.
25	MR. MOODIE:	Can I ask Mr. Campbell, would FINSAC

1		have received legal advice on those
2		duties?
3	A:	Absolutely.
4	COMM. ROSS:	We have to try and understand you know
5		well, you see you are saying it
6		wasn't based necessarily on criminal
7		actions or illegal actions, it was
8		really based as you say, mismanagement
9		or bad judgment.
10	A:	Lack of fiduciary duty.
11	COMM. ROSS:	The difference between mismanagement and
12		lack of fiduciary duty.
13	A:	Those are the two issues, yes.
14	COMM. ROSS:	So in other words, if the Board
15		determined that somebody made a decision
16		that cost the institution some money or
17		didn't work out that would be instead
18		the basis for suites? I am also
19		wondering about the interests, who were
20		they suing on behalf of? These actions
21		were taking place before FINSAC took
22		over the institutions?
23	A:	Well, there were three suits like that.
24		One for Blaise, one for Century and one
25		for Eagle. And as I mentioned in my

1		statement Financial Institutions Services
2		(FIS) was formed initially to take over
3		the operation of Blaise and after the
4		projects the auditors did their thing
5		and it was determined that actions
6		should be taken against the Chairman,
7		the former Chairman and so they didn't.
8		And similarly FIS took action against
9		the former Chairman of Century National
10		Bank.
11	COMM. ROSS:	Were these the only banks that were
12		judged on being mismanaged?
13	A:	I cannot speak to that, those are the
14		ones which suits were taken out against
15		and also Eagle.
16	COMM. ROSS:	Do you know who? Could help us to
17		answer that question?
18	A:	Perhaps the former Managing Director.
19	COMM. ROSS:	Certainly I will address Mr. Hylton when
20		he returns, but I think it's a very
21		interesting and important point that
22		should certainly expect some
23		inconsistency in the actions taken. And
24		while I find mismanagement a strange
25		sort of cause of action if it is, then

1		certainly one would expect to be applied
2		across the Board.
3	A:	I cannot speak much to that,
4		Mr. Commissioner.
5	COMM BOGLE:	I am continuing on my general area and
6		this is part of the Terms of Reference
7		of this Commission that we look at how
8		the debtors were treated and look at the
9		management of FINSAC. I just looked
10		awhile ago to ensure that I write it
11		down before. Now when debtors balances
12		et cetera, et cetera, were taken over
13		and their non-performing loans were
14		acquired from institutions this
15		question might have been asked of me
16		before but can you explain in as much
17		detail as you possibly can what was
18		done? And I think that question was put
19		to Mr. Hylton and he said well, that is
20		not operational and I can understand
21		that. What was done to prove those
22		debts? What was done to proof those
23		debts? In other words, you have taken
24		over my debts from National Commercial
25		Bank or from Eagle or from Century, what

1		steps were taken by FINSAC to satisfy
2		FINSAC itself of the balances that they
3		were taking over were correct balances?
4		Because it's from that FINSAC now starts
5		to accrue additional interest and as
6		such requested that persons repay
7		principal plus additional interest. So
8		can you take us through the process,
9		please.
10	A:	You are right Mr. Chairman, that
11		question was asked of me already. The
12		position is, I cannot speak definitively
13		to that, I never dealt directly with the
14		accounts. My understanding is that the
15		officers would comb through the files
16		based on statements that we have seen
17		and on that basis they wrote the
18		balances given. If however and they
19		advised the debtors that we have a
20		balance here from let's say Citizens
21		Bank and Citizens tells us that you owed
22		them 350,000 in principal 200,000 in
23		interest, 550,000. Now, we write to this
24		debtor and say to him, FINSAC has now
25		acquired this debt, they owe us this

		money, come in, talk to me and let us see how
2 3		you will arrange to pay. Now, if the debtor
4 5		has a problem with the fact that FINSAC said
6 7		the balance is 550, a further detailed check
8 9		will be made through the file and if he can
10		provide evidence of any disparity in the
11		balances at that point the officer would
12		report to me and I in turn write to the bank
13		asking them for any clarification or any
14		evidence otherwise. But failing that we work
15		with 550 as was presented. If you recall you
		had 20,000 accounts so it is not like we do
		individual checks on each one.
		16
		17 A: And in fact the Commission had
18		asked me to provide copies of my receipts of
19		financial statements for FINSAC and FIS
20		and we provided copies of statements up
21		to March 2006.
22	COMM BOGLE:	You see, one of the things is, when we
23		ask for documents we expect that persons
24		who provide us with those documents will
25		if necessary, come to the Commission and

1		answer to those documents. So
2		therefore, if that is a document that
3		you have already provided to us then we
4		are asking you questions which you must
5		answer and so finding that you do not
6		remember then we take that on your
7		return you will have answer to that.
8	A:	Sure. I will actually go on to say that
9		on my return I will be able to provide
10		copies of financial statements for both
11		FINSAC and FIS for those additional four
12		years March 2007 to April 2010. So I
13		will give you a clear picture.
14	COMM BOGLE:	And then you will still be asked to
15		answer the questions.
16	A:	By then I will have the financial
17		statement right in front of me I could
18		refer to it.
19	COMM BOGLE:	A problem that has come to this
20		Commission and as I am sure the
21		attorneys will possibly ask that
22		question of you and I am hoping that you
23		will be able to answer because it's
24		troubling, and that is one of providing
25		information. Quite a number of persons

1		have come here and have expressed that
2		they have tried on many occasions to get
3		information. I know that Miss Clarke
4		mentioned about the quality of
5		information. I am simple talking about
6		the information whether good, bad or
7		indifferent quality. But many persons
8		have come and say time and time again
9		they have requested a statements of
10		their account, they would get a letter
11		or something giving a balance and you
12		and I know that a balance is not a
13		statement. I am just wondering what
14		mechanism was or in FINSAC to provide
15		borrowers with adequate detailed
16		statements of their accounts. Can you
17		explain to us the process or something?
18	A:	I suspect that some of these borrowers
19		probably mean JRF when they say FINSAC.
20	COMM BOGLE:	I am talking about FINSAC now, JRF is
21		different.
22	A:	The accounting system that FINSAC had
23		didn't as a matter of course, provide a
24		statement so invariably when a statement
25		was required it meant doing some

1		calculation or providing something on an
2		Excel spreadsheet form. And as I
3		mentioned earlier I didn't deal directly
4		with any of these accounts but imagine a
5		lot of the calculations would have been
6		done on the spreadsheets presented in
7		that sort of way.
8	COMM BOGLE:	So you are saying that FINSAC took over
9		these loans had them, some of them two
10		years or three years or even one year
11		before the sale to Jamaica Redevelopment
12		Foundation (JRF)?
13	A:	Right.
14	COMM BOGLE:	They were adding on interest on what
	COINT DOGEL.	iney were adding on interest on what
15	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations,
15 16	COLLI DOGLE.	
	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations,
16	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations, what mechanism did they use? Somebody in
16 17	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations, what mechanism did they use? Somebody in back room seemed to take a pen and paper
16 17 18	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations, what mechanism did they use? Somebody in back room seemed to take a pen and paper and start to calculate or what it is?
16 17 18 19	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations, what mechanism did they use? Somebody in back room seemed to take a pen and paper and start to calculate or what it is? Because you see, if a debtor gets in
16 17 18 19 20	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations, what mechanism did they use? Somebody in back room seemed to take a pen and paper and start to calculate or what it is? Because you see, if a debtor gets in touch with FINSAC and say well, I note
16 17 18 19 20 21	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations, what mechanism did they use? Somebody in back room seemed to take a pen and paper and start to calculate or what it is? Because you see, if a debtor gets in touch with FINSAC and say well, I note your letter to be on 'x' date stating
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	COLLI DOGLE.	basis, how did they do the calculations, what mechanism did they use? Somebody in back room seemed to take a pen and paper and start to calculate or what it is? Because you see, if a debtor gets in touch with FINSAC and say well, I note your letter to be on 'x' date stating that I owe 'x' amount and that letter

1		receive a detailed statement. But after two,
		three, four, five, six, ten months no
2		statement is forthcoming but on the other
3		
4		hand, the debtor receives another letter
5		stating that the debt has now moved from what
		it was at 'x' when they
7		requested the statement to now 'y' but
8		still the debtor can't get any
9		statement. Just like we have seen
10		letters to the effect from persons here
11		indicating that, I wrote to you on such
12		and such a date and to date I have still
13		not why was there such a problem in
14		providing debtors with statements?
15		Because a debtor, if a debtor is to go
16		to the bank or goes to assess whether or
17		not the debt is through or prepare their
18		own financial statement, they need to
19		know what is the balance and how the
20		balance is arrived at and so on. So I am
21		a bit at a lost to find out why. So
22		maybe you can enlighten me.
23	A:	I really cannot much Mr. Chairman, I
24		really do not know as I said, I
25		didn't deal directly with the debtors

1		and I would have expected that, yes, the
2		system does not provide a statement that
3		you can print but we can print a section
4		of the account that shows all the
5		transactions and can do a spreadsheet
6		and I know for sure that some
7		spreadsheets were done but as to why
8		statements would not have been provided
9		I cannot speak to that. I would imagine
10 11	COMM BOGLE:	persons must have gotten statements. Yesterday or when Mr. Hylton gave
1 2		evidence
13	A:	May I just say one other thing quickly.
14		And you were asking how the rates were
15		charged earlier, interest was only
16		charged on the principal amount.
17	COMM BOGLE:	I understand. I am not at that point as
18		yet.
19 20	A: COMM BOGLE:	We can okay, oak. Mr. Hylton gave evidence that he was
21		wasn't involved in day to day operations, he was at the policy and so
23		on, one has got to accept that. You are
24		now saying that well, you don't know
2 5		either about this. So who at FINSAC

1		should we call? Give us a name, we will
2		call the person you know, because these
3		are things that must be answered. So if
4		Mr. Hylton is saying no, at my had level
5		I would not be involved in such things.
6		You are saying well, you really can't
7		answer that because you really don't
8		know why that should be so. But I am
9		saying that persons have comeall I am
10		saying is that, was there a system that
11		would allow for the debtor to able to
12		get if you don't know, is there
13		somebody in FINSAC that we should have
14		ask to come to tell us why or how this
15		was done.
16	A:	I can make two points in relation to
17		that, Mr. Chairman. One is that the
18		system was that a calculation would be
19		provided by Excel so the officer were
20		expected to do that. Now if these
21		particular statement the debtors, they
22		are saying that they requested and they
23		didn't get I could probably research
24		their file because JRF has kindly given
25		access to their files so we could

1		provide their files and see if copies of
2		those statements were presented to them.
3	COMM. ROSS:	And this follow up question Mr. Campbell
4		would be, why didn't FINSAC maintain at
5		least the legacy ID systems from the
6		institutions that they took over because
7		surely those systems would have been
8		able to track transactions and generate
9		reports, statements.
10	A:	No actually FINSAC introduced a new
11		system which is probably up to date than
12		what some of those banks had. ICES, I
13		don't remember what ICES stands for, I
14		don't remember exactly what it stands
15		for but certainly, more up to date than
16		some of what would have been in the
17		legacy banks.
18	COMM. ROSS:	Mr. Campbell, I mean really now.
19	A:	No, no
20	COMM. ROSS:	Every bank that I know of produces
21		statements which they send to their
22		clients on a monthly basis, at least.
23		Now I can't imagine that they have
24		hundreds of people sitting down
25		generating Excel spreadsheets to send

1		out this information.
2	A:	It would not have been difficult
3		because in a number of cases there is
4		only one transaction per month, one
5		payment that is being made.
6	COMM. ROSS:	One out of five hundred? I really can't
7		accept that. You have a more superior
8		system that cannot generate statements
9		of accounts for a client or for a
10		client's account.
11	COMM BOGLE:	No, I think Mr. Campbell, we seem to be
12		talking about two different things
13		Because you said, Excel spreadsheets,
14		when Mr. Ross said, but you could have
15		retained one of the systems you said you
16		have a better system. So the Excel
17		spreadsheet, we are talking about the
18		statement, we are talking about getting
19		statements to debtors. That's what we
20		are dealing with. The question was why
21		couldn't we? You said there was a really
22		no system, I mean persons would sit down
23		and work it out or they would use Excel
24		spreadsheets, that's Microsoft Excel.
25		Now Mr. Ross, has said why didn't you

1		just retain one of the systems of one of
2		the intervened institutions? You then
3		said, oh we did better than that, we
4		have the ICBS system. So my question is
5		therefore, why couldn't this superior
6		system provide persons with statements
7		on demand?
8	A:	Mr. Chairman, I am aware that we
9		started; when we started the NPL with
10		the loan system that was at Century
11		National Bank, with something named LDM,
12		Loan Demand Management but within a
13		short space of time it was malfunctioned
14		so we had to remove to something else.
15		So that's why I had said something more
16		superior that we introduced and this was
17		done like in October or September 1999.
18		Now, it may have been that the decision
19		was taken not to use, not to activate
20		that particular functionality and
21		providing statements because we were
22		captioning the transactions that were
23		listed, interest was being charged on
24		the principal balances and that is what
25		we relied on.

1	COMM BOGLE:	Did FINSACgo ahead, Mr. Garcia.
2	MR. GARCIA:	I am sorry sir, to interrupt because my
3		interruption actually relates to a query
4		sir, that you raised a few moments ago
5		and not to the specific point that you
6		are on now but I wanted to do so before
7		we got further away from it.
8	MR. MOODIE:	Commissioner, I had asked counsel
9		permission just to introduce
10		Mr. Christopher Samuda, who is joining
11		us on the record, from the firm of
12		Samuda and Johnson representation FINSAC
13		as well. Sorry Mr. Garcia.
14	MR. GARCIA:	I think you asked a question about
15		relevant personnel who were at FINSAC
16		whose names could be provided and who
17		might be appropriately be called in
18		relation to other issues and perhaps is
19		creating a difficulty at this point. And
20		I just wanted to point out that I had
21		written to the Commission on the 24th of
22		March, and in that letter I had set out
23		a list of the in-house attorneys and the
24		senior non-performing Loan Officers. It
25		seems to me that, that letter

1		categorically would be relevant once at
2		FINSAC during the relevant period. The
3		commission in response to that letter on
4		25th of March indicated that it reserves
5		the right to determine the witness that
6		will be called. But it seems to me that
7		the issue that I had then raised is very
8		much before you at this point.
9	COMM BOGLE:	I remember that communication very well,
10		Mr. Garcia.
11	Ms. CLARKE:	Before you move on the point Mr.
12		Chairman, I have moved a little ahead but
13		there was something said I and believe
14		the witnesses who have come to me would
15		want me to drive home a certain point.
16		Mr Chairman, you said that the witness
17		will be approaching on the basis of
18		wanting perhaps to pay off their loans
19		or just to verify a ball figure which
20		was given. It must be noted based on the
21		approaches of these witnesses that many
22		of them might have approached for the
23		simple purpose of being able to defend a
24		lawsuit and the failure of this data as
25		we have seen it, has put them in a

1		position where there are now judgments
2		against them because for all practical
3		purposes, they have no database upon
4		which to say I did not owe this sum or
5		this sum is excessive or I paid off.
6		Because there are some gaps in time in
7		terms of even their receipts that they
8		retained, that without this detailed
9		statement they could not even make a
10		meaningful approach to the court. Some
11		of them are now as we have seen even
12		exposed to prison from where we see it
13		now.
14	COMM BOGLE:	All right Miss Clarke, you are dealing
15		with specifics and I take it that when
16		you are doing your.
17	MS CLARKE:	A general point sir, within my
18	COMM BOGLE:	I take it that when you are doing your
19		notes you will. I am seeking and trying
20		to get an understanding of what obtained
21		and Mr. Garcia mentioned and I do
22		remember the communication Mr. Garcia,
23		regarding that matter however, in view
24		of the fact that you represent
25		Mr. Hylton and Mr. Hylton really is no

1		longer at FINSAC I think it is correct
2		for Mr. Campbell if he is not able to
3		answer the questions as I put to him,
4		and it is not in any written policy or
5		written form then someone at FINSAC
6		should, and he is the best person to say
7		at this time who should come to this
8		Enquiry and explain and provide the
9		information. So I do know of the
10		communication but as I said Mr. Campbell
11		is here, we put two questions to
12		Mr. Campbell and if it has to do with
13		FINSAC and he cannot point us to a
14		document or quote from a document
15		indicating what obtained then somebody
16		at FINSAC must know what obtained and
17		therefore, such person should be called
18		if necessary, or Mr. Campbell should
19		have words with such person to get the
20		information so that it can be passed on
21		to this Enquiry.
22	MR. MOODIE:	Could I ask for some clarify Mr.
23		Chairman, what you are requiring is for
24		Mr. Campbell to indicate who he assigned
25		particular loans file to?

1	COMM BOGLE:	No, that's not the question. I had asked
2		Mr. Campbell why is it that persons
3		requested statements and it was so
4		difficult for them to get the
5		statements? Mr. Campbell tried to
6		explain that well, there was really no
7		set system however, persons could
8		calculate and work out the balances and
9		in some cases they possibly use
10		spreadsheet but he cannot answer to why
11		they had difficulty receiving
12 13	MR. MOODIE:	statements. Or if he is saying he had those
14		difficulties receiving those statements.
14 15		difficulties receiving those statements. I think he would have expected.
	COMM BOGLE:	-
15	COMM BOGLE:	I think he would have expected.
15 16	COMM BOGLE:	I think he would have expected. He said that he would have expected but
15 16 17	COMM BOGLE:	I think he would have expected. He said that he would have expected but he doesn't know and he clearly did not
15 16 17 18	COMM BOGLE:	I think he would have expected. He said that he would have expected but he doesn't know and he clearly did not manage the area that was responsible for
15 16 17 18	COMM BOGLE:	I think he would have expected. He said that he would have expected but he doesn't know and he clearly did not manage the area that was responsible for sending out statements when the request
15 16 17 18 19 20	COMM BOGLE:	I think he would have expected. He said that he would have expected but he doesn't know and he clearly did not manage the area that was responsible for sending out statements when the request came because if he had managed that
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COMM BOGLE:	I think he would have expected. He said that he would have expected but he doesn't know and he clearly did not manage the area that was responsible for sending out statements when the request came because if he had managed that section then I would imagine he would
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	COMM BOGLE:	I think he would have expected. He said that he would have expected but he doesn't know and he clearly did not manage the area that was responsible for sending out statements when the request came because if he had managed that section then I would imagine he would know when the request came in and that

1		therefore saying to him that if that is
2		so then it is up to him to get that
3		information from the person at FINSAC as
4		to why or alternatively, he may indicate
5		to this Commission that the name of the
6		person at FINSAC who can provide the
7		information and the Commission will
8		request such person to attend.
9	MR. MOODIE:	But as I indicated Chairman, what we
10		intend to do is to go through the
11		documents in respect of those persons
12		who have alleged that they have not
13		received statements, we certainly will
14		look through all those documents to see
15		whether that is verified and that
16		evidence will be put therefore before
17		the Commission, Mr. Chairman.
18	COMM BOGLE:	Mr. Moodie, I am not talking specific
19		persons I am talking in general. What
20		policy was in place to provide these
21		statements to debtors. I am not talking
22		about DEBTOR8 or DEBTOR6 or
23		anybody, I am talking about what policy,
24		what procedure was in place at FINSAC
25		to provide persons with statements. That

is really what I want to know not any 1 specific data. The attorneys or you may deal 2 with the specifics. I am simply trying to 3 find out why it is so many persons indicate 4 ed that they had difficulty obtaining 5 statements and therefore I expect FINSAC to 6 be able to say not so because each time a 7 request came in we provided them with statements. This is what I expect to hear 9 from FINSAC and if that is so, Mr. Campbell 10 is saying well he is not sure. And so, this 11 is where the question to Mr. Campbell is if 12 he is not sure will we get details of the 13 policy or will he get the person who is in 14 charge of that policy to come to the 15 Commission so that the Commission -- you see 16 these are things that run right across the 17 number of persons and so it is the policy that 18 I am looking at not the individual cases, all 19 right. So Mr. Campbell, you have the option 2.0 to obtain the information the policy 21 regarding provision of statements to

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1		debtors to the Commission to obtain the
2		policy or to indicate to us the name of
3		a person at FINSAC and we could get in
4		touch with them and ask them to come and
5		provide that information, the
6		information we need.
7	A:	The name of a person at FINSAC or used
8		to be at FINSAC?
9C0	MM BOGLE:	Somebody at FINSAC should know, we have
10		twelve persons at FINSAC, somebody at
11		FINSAC should know.
12	A:	I will endeavour to research the records
13		Mr. Chairman, and information brought to
14 15	COMM BOGLE:	the Commission. As to what obtained.
16 17	A: CHAIRMAN:	As to what obtained. Thank you very much.
18	COM ROSS:	Mr. Campbell, on the matter of
19		litigation, could you tell us a little
20		bit about the process that was used to
21		decide what action to take and against
22		whom with regard to the intervened
23		institutions and owners or managers of
24		those institutions. I know that there
25		have been a number of suites against

1		either owners or senior personnel and I
2		just wonder if you could give us a
3		little idea as to how the decisions were
4		taken and what action to take and
5		against whom.
6	A:	It's a pity you didn't ask this question
7		yesterday, Mr. Commission. I really
8		wasn't involved directly with that. My
9		understanding from the files was that
10		after intervention and the auditors went
11		in it was determined that there was some
12		amount of mismanagement and as a result
13		the decision was taken to sue the former
14		CEOs, Chairmen. Those are the people
15		you are talking about right now.
16	COMM. ROSS:	You are saying Mismanagement
17	A:	But that is the reported information
18		based on what I have seen in the files
19		yes, and lack of fiduciary duty. Those
20		were the main reasons for the suites,
21		Mismanagement and lack of fiduciary
22		duty.
23	MR. MOODIE:	Can I ask Mr. Campbell, would FINSAC
24		have received legal advice on those
25		duties?

1	A:	Absolutely.
2	COMM. ROSS:	We have to try and understand you know
3		well, you see you are saying it wasn't
4		based necessarily on criminal actions or
5		illegal actions, it was really based as
6		you say, mismanagement or bad judgment.
7	A:	Lack of fiduciary duty.
8	COMM. ROSS:	The difference between mismanagement and
9		lack of fiduciary duty.
10	A:	Those are the two issues, yes.
11	COMM. ROSS:	So in other words, if the Board
12		determined that somebody made a decision
13		that cost of institution or some money
14		or didn't work out that would be instead
15		the basis for suites? I am also
16		wondering about the interest, who were
17		they suing on behalf of? These actions
18		were taken place before FINSAC took over
19		the institutions?
20	A:	Well, there were three suits like that.
21		One for Blaise, one for Century and one
22		for Eagle. And as I mentioned in my
23		statement financial institutions such as
24		JRF was formed initially to take over
25		the operation of Blaise and after the

1		projects the auditors did their thing it
2		was determined that actions should be
3		taken against the Chairman, the former
4		Chairman and so they didn't. And
5		similarly FIS took action against the
6		former Chairman of Century National
7		Bank.
8	COMM. ROSS:	Were these the only banks that were
9		judged on being mismanaged?
10	A:	I cannot speak to that, those are the
11		ones for which suits were taken out
12		against and also Eagle.
13	COMM. ROSS:	Do you know who, could help us to answer
14		that question?
15	A:	Perhaps the former Managing Director.
16	COMM. ROSS:	Certainly I will address Mr. Hylton when
17		he returns. But I think it's a very
18		interesting and important point that
19		should certainly would expect some
20		inconsistency in the actions taken. And
21		while I finding mismanagement a strange
22		sort of cause of action if it is then,
23		certainly should one would expect to be
24		applied across the Board.
25	A:	I can cannot speak much to that,

1		Mr. Commissioner.
2	COMM BOGLE:	I am continuing on my general area and
3		this is part of the Terms of Reference
4		of this Commission that we look at how
5		the debtors were treated and look at the
6		management of FINSAC I just looked
7		awhile to ensure that I write it down
8		before. Now when debtors balances et
9		cetera et cetera were taken over and
10		their non-performing loans were acquired
11		from institutions this question might
12		have been asked of me before but can you
13		explain in as much detail as you
14		possibly can what was done and I
15		think that question was put to
16		Mr. Hylton and he said well, that is not
17		operational and I can understand that.
18		What was done to prove those debts? What
19		was done to proof those debts? In other
20		words, you have taken over my debts from
21		National Commercial Bank or from Eagle
22		or from Century, what steps were taken
23		by FINSAC to satisfy FINSAC itself if
24		the balances that they were taking over
25		were correct balances because it's from

1		that FINSAC now starts to accrue
2		additional interest and as such request
3		that persons repay principal plus
4		additional interest. So can you take us
5		through the process, please.
6	A:	You are right Mr. Chairman, that
7		question was asked of me already. The
8		position is, I cannot speak definitively
9		to that, I never dealt directly with the
10		accounts. My understanding is that the
11		officers would combed through the files
12		based on statements that we have seen
13		and on that basis they wrote the
14		balances given. If however the and
15		they advised the debtors that we have a
16		balance here from let's say Citizens
17		Bank and Citizens tell us that you owed
18		them 350,000 in principal 200,000 in
19		interest, 550,000. Now, we write to this
20		debtor and say to him, FINSAC has now
21		acquired this debt, they owe us this
22		money come in talk to me and let us see
23		how you will arrangement to pay. Now,
24		if the debtors has a problem with the
25		fact that FINSAC said the balance is

1		550, a further detailed check will be
2		made through the file and if he can
3		provide evidence of any disparity in the
4		balances at that point the officer would
5		report to me and I in turn write to the
6		bank asking them for any clarification
7		or any evidence otherwise. But failing
8		that we work with 550 as was presented.
9		If you recall you had 20,000 accounts so
10		it is not like we do individual checks
11		on each one.
12	COMM. BOGLE:	I hear each time certain questions are
13		asked in relation to the number of
14		accounts, but I am really not interested
15		in the number of accounts, we are
16		talking here about what happened and
17		most persons, FINSAC, Mr. Hylton and
18		other persons talked about volume of
19		accounts, but systems deal with volume,
20		we put systems in place to deal with
21		volume, so if a man has a small shop he
22		may only need one person, but if he has
23		a large shop he may need proper
24		accounting system, so numbers to me is
25		not important because as I said it's for

1		the institution to put in place the
2		systems. Now, if a person writes to
3		FINSAC and says FINSAC, I do not owe
4		this money, I am sure of it, FINSAC says
5		bring in your records and the person
6		said quite frankly the house burned down
7		last week or two years ago and I do not
8		have all of my records, what would
9		FINSAC do in that case?
10	A:	I have seen cases like that where
11		management said, and in my said
12		management, where a person says I owe
13		you three hundred thousand or three
14		hundred and fifty rather than the five
15		hundred and fifty that was mentioned,
16		there are cases like that and it is
17		submitted to the Board or Credit
18		Committee for consideration to be given
19		to writing off the rest of it.
20	COMM. BOGLE:	But couldn't we have a proper system of
21		verification, shouldn't that be the
22		route that we take to verify that the
23		the three hundred that they say they
24		have is supported by proper records?
25	A:	The proper system that you spoke of is

1		highly dependent on what existed in the
2		in the banks and we recognize that some
3		of those records were never always one
4		hundred percent accurate so that is why
5		FINSAC was always ready and willing to
6		consider compromises.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	Therefore FINSAC recognized that the
8		record keeping of some of the financial
9		institutions that were intervened, that
10		their record keeping was way below what
11		it should be and therefore some of the
12		loans that were taken over could have
13		really been incorrect?
14	A:	Yes.
14 15	A: COMM. BOGLE:	Yes. And therefore whenever a person says
15		And therefore whenever a person says
15 16		And therefore whenever a person says that is not my balance, then FINSAC
15 16 17		And therefore whenever a person says that is not my balance, then FINSAC would request of the financial
15 16 17 18	COMM. BOGLE:	And therefore whenever a person says that is not my balance, then FINSAC would request of the financial institution the details to back that up?
15 16 17 18 19	COMM. BOGLE:	And therefore whenever a person says that is not my balance, then FINSAC would request of the financial institution the details to back that up? And sometimes they can find it and
15 16 17 18 19 20	COMM. BOGLE:	And therefore whenever a person says that is not my balance, then FINSAC would request of the financial institution the details to back that up? And sometimes they can find it and sometimes they can't. It goes back to
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COMM. BOGLE:	And therefore whenever a person says that is not my balance, then FINSAC would request of the financial institution the details to back that up? And sometimes they can find it and sometimes they can't. It goes back to what the man is saying that you are
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	COMM. BOGLE:	And therefore whenever a person says that is not my balance, then FINSAC would request of the financial institution the details to back that up? And sometimes they can find it and sometimes they can't. It goes back to what the man is saying that you are telling me about \$550,000 but my record

1		\$550,000. You would have taken over
2		that debt at the understanding at face
3		value?
4	A:	Meaning the principal.
5	COMM. BOGLE:	Yes, you would have taken over that at
6		the principal that was reported to you
7		by the financial institution. Now, the
8		person comes and says no, no, that was
9		not my principal, my principal
10		outstanding was \$200,000 and so FINSAC
11		decided okay, fine, we will honour
12		\$200,000, what about the difference
13		between the \$200,000 and \$500,000 that
14		the taxpayers had to take up?
15	A:	I am not aware there has been any of
16		those sorts of instances.
17	MR. TAYLOR:	You said awhile ago if a person said
18	A:	The difference is, you mentioned
19		principal and interest, I am saying in
20		cases where there have been disputes, it
21		was not sufficient to take them below
22		the principal figure we acquired from
23		the bank.
24	COMM. BOGLE:	Therefore, coming back to my point
25		Mr. Campbell, that the figure that you

1		took over from the bank, the figure that
2		you the bank said \$500,000 principal.
3	Q	Three fifty and two hundred?
4	A:	Three fifty principal is what the bank
5		said, you took that as gospel because
6		you would not be going below that but
7		yet you knew and you are now saying that
8		you knew at the time that the records of
9		the bank, many of them in many cases
10		were not up to par but you could not go
11		below what you had taken over at. I did
12		not say that.
13	COMM. BOGLE:	Explain to me.
14	A:	I am saying in cases where the debtor
15		says the balance is incorrect, the
16		figure he gives us is not less than the
17		principal we got, like in this example,
18		he comes to say the total he owes is
19		\$400,000, it would still cover the three
20		fifty we paid for it.
21	COMM. BOGLE:	You are saying there is no case
22	A:	I cannot recall none of those and I must
23		tell you that there would have been very
24		few of those kinds of instances where it
25		was necessary for us to write back to

1		the bank to say that the balance you
2		have presented here, based on what the
3		client is saying, is totally wrong. I
4		recognize, based on submissions that 1
5		would have seen at the Credit Committee
6		that there are instances where there are
7		complaints that the balance presented is
8		wrong, is much lower than what it ought
9		to be so the account is recalculated
10		taking into account whatever evidence is
11		presented and the lower figure is
12		presented and we work with that figure
13		and this is something that the debtor
14		signs off on as the amount owing by
15		them.
16	COMM. BOGLE:	On what basis, you are saying that the
17		cases are few and far between, on what
18		basis you make the blanket statement
19		that many of the record keeping of the
20		institutions were less than on par, what
21		were you talking about?
22	A:	Because, a lot of the customers
23		complained that the balances are
24		different. I am saying that based on
25		the nature of how it is, we don't

1		always write back to the banks because
2		they invariably they tell you the
3		balance is wrong and sometimes you
4		wonder if they were not happy with the
5		way the interest was compounded and when
6		they tell you a lodgement was made and
7		not reflected in the statement you got
8		but all those factors are taken into
9		account and invariably the loan is re-
10		calculated and a figure is agreed with
11		the debtor and then a submission is made
12		or a compromise is agreed based on that
13		and sent to the Credit Committee for
14		approval.
15	COMM. BOGLE:	Did you have many of those cases?
16	A:	We had a number, I wouldn't want to put
17		a figure to it.
18	COMM. ROSS:	Let me see if I understand something
19		Mr. Campbell. You mentioned that
20		FINSAC it was mentioned yesterday
21		that FINSAC paid face value for the
22		loans, in other words, the banks were
23		compensated for the principal amount of
24		the loan at the time of acquisition by
25		FINSAC. Is that correct.

1	A:	That is correct.
2	COMM. ROSS:	So the banks were not compensating for
3		accrued interest that had not yet been
4		paid?
5	A:	That is correct.
6	COMM. ROSS:	Why then did FINSAC accrue interest from
7		the original date of the loan and seek
8		to recover those full amounts from the
9		debtors.
10	MR. MOODIE:	To be fair Commissioner, that issue was
11		addressed by Mr. Hylton and he gave the
12		rationale from the policy level. You
13		are then asking Mr. Campbell to
14		speculate whether at the time the
15		interest was being accrued he was not in
16		that position to determine the policy?
17	COMM. ROSS:	I am not asking him to speculate, I am
18		asking him a question, he agreed with
19		Mr. Hylton that it was the face values
20		of the loans that were acquired. We
21		have seen where people have been charged
22		interest on their loans by both FINSAC
23		and JRF from the date of inception and
24		the question I am asking Mr. Campbell
25		is, if FINSAC acquired the loan at face

1		value, its liability, costs of interest,
2		financing those positions would have
3 4		been from the date of that acquisition, so why then did FINSAC seek to recover
5		interest from the date which the loan
6		was issued? I mean the argument
7		yesterday was made that there was a cost
8		to acquire the loans, therefore, FINSAC
9		had to seek to recover interest from the
10		debtors to compensate for that cost, but
11		it seems that FINSAC benefited from a
12		significant write-off of interest at the
13		time of acquisition but yet it didn't
14		seem too willing to pass on that
15		discount to the borrowers themselves.
16	A:	Before I answer you Mr. Commissioner, I
17		just want to make sure I understand you
18		clearly. What is the date you speak of
19		when you say FINSAC charged interest
20		from the date, you mean the date the
21		loan was granted by the initial
22		institution?
23 24	COMM. ROSS: A:	Yes? FINSAC did not do that.
25	COMM. ROSS:	But we are seeing, we have one or two

1		complaints against FINSAC where that
2		seems to have been done.
3	A:	I don't know. I could explain to you. A
4		loan is granted by a commercial bank and
5		you accrued interest on a monthly basis;
6		on a monthly basis the interest is made.
7		From inception the interest is being
8		made.
9	COMM. ROSS:	Being charged.
10	A:	That is what I said, it is being made.
11		It's paid on a monthly basis, it gets to
12		the point, for whatever reason, he stops
13		paying it. When it gets to three months
14		in arrears you classify it as a
15		non-performing loan, that interest is
16		now being suspended, it's no longer
17		being paid. When FINSAC gets that loan,
18		it gets that interest balance on
19		whatever the principal. In the
20		strictest sense, it not interest by
21		earnings, it's interest for the last
22		three months or so or up to six months
23		before it was sold to FINSAC, it's not
24		interest from the inception and at the
25		point when FINSAC gets that loan and

1		before that, whilst the loan is still in
2		the commercial bank interest is accruing
3		on that, both interest and principal,
4		interest in that is being compounded.
5		At the point when FINSAC gets the loan,
6		interest is being charged on principal
7		only, so the debtor in a sense gets some
8		reprieve, the loan is increasing but
9		increasing at a lower rate, so that is
10		the position Mr. Commissioner.
11	COMM. ROSS:	Let me ask you then, because maybe I am
12		not understanding something. When
13		FINSAC takes over the loans from the
14		banks or took over the loans from the
15		banks, what compensation did FINSAC give
16		to the banks, was it just for the
17		principal amount of the loans?
18	A:	Yes.
19	COMM. ROSS:	Or was it for the principal plus the
20		interest accrued on the loan, and
21		remained unpaid.
22	A:	Principal.
23	COMM. ROSS:	It was just the principal. My question
24		still stands because we have seen, not
25		only FINSAC, I guess the question should

1		pass onto the situation that arises,
2		because certainly on all the complaints
3		we have seen coming forward, interest is
4		being accrued, and in some cases
5		compounded right from the very date of
6		inception and the last set or the first
7		date of non-payment.
8	A:	Again you use the word date of
9		inception; the first date the man gets
10		the loan from the bank?
11	COMM. ROSS:	No, from when the loan became
12		delinquent, in other words, all the
13		unpaid interest is being billed to the
14		client and the owner of the debt is
15		seeking to recover that amount.
16	A:	Well, it is and Mr. Hylton mentioned the
17		rationale to deal with the interest and
18		that is the position that FINSAC took
19		but nonetheless FINSAC was prepared to
20		offer compromises and I am really not
21		allowed to speak for JRF but I am sure
22		they are prepared to offer compromises
23		taking into account that interest is
24		accrued.
25	COMM. ROSS:	I understand but you are still ignoring

1		the point that between the time when the
2		loan became delinquent and the time when
3		FINSAC took it over, that period would
4		be a year or two or three years in some
5		cases and I am saying that in all cases
6		that we are seeing, the client, the
7		debtor has still been billed interest
8		for that period.
9	A:	Yes.
10	COMM. ROSS:	Although it was not a cost to FINSAC at
11		the time and it was not a cost to JRF or
12		anybody else either? It was a cost to
13		the institution but that cost was
14		absorbed by the institution.
15	A:	Rationalized why interest accrued and it
16		was used as a negotiating tool to arrive
17		at the settlement at a later date.
18	COMM. ROSS:	But they were not.
19	COMM. BOGLE:	The rationale given for charging of the
20		interest was the fact that bonds were
21		accruing interest, FINSAC bonds, and so
22		while we can accept the rationale for
23		FINSAC charging interest, we will accept
24		that based on the submission of
25		Mr. Hylton, I think what Commissioner

1		Ross is saying is that if you bought a
2		debt at face value, principal balance of
3		one hundred thousand at that date, there
4		could have been accumulated unpaid
5		interest of three hundred thousand
6		dollars but you did not pay for that
7		three hundred thousand, you paid for the
8		hundred thousand, why still expect the
9		debtor to pay the three hundred
10		thousand? It is not any expense
11		incurred by you, it wasn't a cost for
12		FINSAC in anyway and FINSAC did not even
13		buy it at a discount, it's not even that
14		FINSAC bought that three hundred
15		thousand for three hundred and fifty
16		thousand, they just didn't buy that
17		fifty thousand.
18	A:	I agree with you. Like I said the
19		decision was made to accrue an interest
20		and use it as a negotiating tool to
21		encourage people to settle.
22	COMM. BOGLE:	That was the policy?
23 24	A: COMM. BOGLE:	Yes. All right, at this time Mr. Campbell, we
25		are going to take an early lunch and we

1		will be back here at 2 o'clock.
2	A:	I thought it was going to be an early
3		day Mr. Chairman.
4	COMM. BOGLE:	I would have loved an early day as well
5		but I think we have to continue this a
6		little longer.
7	A:	Okay sir.
8		LUNCHEON ADJOURNMENT
9		
10		ON RESUMPTION at 2:05 p.m.
11	COMM. BOGLE:	Good afternoon ladies and gentlemen,
12		this Enquiry is now back in session and
13		for the records I note that we have been
14		joined by Anthony Levy, representing?
15	MR. LEVY:	Today?
16		(Laughter)
17		DEBTOR1COMPANY and anybody else who
18		wishes to come forward to me I will
19		represent them.
20	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay, sir.
21		Mr. Campbell, just to remind you that
22		you are still under oath.
23	A:	Yes, Mr. Chairman.
24	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Levy, have you got any questions for
25		Mr. Errol Campbell at this time?

1	MR LEVY:	Mr. Campbell undertook to the Commission
2		to bring and produce certain documents,
3		I don't know if he has them because I
4		don't have a chance to look at them.
5	COMM. BOGLE:	He has produced, I think, about 90
6		percent of them.
7	MR. DEPERALTO:	Not the documents requested by Mr. Levy.
8	COMM. BOGLE:	Oh, not the documents you requested,
9		okay, I am talking about the other
10		documents.
11		Mr. Moodie?
12	MR. MOODIE:	I indicated to Mr. Levy yesterday that
13		obviously Counsel being new to the
14		matter it would greatly assist us if he
15		could give us a list of the documents he
16		had requested. Other than that
17		assistance I have ascertained what is
18		required in his regard based on the
19		cross-examination that has flowed from
20		Mr. Campbell so far. Those documents
21		include what he has so far requested.
22		Those requested through
23		cross-examination including any notices
24		that may have been given in relation to
25		the mortgages as well as any valuations,

1		I indicated to the Commission this
2		morning that in relation to the
3		DEBTOR1COMPANY's files we have disclosed
4		to the Commission and given copies to
5		the Commission copies of the Minutes of
6		Board meetings. We have some other
7		documents but those substantive files
8		which we were given access to, we hope
9		that they would have been in the office
10		of the Jamaican Redevelopment Foundation
11		yesterday, only to be told that because
12		the litigation is ongoing those
13		documents are actually being housed at
14		the offices of Myers Fletcher and
15		Gordon. They have agreed to give us
16		access to those documents. So the
17		DEBTOR1COMPANY issue is among the items
18		which we have undertaken to provide
19		whatever documents necessary, both to
20		Mr. Levy and to Mr. Garcia upon his
21		request and we intend to address that
22		specifically when we return.
23	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay.
24	MR. MOODIE:	So I think as long as the scheduling is
25		worked out with Mr. Levy, then certainly

1		we can accommodate you.
2	COMM. BOGLE: MR. LEVY:	Sure. For me to comply with Mr. Moodie's
4		request would require me to do exactly
5		what he would have to do; go through the
6		minutes, the recording of Mr. Campbell's
7		evidence and pick out the particular
8		things but from memory in relation to
9		the valuation and requests which he has
10		referred to. There was also a big blank
11		in a list of properties which
12 13		Mr. Campbell gave to the Commission which were sold by FINSAC Real Estate.
14		We could not find the DEBTOR1COMPANY's
15		properties on that and that's one of the
16		things Mr. Campbell was actually asked
17		to bring back; the valuations of the
18		properties sold and notices given in
19		respect to the sale of properties. So I
20		can't help Mr. Moodie with anything more
21		than that.
22 23	COMM. BOGLE:	I think by what Mr. Moodie said I think he understands that by and large most of
24		what surrounds DEBTOR1COMPANY's
25		issues that Mr. Levy would be interested

1		in especially the disposition of the
2		properties and the business.
3	MR. MOODIE:	Any documents we find we will certainly
4		make them available. We have no
5		difficulty. We note our position in
6		terms of confidentiality, but as we have
7		indicated that's a matter for the
8		Commission as to how it deals with any
9		documents which we would submit that
10		might be confidential.
11	MR. LEVY:	Mr. Chairman, I resist any obligation
12		for confidentiality in respect of
13		DEBTOR1COMPANY. Mr. Moodie has nothing
14		to worry about.
15	MR. MOODIE:	I don't think it was Mr. Levy's consent
16		I was worried about.
17	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay.
18	MR. LEVY:	In addition to that, sir, I wish to
19		bring to Mr. Levy's attention that there
20		are other lawyers involved so he doesn't
21		come back and say Myers, Fletcher &
22		Gordon doesn't have it, but I have just
23		learnt that Dunn Cox does.
24	MR. MOODIE:	I think Mr. Levy, having not been here
25		this morning, he is not aware that we

4		have provided the Commission with a list of
1		all the attorneys who are in these matters and
2		also my undertaking that I will be checking
3		those attorneys to verify whether they
4		6 MR. LEVY: I just wanted to
		highlight it because
7		there might be an oversight.
8		Mr. Campbell may not remind you.
9	MR. MOODIE:	I thank you for your assistance sir.
10	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Ross?
11	COMM. ROSS:	Mr. Moodie, I think it was also
12		mentioned yesterday, the question was
13		raised as to the notice of default which
14		we were speculating ought to have been
15		given to DEBTOR1COMPANY.
16	MR. MOODIE:	Are you speaking about the Demand
17		letter?
18	COMM. ROSS:	Right.
19	MR. MOODIE:	I do intend to refer to that document
20		when we continue because I think there
21		is some information there that is
22		relevant to some of the assertions that
23		have been made and so I do intend to
24		refer to that document.
25	COMM. ROSS:	Thanks.

1	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay, Mr. Goffe, have you got any
2		questions for Mr. Campbell at this time?
3	MR. GOFFE:	Mr. Commissioner, we certainly would
4		have some questions, but not at this
5		time. I certainly would wish to reserve
6		them until after Mr. Levy and Miss
7		Clarke have asked their questions.
8	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Levy?
9	MR. LEVY:	Maybe I could just clarify something,
10		sir. I think Mr. Moodie could only be
11		referring to a letter, the demand letter
12		dated March 8, 1998 issued by NCB to
13		DEBTOR1COMPANY presented on the day when
14		Mr. Downer walked in. DEBTOR1 was
15		not here to give him a check because he
16		was at the back. Anyway, in addition to
17		that, I would like to ask Mr. Campbell
18		to produce to us all previous letters
19		that had complaints or demand showing
20		loans allegedly in default.
21	COMM. BOGLE:	Could you repeat that sir, I missed
22		that.
23	MR LEVY:	I am asking Mr. Campbell to produce to
24		us any other letters preceding that
25		demanding money, complaining about loan

1		being in default in the previous few
2		months from NCB to them, NCB, Mutual
3 4	COMM. BOGLE:	Security. Okay.
5	MR LEVY:	I would also ask him to provide his
6		former boss copies of them so that he
7		can refresh his memory.
8	COMM. BOGLE:	I am going to pose a question to the
9		attorneys present and ask them if they
10		will address this question the next time
11		or soon after this evening as you will
12		be able to address it. And it is, in the
13		circumstances of the cases before this
14		Enquiry where debts have been assigned
15		or sold, do the assignees or purchasers
16		have a right to charge interest? Have
17		you got that or would you like me to
18		repeat?
19	MR. LEVY:	You could repeat, Mr. Chairman, because
20		you were looking down.
21	COMM. BOGLE:	In the circumstances of the cases before
22		this Enquiry where debts have been
23		assigned or sold, do the assignees or
24		purchasers have the right to charge
25		interest? And I would like to ask the

1		attorneys to address that question for
2		this Commission.
3 4	MR LEVY: COMM. BOGLE:	You would like a submission? You could make a short submission on it
5 6	MR. GOFFE:	to the Commission. Mr. Chairman, the understanding that we
7		have had, we representing Jamaican
8 9		Redevelopment Foundation at least, was that there would be a time given to all
10		attorneys for legal submissions.
11	COMM. BOGLE:	Fine. It is just for this particular
12		question. I understand that there will
13 14		be a time just about at the end of the sitting where attorneys will be afforded
15		the opportunity to make summaries, but
16		if you can in the interim address this
17 18		point for the Commission, the Commission would appreciate $it.$
19	MR. GOFFE:	Sorry, let me understand what you are
20		saying, that without prejudice to
21		that
22	COMM. BOGLE:	Without prejudice to that.
23	MR. GOFFE:	we can make the submission at this
24		time?
25	COMM. BOGLE:	Yes, without prejudice. It is not a

1		matter that you will preclude it from
2		the summary and you could also include
3		what you are going to give to the
4		Commission, let us say next week you
5		could include that in your summary at
6		the end.
7	MR. MOODIE:	I think Chairman, on the part of Counsel
8		for FINSAC you had asked on the next
9		occasion if we could do so, but I would
10		think that this Commission would be
11		better served if my energies are focused
12		on the documentation and the outstanding
13		items in relation to FINSAC and I think
14		you have some indication of the time
15		periods that we will continue. So I
16		think we would want to take the
17		opportunity at the end to address it in
18		our substantive submissions when you
19		have indicated you will allow Counsel.
20	COMM. BOGLE:	While I appreciate that and I understand
21		your being under some severe pressure
22		regarding time to provide quite a number
23		of things, somehow, I do have the
24		feeling that the firm that you do
25		represent has the resources that it

1		could address this in the mean time.
2	MR. MOODIE:	I think you are looking at the resources
3		before you.
4		(Laughter)
5	COMM. BOGLE:	No, there was a third person this
6		morning.
7	MR. GARCIA:	I was the first person.
8		(Laughter)
9	COMM. BOGLE:	You know, it is not a matter that we are
10		saying that you must provide it, we are
11		simply asking you to address it. So it
12		is not a prerequisite to come back here,
13		it is not a matter that if you don't
14		have the information you can stay away.
15		No, we will not allow you to stay away
16		on the understanding that you do not
17		have this. So it is not a prerequisite,
18		it is not anything, we are simply asking
19		you to address it.
20	MR. MOODIE:	I am grateful, sir.
21	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Garcia?
22	MR. GARCIA:	Thank you sir. In some communication that
23		I had with the Secretary I had indicated
24		that I have some difficulties in relation to
		timing for the rest of

1		this month. I will not be able to attend
2		next week and I also am not going to be
3		here on, I think, the 30th of May that
4		Mr. Downer is scheduled to give
5		evidence.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	Yes.
7	MR. GARCIA:	So in relation to this point, I am eager
8		to make some submissions, but obviously
9		I will not be able to make those
10		submissions next week. But as the
11		Commission will be hearing submissions
12		later on I will
13	COMM. BOGLE:	Yes, by all means, if you can't make it
14		next week and you can make it some other
15		time that's fine.
16	MR. GARCIA:	Perhaps I could indicate at this point
17		in relation to JRF, I think ,TRE' is
18		scheduled to give evidence
19	COMM. BOGLE:	Monday and Tuesday.
20	MR. GARCIA:	. next week and I am assuming that as
21		usual the Commission will indicate to
22		the relevant witness that the Commission
23		might recall the person if necessary and
24		so what I am hoping to do is to receive
25		the transcripts and review it and if I

1		have any questions for the
2		representative I will request that the
3		Commission allow the person to be
4		recalled.
5		I do have a little bit more of a
6		difficulty in relation to Mr. Downer,
7		given what I have so far seen,
8		particularly in relation to
9 10		DEBTOR1COMPANY. I would imagine I will need to cross-examine him, but as I said
11		I am not going to be available on the
12 13		30th of May and I am again making the request to find out whether or not it is
14		possible for him to be scheduled for
14		possible for him to be scheduled for sometime in June instead.
	COMM. BOGLE:	
15	COMM. BOGLE:	sometime in June instead.
15 16	COMM. BOGLE:	sometime in June instead. The problem with Mr. Downer, as you well
15 16 17	COMM. BOGLE:	sometime in June instead. The problem with Mr. Downer, as you well know, we had been trying to have
15 16 17 18	COMM. BOGLE:	sometime in June instead. The problem with Mr. Downer, as you well know, we had been trying to have Mr. Downer here for sometime, he was out
15 16 17 18 19	COMM. BOGLE:	sometime in June instead. The problem with Mr. Downer, as you well know, we had been trying to have Mr. Downer here for sometime, he was out here, but he made certain submission of
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COMM. BOGLE:	sometime in June instead. The problem with Mr. Downer, as you well know, we had been trying to have Mr. Downer here for sometime, he was out here, but he made certain submission of DEBTOR1COMPANY at the time but that submission was not complete and it was felt that we would await the completion

he will be back and be available on the 30th 1 of May. We do not have a schedule of Mr. 2 Downer's to say he will be here for four days, 3 five days, ten days. The Secretariat of 4 course, will be in discussion and will work 5 with 6 Mr. Downer's attorney to try to ensure that 7 we have the maximum time available with Mr. 8 Downer as a number of persons, well, not a 9 number of persons, but I know that Mr. Levy 10 on behalf of DEBTOR1COMPANY has a lot of 11 interest in examining Mr. Downer. So I am 12 sure that to the extent that it is all 13 possible that the Secretariat will ensure 14 that, that is done. 15 You mentioned that you will be off. Just to 16 remind persons that we will be sitting next 17 week Tuesday, Wednesday, Wednesday it will 18 be half day and next week Wednesday we will 19 go until 12; we will not be here on Thursday. 2.0 We break after the midday Wednesday until the 21 30th of May. So we will be here Tuesday and 22 a half day on Wednesday and then we 23 24

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1		break until the 30th of May. The
2		Secretary is trying to get across that
3		we are trying - a number of persons have
4		requested that we try to get
5		Mr. Crawford to give evidence. A request
6		is out and we are at the moment trying
7		to work out the mechanics to have
8		Mr. Crawford via video conferencing as
9		we did with Dr. Chen-Young. Any date so
10		far?
11	MR. DEPERALTO:	Tentatively the 2nd of June.
12	COMM. BOGLE:	Tentatively the 2nd of June.
13 14	MR. GARCIA: COMM. BOGLE:	I have the same difficulty, sir. Because one of the things in setting up
15		these things for the video conferencing
16		because it is coordination between the
17		company that we get the conferencing
18		equipment from locally, as well as of
19		course, we have to connect with the one
20		abroad. So it is very difficult even to
21		get a date. So when you do get a date
22		it is more difficult to get it adjusted.
23		I see your problem, but since you will
24		be coming back in two days you probably
25		can cut short your holiday.

1	MR. GARCIA:	It is not a holiday, sir, and I don't
2		have any control over the plan. I have
3		been here for quite some time and you
4		know, a lot is being rescheduled around
5		Mr. Crawford's convenience to push him
6		to come to the island.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	It is not like that Mr. Garcia.
8	MR. GARCIA:	It is not that he wishes to come to the
9 10	COMM. BOGLE:	island, sir? I don't think that is it, but I will
11		leave it at that.
12 13	MR. LEVY:	Mr. Levy? Might I enquire, Mr. Chairman,
14		Mr. Dunbar McFarlane, has a date been
15		set for him to come?
16	COMM. BOGLE:	No.
17	MR LEVY:	I spoke to him months ago the same time
18		I requested Mr. Crawford to come, 1
19		requested him. I understand he works in
20		Cayman at a prestigious Jamaican
22		be happy to make him available.
23	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Secretary, have you requested
24		Mr. McFarlane?
? ⊑	MD DEDEDALTO	w to him from 2000

1	COMM. BOGLE:	I understand that we wrote to him in
2		2009. If you can give us an address for
3		him, then if necessary we will send a
4		request directly if you have an address
5		for him.
6	MR. LEVY:	You can send to his boss in writing.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay, we will pursue that to try and get
8		Mr. McFarlane.
9	MR. LEVY:	Is Mr. P.J. Patterson coming to give
10		evidence at this Enquiry?
11	COMM. BOGLE:	No, we have not requested Mr. P.J.
12		Patterson because I think that in terms
13		of the policy as we see our Terms of
14		Reference we got the Bank of Jamaica and
15		we got the Minister
16	MR. LEVY:	Sorry, sir, I am not hearing you.
17	COMM. BOGLE:	In terms of policy and in terms of our
18		Terms of Reference, we got the Bank of
19		Jamaica and we got the Minister of
20		Finance and we do not see it necessary
21		to ask the Honourable P.J. Patterson to
22		be here.
23		Mr. Moodie, you wanted to say something?
24	MR. MOODIE:	No, sir.
25	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay, Mr. Campbell, we are going to

1		adjourn now and I am sure you will be
2		happy because you have a lot of homework
3		to do and we do hope that you will take
4		full advantage of the time allowed for
5		your homework.
6	MR. CAMPBELL:	I will, Mr. Chairman, thank you.
7	MR. MOODIE:	Might Mr. Campbell liaise with
8		Mr. DePeralto to set the date for his
9		return?
10	COMM. BOGLE:	Sure. Mr. Levy?
11	MR. LEVY:	On the Schedule Mr. Chairman, I see
12		Jamaican Redevelopment Foundation, but
13		there is no name. Do you know who is
14 15	COMM. BOGLE:	coming from the Jamaican Redevelopment? $\ensuremath{\mathrm{Do}}\xspace$ we know?
16	MR. DEPERALTO:	No, I have asked Myers Fletcher and
17		Gordon to advise and I have been
18		promised that they will advise.
19	COMM. BOGLE:	We have not got the name of the person
20		who will be representing Jamaican
21		Redevelopment Foundation. We have one of
22		the attorneys here, I don't know if he
23		can shed some light on it. Mr. Goffe?
24	MR. GOFFE:	Mr. Commissioner, I certainly intend to
25		ensure that the statement is circulated

1		as quickly as possible and I am sure
2		that Mr. Levy will get the copy of the
3		statement.
4	COMM. BOGLE:	Do you know who will be representing
5		JRF, can you say?
6	MR. GOFFE:	I can't say Commissioner.
7	COMM. BOGLE:	Just the name of the person who will be
8		representing the organization?
9	MR. GOFFE:	Sure, Mr. Jason Rudd.
10	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr Jason Rudd?
11	MR. GOFFE:	Yes, sir.
12	MR LEVY:	And how long Mr. Jason Rudd has been
13		there?
14	COMM. BOGLE:	When he comes we will ask him.
15	MR LEVY:	Mr. Chairman, what I am trying to avoid
16		is a man who has just come to the
17		company coming to give evidence of
18		things which happened five years ago.
19	COMM. BOGLE:	Well, put it this way, we have Mr.
20		Campbell and Mr. Campbell is giving
21		evidence about something that was before
22		his time.
23	MR LEVY:	Mr. Campbell can't even give evidence
24		enough of his own company.

COMM. BOGLE: No, let us not go there.

1	MR. LEVY:	Mr. Chairman, I just want to put you on
2		notice.
3	COMM. BOGLE:	However, we will deal with that question
4		on Tuesday morning.
5	MR LEVY:	Yes, sir.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	And you Mr. Goffe, please submit the
7		statement as early as possible.
8	MR. GOFFE:	I just wish to remind the Commission
9		that JRF submitted a statement in 2009,
10		June 2009 JRF submitted a statement.
11		And in light of the information which
12		has come to light then we are doing a
13		revised supplementary. I am not sure if
14		Mr. Levy has been provided with this
15		statement from June 26, 2009, but
16		perhaps he could get to work on that if
17		the Commission is so minded to assist
18		him.
19	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay, we will look into that matter and
20		obtain a copy so that Mr. Levy can get
21		that while you work on the update or the
22		additional one.
23	MR. LEVY:	Thank you, sir.
24	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay ladies and gentlemen, we will then
25		adjourn until Tuesday morning at 9:30.

1 2	At that time the representative from Jamaican
3 4	Redevelopment Foundation should be here.
3 4	Thank you very much. Have a good afternoon.
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6	ADJOURNMENT
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