VERBATIM NOTES
OF
COMMISSION OF ENQUIRY INTO CIRCUMSTANCES THAT LED TO THE COLLAPSE OF THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE 1990s
HELD AT
THE JAMAICA PEGASUS HOTEL 81 KNUTSFORD BOULEVARD, KINGSTON 5
ON
WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 2011

## PRESENT WERE:

#### COMMISSIONERS

Mr. Charles Ross Mr. Worrick Bogle

## COUNSEL FOR THE COMMISSION

Hon. Justice Henderson Downer (Retired)

## SECRETARY TO THE COMMISSION

Mr. Fernando DePeralto

## REPRESENTING JAMAICAN REDEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

Mrs. Sandra Minott-Phillips - Attorney-at-Law Mr. Gavin Goffe- Attorney-at-Law

# REPRESENTING MR PATRICK HYLTON

Mr Dave Garcia - Attorney-at-Law

## REPRESENTING FINSAC LIMITED

Mr. Bryan Moodie - Attorney-at-Law Ms. Danielle Chai - Attorney -at-Law

## **GIVING EVIDENCE**

Mr. Elon Beckford

1		May 4, 2011
2		COMMENCEMENT: 9:30
3	COMM. BOGLE:	Good morning ladies and gentlemen. This
4		hearing is now in session and for the
5		records may we have the names of the
6		attorneys present.
7	MR. GOFFE:	Sandra Minott Phillips and Gavin Goffe
8		instructed by Myers Fletcher & Gordon,
9		we appear for Jamaican Redevelopment
10 11	MR. GARCIA:	Foundation Inc. Dave Garcia representing Patrick Hylton.
12	MR. MOODIE:	Bryan Moodie and Danielle Chai
13		instructed by Messrs Samuda and Johnson
14		representing FINSAC.
15	COMM. BOGLE:	Thank you. This morning, at the request
16		of Mr. Hylton's chamber on behalf of BOJ
17		we have asked Mr. Elon Beckford to
18		return for cross-examination. So Mr.
19		Beckford, can you please come forward.
20	MR. GOFFE:	Mr. Commissioner, could I point out that
21		when we broke the last time I actually
22		had not completed the cross-examination,
23		so I go first.
24	COMM. BOGLE:	Okay.
25		Mr. Beckford sworn

1	COMM. BOGIE:	Thank you. Mr. Goffe.
2		CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MR. BECKFORD BY MR.
3		GOFFE
4	MR. GOFFE:	Thank you Mr. Chairman. I will need to
5		refer to the transcripts I think at some
6		point and because of the length of the
7		transcripts I actually brought them on
8		my laptop and I am hopeful that some
9		time, very shortly, I will be
10		facilitated with some power so that I
11		can properly make reference to the
12		transcripts but until then I will just
13		go as far as I can.
14	Q:	Good morning Mr. Beckford.
15	A:	Good morning Mr. Goffe.
16	Q:	Mr. Beckford, could I enquire if you are
17		here voluntarily or if you were summoned
18		to appear before the Commission?
19	A:	I was summoned to appear.
20	Q:	You have to speak into the mike a little
21		more. Mr. Beckford, this morning I
22		would want to pick up where I left off
23		in relation to the loan approval process
24		which the Horizon, and by Horizon I am
25		referring to the Merchant Bank and the

1		Building Society, I want to look at their
2		loan approval process a little closer. And
3		in doing so, I would like to focus on some of
4		the debtors who have given evidence at this
5		Commission of Enquiry where their loans
6		emanated from Horizon. Now, I want to start
7		with DEBTOR1. Prior to
^		9 July 1994, did you have a personal
10		relationship with DEBTOR1?
11	A:	I don't know what you mean by personal
12		relationship, please explain.
13	Q:	Do you know DEBTOR1?
14	A:	Yes, sir.
15	Q:	Could you describe the nature of your
16		relationship with him prior to July
17		1994?
18	A:	The dates, I am not going to get into
19		any dates but all I would say I know him
20		and there was some time that a group of
21		us had invested in an agricultural
22		project, that is basically it.
23	Q:	Would you describe him as a business
24		partner of yours?
25	A:	I would say he was one of the investors

1		in the project, we were all independent
2		shareholders, so I didn't have any
3		personal relationship, all we were we
4		were shareholders in a common company,
5		that was the extent.
6	Q:	Shareholders in a company?
7	A:	Yes, and again I want to point out the
8		shareholding was not held by me
9		personally, it was held by one of our
10		investment companies, so it was one of
11		our investment companies that had an
12		investment in a company, was a
13		shareholder in a company which he was
14		also a shareholder.
15	Q:	When you say 'our' you are referring to
16		you personally or are you referring to
17		the Horizon Group?
18	A:	When I say 'our', remember now, the
19		Horizon Group had different interests so
20		it would have been one of the Horizon
21		Group companies that had interest in a
22		particular project and just to point out
23		that we subsequently sold our shares in
24		the investment and after that we had no
25		further dealing with it.

1	Q:	But you personally did not
2	A:	No.
3	Q:	Now, do you recall, do you remember
4		DEBTOR1's account with Horizon, it
5		was in the name of DEBTOR1COMPANY
6		?
7	A:	I just can't recall the details, sir,
8		because I didn't deal with the accounts
9		on a day to day basis, I know at one
10		stage he had a borrowing relationship
11		with us, but I don't remember the
12		details, I can't recall any of those
13		details because I had no need to refresh
14		my mind or anything, and I don't have
15		any records anyhow.
16	Q:	Okay. From your knowledge or from your
17		recollection, would you say that he was
18		a typical customer of Horizon or
19		alternatively was he a typical
20		developer, customer of Horizon?
21	A:	Well he was, I have no reason to
22		remember him as anything but being a
23		typical customer; I would think based on
24		my recollection, he maybe was one of the
25		developers that I was dealing with and

1		maybe the first time in the Horizon
2		context, a lot of the other developers I
3		had worked with previously elsewhere,
4		but I was maybe dealing with him in our
5		context as a developer for the first
6		time.
7	Q:	When you gave evidence before this
8		Commission you spoke about good loans
9		becoming marginal and you also spoke
10		about good loans becoming bad ones?
11	A:	Correct.
12	Q:	Would you consider DEBTOR's loan to
13		have been a good loan?
14	A:	What I am willing to say that all our
15		loans at the time that were booked in
16		were good loans and the reason for that,
17		as I said we had a rating system and if
18		a loan fell below a particular rating we
19		would not have booked the loan; as I
20		said pretty much all the loans we
21		booked, we booked only good loans at the
22		inception.
23	Q:	Could I ask the witness to be shown this
24		document please.
25		(Document shown to witness)

1		Mr. Beckford I just handed you a letter
2		from DEBTOR to you as Chairman of
3		the Horizon Merchant Bank dated July 13
4		1994?
5	A:	Right.
6	Q:	Do you recall receiving this letter.
7	A:	I don't recall receiving it but I see my
8		notes and hand on it so I can say some
9		of these scribblings here or writings
10		here look like me.
11	Q:	Could I ask then that it be entered into
12		evidence, I am not sure how you wish to
13		number it, if you wish to number it in
14		relation to DEBTOR or in relation to
15		Mr. Beckford?
16	COMM. BOGLE:	In relation to Mr. Beckford, so we will
17		put EM.
18	MR. GOFFE:	Mr. Beckford you said this is your
19		handwriting on this document?
20	A:	Well it looks like my handwriting.
21	Q:	In this letter DEBTOR says.
22		Dear Mr. Beckford
23		Re loan of \$X Million, and then I see
24		handwriting where it says \$X Million.
25		It says:

1		Enclosed please find the following, and
2		it says title Volume/Folio (PROPERTY1) to
3		be used as collateral; and
4		2. Valuation report for Volume/Folio,
5		(PROPERTY1)
6		3. Article and Memorandum of Association
7		for DEBTOR1COMPANY.
8		Trusting you will find the same in
9		order.
10		Yours sincerely.
11		Mr. Beckford, is the letter consistent
12		with a first borrowing by <b>DEBTOR1COMPANY</b>
13		?
14	A:	Well, as I said, when I said first
15		borrowing, I don't know when it started.
16	Q:	Let me explain what I mean by first
17		borrowing. I mean not in terms of the
18		first facility but the beginning of the
19		relationship between <b>DEBTOR1COMPANY</b>
20		and
21		Horizon Merchant Bank.
22	A:	Well, we started operating before 1994,
23		so I don't know if there was a loan
24		prior to 1994, I don't remember.
25	Q:	Would it be normal for Horizon to have

1		granted a loan to <b>DEBTOR1COMPANY</b>
2		without having the Article
3		and Memorandum of Association?
4	A:	Yes, because Legal, and again remember
5		now this is something between Legal and
6		Credit Admin, they would deal with those
7		details so I wouldn't expect Legal to
8		authorize the disbursement of any loan
9		before they satisfy themselves about the
10		relevant documentation.
11	Q:	So based on the fact that <b>DEBTOR1COMPANY</b>
12		was sending you and Horizon
13		the Article and Memorandum of
14		Association in 1994, is it safe to
15		assume that there was no borrowing
16		relationship prior to 1994?
17	A:	I couldn't say that, maybe previous
18		relationship could have been paid off
19		and was restarting and all his documents
20		have been returned so I don't have a
21		basis to come to that, that it was a
22		conclusive thing, yes, it could be an
23		assumption that one could make but one
24		could not make it as a conclusive
25		decision but, yes, it is a reasonable

1		assumption one could make.
2	Q:	Okay, let's look at the handwriting on
3		this, I see handwriting in the right
4		hand side towards the top right hand
5		side, it says \$000,000 per month, and I
6		am not sure what that word is, is that
7		word 'clearing'?
8	A:	I am not sure what that is either, I am
9		not sure.
10	Q:	August 31, 1994.
11	A:	I guess that maybe could be
12		'commencing'.
13	Q:	And there is an arrow and it says 'not
14		exceeding thirty six months' and do you
15		see below that where it says 'first
16		project', is that your handwriting
17		still?
18	A:	Yes, I think so, it looks like it.
19	Q:	And you see where it says there, I think
20		that should be 'regd' probably short
21		for registered '1989 but not
22		operated'?
23	A:	Yes.
24	Q:	Do you see at the bottom left hand side
25		where it says 'Rate - 70'%?

1	A:	Yes.
2	Q:	And it says is that a commitment fee
3		of two percent there.
4	A:	Yes.
5	Q:	And guarantee of DEBTOR1?
6	A:	Yes.
7	Q:	Having seen this document, isn't it safe
8		to say that DEBTOR1 started his
9		borrowing relationship with Horizon at a
10		rate of seventy percent?
11	A:	As I said, remember now and I keep on
12		saying, let's not push it down, I cannot
13		conclusively say that this was his first
14		loan because I don't know if he had one
15		previously which was paid but you can
16		say it is a 1994 loan, it appears from
17		this but I could never go by this alone
18		to come to that conclusion because
19		naturally I would like to see the file
20		because in the file you have the
21		commitment letter, the credit proposal,
22		because this is not the credit proposal
23		so you would have to look at all of that
24		documentation before we take this any
25		further. This would be a note, I don't

1		deal with notes, so this would have been
2		a note going out to the Credit Admin and
3		other people to do their processing. So
4		just treat that as a referral come to
5		you, passed on to be actioned by the
6		officers.
7	Q:	Let me show you the commitment letter,
8		it's already in evidence?
9	A:	But what about the credit proposal?
10	Q:	Coming to that.
11	A:	But Commissioner, the issue though as it
12		relates to individual borrowers and the
13		details, you will recall, I mean you
14		would expect that I hope we don't
15		waste, well spend too much time on those
16		details because I really can't recall a
17		lot of those details and I was never
18		dealing with those details, so as it
19		relates to the role of the Commission, I
20		think our time could be better spent
21		focusing on some more fundamental
22		things, because things like loans and
23		the details, all of those records speak
24		for themselves and they are there, so I
25		am not sure what is the real value I

1		will be adding as it relates to details,
2		but if there are policy issues that the
3		organization would like me to help them
4		with that would be useful but let's not
5		bagged down going into details when
6		those are there for records and really
7		won't change the price and so on.
8	Q:	I am showing the witness DEBTOR1.54, that is
9		the commitment letter dated well
10		Mr. Beckford could you assist us with
11		the date of that commitment letter?
12	A:	It is dated June 1994.
13	Q:	June 1994?
14 15	A: COMM. BOGLE:	July sorry. What number?
16	MR. GOFFE:	DEBTOR1.54.
17	COMM. BOGLE:	Mr. Gaffe, just before you continue, can
18		you say what is the purpose of the
19		cross-examination, where you intend to
20		go, based on the suggestion of Mr.
21		Beckford and based on the documents that
22		you are bringing forward now, we would
23		have dealt with them with DEBTOR1,
24		what are you trying to achieve, what are
25		we trying to achieve?

1	MR. GOFFE:	I have no difficulty. The first point
2		is that DEBTOR1 has given certain
3		evidence before this Commission which
4		only Mr. Beckford can say whether it is
5		correct or not.
6	COMM. BOGLE:	But the document, for instance, let us
7		use the one for argument sake, this
8		document was put in when DEBTOR1
9		came, it was not refuted by anyone, Mr.
10		Beckford is simply going to read it and
11		he can't refute it or not, I don't see
12		what he going to add to that.
13	MR. GOFFE:	Let me remind the Commissioner, DEBTOR1
14		did try to refute that letter, he
15		said he didn't recall borrowing at 70%,
16		he said it wasn't his first borrowing,
17		that it was a restructuring but no
18		document or evidence to support that.
19		The files do not the evidence which
20		we do have is not consistent with it
21		being a restructuring and I am trying to
22		find out if in fact it was. That is one
23		point but on a more general note, Mr.
24		Commissioner, certainly it seems to be
25		well within the remit and terms of

reference of this Commission to examine 1 the circumstances under which loans were 2 granted in the first place. Now, we have 3 before us, sir, a rare opportunity of asking a banker and providing him with the documents which would have been before the Credit 6 Committee or the Board as it were at the time that the loans were granted. We have a 8 positive statement from Mr. Beckford where he 9 has said that because of certain 10 circumstances good loans turned bad, and he 11 has called DEBTOR1's loans and all the others 12 and remember I think Horizon has -- there are 1.3 more debtors at this Commission from Horizon 14 than from other financial institutions, I 15 think, I may be wrong but certainly, we must 16 be in a position to test the statement that 17 all the loans were good loans including 18 DEBTOR1's, including DEBTOR2's and to find 19 out the basis on which that statement has 2.0 been made and to test the accuracy of that 21 statement and I think the only way we can do 22 that is by going 2.3

24

1		through this process that we are going
2		through now. All of the credit, the
3		proposals and the internal communication
4		which the Commission asked Mr. Beckford
5		to bring, if I recall from the letter
6		which was sent summoning him to the
7		Commission, Mr. Beckford did not come
8		with any documents because he said he
9		didn't have any. It can't be that if I
10		am giving him the very documents, some
11		of them addressed to him with his
12		handwriting on them that this is not a
13		useful use of the Commission's time to
14		see what was going through the bank's
15		mind when it was granting these loans
16		which are the very subject of this
17		Commission of Enquiry; that is the
18		reason why I am asking these questions.
19	COMM. BOGLE:	Which is reasonable but I will ask you
20		to try and move as quickly as possible
21		based on time and so on.
22	MR. GOFFE:	I certainly intend to do that.
23	A:	May I just say something as well. As I
24		said I don't have all the information
25		but based on I think we also have to

1		be fair to all sides because if any of
2		these matters are in court with the
3		Foundation, I think those matters should
4		be disclosed to the Commission as well
5		so if any of these borrowers have a
6		legal matter in court, with JRF, I think
7		that should be disclosed at this stage
8		as well.
9	COMM. BOGLE:	I take it that when the persons for
10		instance, DEBTOR1 came to give
11		evidence, all those information would
12		have, I hope, come to the Commission.
13	A:	Okay.
14	MR. GOFFE:	Now Mr. Beckford, having looked at that
15		letter, that commitment letter, and also
16		having looked at the letter to you of
17		July 13, 1994, are you in a better
18		position now to state whether
19		DEBTOR1's rate of 70% was an original
20		interest rate or was a restructuring of
21		an existing facility?
22	A:	I cannot say from this, that is why I
23		would need to see the proposal before I
24		could answer that conclusively.
25	Q:	If I could get that document. Hold on to

1		it, I will take it back at the
2		appropriate time. I believe in
3		cross-examination you had said that we
4		would not see a commitment letter with
5		an original rate of 70% with your
6		signature on it, and I think I must
7		agree with that statement because
8		actually you did not sign that
9		particular document but would you now
10		accept that there are commitment letters
11		from Horizon Merchant Bank with rates of
12		70% on them?
13	A:	Just go back though to the original
14	Q:	Are you accepting or you are not
15		accepting? Let me know first so I can
16		put in context your explanation?
17	A:	The issue has to do with whether or not
18		I said that.
19	Q:	Okay, that is where the transcripts come
20		in?
21	A:	And that is what I am saying, remember
22		in that exchange I had several
23		discussions and I made several examples
24		and said there are situations but I did
25		go on to say possibly but not likely and

1		so on, I did not make any decisive
2		statement, because I mean fourteen years
3		I don't remember everything in fourteen
4		years, so in that response I did start
5		out but went on to put a number of
6		different possibilities on the table and
7		I remember coming down to say, I can't
8		say definitively but it is possible, but
9		I wouldn't worry about that.
10	Q:	You wouldn't worry about it. Okay, sir.
11		Mr. DePeralto, could you retrieve that
12		commitment letter and replace it with
13		this please.
14		(Document shown to witness)
15		Mr. Beckford, I handed you a document
16		with some handwriting on it which has a
17		receipt stamp on it of August 3, 1994;
18		your name appears at the top left hand
19		corner of it, can you say whose
20		handwriting this is?
21	A:	I am not sure, but I really don't know,
22		I am not sure,
23	Q:	For the benefit of the Commissioner I
24		will say that this was taken from
25		Horizon Merchant Bank credit file?

1	COMM. BOGLE:	The Commission is not privy to that
2		document.
3	MR. GOFFE:	The file?
4	COMM. BOGLE:	We are not privy to that document.
5	MR. GOFFE:	I made enough copies.
6		(Copies given to Commissioners)
7		Right, I was saying Mr. Commissioner
8		that this document was taken from the
9		credit file, and the it's in relation to
10		DEBTOR1COMPANY.
11		Could I ask that this be
12		entered as EB2. And I will try my best
13		to read it Mr. Beckford. It says.
14		Elon,
15		DEBTOR1COMPANY
16		
17		1. It is not clear what loan of \$X
18		million to be used for, is it
19		infrastructure work and if so what is
20		our cost?
21		2. Why \$X million as an initial
22		disbursement?
23		3. Are future disbursements to be made
24		against Quantity Surveyor's Certificates
25		and what is the level of presales

1		required?
2		Do not understand what you mean by
3		satisfy interest rate record.
4		4. Repayment, is this coming from
5		company's cash flow and not from sale of
6		lots/units? If from company's cash flow
7		what financial support/evidence has been
8		provided to show this is feasible?
9		Does that refresh your memory a little
10		bit Mr. Beckford?
11	A:	No, but this would be the typical type
12		of note and discussion that would take
13		place by officers who were in the
14		process of preparing a submission, so
15		those would be the points they would be
16		seeking to get clarified before they
17		submit the proposal.
18	Q:	This is not from the Credit Committee
19		though?
20	A:	More than likely it would be from one of
21		the credit officers or the President or
22		somebody, somebody who deals this is
23		basically the application being
24		processed which shows that it is a good
25		system where the checks and balances and

1		things are being properly scrutinized.
2		That is basically what it says.
3	Q:	Any particular reason why this is
4		addressed to you?
5	A:	Come on counsel, don't waste time, the
6		letter was addressed to me, clearly it
7		has these notes on it, I would have
8		forwarded this to somebody. This is a
9		letter that came to me, all I would have
10		done is make some notes on the letter
11		and forward it to the President or the
12		Senior Credit Officer.
13	Q:	Forwarded DEBTOR1's letter, I am
14		asking you if there is any reason that
15		the letter, EB2 or this handwritten note
16		is addressed to you for you to answer
17		these questions?
18	A:	If I referred this letter to an officer,
19		isn't that a natural flow from that?
20	Q:	I don't know, I don't work at Horizon.
21	A:	What I am trying to say if the letter
22		was addressed to me and I forwarded it
23		and the note came back to me to say, do
24		you have any better that's
25		reasonable, but you are asking why it

1		was addressed to me.
	•	
2	Q:	Was it your job, your function, to
3		respond to these queries?
4	A:	No, most times what you would do,
5		because remember, one of the things
6		about business development, when you are
7		doing business development you go
8		looking loans, if you get a referral,
9		because when you see this, this is a
10		referral to the process.
11	Q:	I did not get the answer though, were
12		you supposed to answer these questions?
13	A:	No, what I think the officer is saying,
14		based on the information we have so far,
15		before I go back to the customer no,
16		no, what they say, if you can help me
17		with these, give me what you have before
18		I go to the customer, that is basically
19		it.
20	Q:	So you had personal knowledge of what
21		the structure would be? The question I
22		am asking you, sir, is why were the
23		questions being directed to you for you
24		to answer and not say a discussion
25		between the Credit Committee and the

1		borrower, the proposed borrower?
2	A:	Come counsel, counsel, think for a
3		moment, if senior counsel
4	Q:	Could you answer the question please Mr.
5		Beckford?
6	A:	Chairman, let us just establish
7		something. If we are going to go into
8		yes and no, stop wasting my time because
9		what you can do is send me the questions
10		and I will answer them because there is
11		no need what we are trying to do is
12		help the Commission to have an
13		understanding, this is not about yes or
14		no answers, I don't see what this
15		excitement is about.
16	Q:	I think I asked you three times and you
17		have not answered it.
18	A:	And I am trying to explain.
19	Q:	I will be patient, I was trying to move
20		it quickly but I will be patient.
21	COMM. BOGLE:	Let him answer it.
22	MR. GOFFE:	Sorry, I will be patient, I am giving
23		you a chance to answer the question.
24	A:	The point I am making, what I am trying
25		to explain, if a principal refers

1		something to another member of the team,
2		before you go back to the customer,
3		isn't it logical that you would say to
4		the person doing the referral, do you
5		have any better particulars before you
6		go and talk to the customer? That's just
7		so. So what I am trying to say, it was
8		not expecting any specific answer from
9		me, it was just a query, do you have any
10		information on these areas. That is
11		what it was all about.
12		(Document passed to Mr. Beckford)
13	Q:	I have just handed to you, sir, the
14		financial statements of New World
15		Realtors Limited for the year ended
16		December 31, 1993. Could I ask
17		Mr. Commissioner, that this be entered
18		as EB3. And I would just point out that
19		according to this Balance Sheet,
20		DEBTOR1COMPANY didn't have a lot of
21		money, isn't it, Mr. Beckford?
22	A:	I don't know.
23	Q:	You don't know, okay. I will move on.
24		Now, Mr. Beckford, Horizon granted or
25		disbursed the loan some time I think

1	the date from recollection was
2	August 12, 1994, I think it disbursed the
3	first tranche which was \$X Million of the \$X
4	Million facility. Now, when you had given
5	evidence you had said that records would
6	show that you had many borrowers who had
7	perfect records, or excellent records of
8	paying their loans until the interest rates
9	went up. Having said that, I want to show you
10	this letter and I want to know if you still
11	maintain that position. This is a letter
12	dated December 12, 1994 from DEBTOR1COMPANY
13	to Horizon Merchant Bank. Could I ask that
L 4	it be entered as EB4, Mr. Chairman. It says.
15	Attention Mr. XXXXX
16	Re Demand Loan \$X Million
17	DEBTOR1COMPANY
18	We are presently experiencing a little
19	difficulty with our receivables; hence our
20	payment which became due on the 30th of
21	November is still unpaid.
22	Please note that we are making every
23	effort to settle our account speedily.

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1		We beg for your patience and
2		understanding in this regard.
3		It appears on the face of the record
4		that in respect of a loan granted or
5		disbursed in August that difficulties
6		were encountered by November. That said,
7		sir, are you still of the view that you
8		would find that most of Horizon
9		customers had excellent records of
10		repayment until the rates increased?
11	A:	Absolutely.
12	Q:	Are you still of the view that granting
13		a loan to DEBTOR1COMPANY
14		at 70 percent was
15		sustainable for DEBTOR1COMPANY?
16	A:	Yes, I am sure once we approved it, it
17		was sustainable.
18	Q:	Okay. Speaking of interest rates, isn't
19		it true that Horizon Merchant Bank had
20		the highest or among the highest
21		interest rates in the market at the
22		time, around 1993/1994?
23	A:	No, we were within our peer group.
24	Q:	Okay. Would you be surprised if I told
25		you that for the quarter ending

1		September 1994, according to the Bank of
2		Jamaica's records, the average lending
3		rate was 61.3 percent?
4	A:	Well
5	Q:	You would be surprised?
6	A:	I don't know what average, is it average
7		for the commercial banks?
8	Q:	The average for the commercial banks?
9	A:	I was not a commercial bank.
10	Q:	So there were different averages for
11		commercial banks as against merchant
12		banks, I am asking?
13	A:	Yes.
14	Q:	So merchant banks had higher interest
15		rates than commercial?
16	A:	Absolutely, yes.
17	Q:	But certainly as it relates to deposit
18		rates, would you be surprised to know
19		that the average for deposits
20		\$100,000.00 and over for that same
21		period was 34 percent for six to 12
22		months, deposits?
23	A:	And again, I will just ask, I don't know
24		what that average is about, average for
25		what, for who, for what sector, for

1		what, I don't know so I can't be
2		surprised; I have no basis to respond to
3		that.
4	Q:	But you do recall saying that Horizon
5		Merchant Bank, because it was a
6		indigenous financial institution, not
7		because it was indigenous but because it
8		was small, that they were not going to
9		be giving up their profitability, they
10		were not going to be sacrificing
11		profitability?
12	A:	I said no such nonsense.
13	Q:	You remember saying though - forget the
14		reasons for it - you remember saying
15		that Horizon was not going to be
16		sacrificing profitability?
17	A:	No.
18	Q:	You don't remember saying that?
19	A:	All I am saying is what I was putting, I
20		was explaining interest margins and
21		those things and putting them in
22		context. I don't remember what the exact
23		wording was and so I won't say yes or
24		no. What I was doing was putting things
25		in context and you have to take things

1		in its total context.
2	Q:	Sure, no problem, we will help you to
3		put it in context. Now, I have just
4		handed a letter to you from DEBTOR1-
5		COMPANY, signed by DEBTOR,
6		addressed to you as
7		Chairman of Horizon Merchant Bank, dated
8		March 17, 1995. Could I have this marked
9		EB5. I will just go through it quickly,
10		Mr. Beckford. It says:
11		Dear sir,
12		Re PROJECT1, repayment of X
13		Million Dollars (XM)
14		Presently we are in trouble with you due
14 15		Presently we are in trouble with you due to non-payment for the last two months.
		_
15		to non-payment for the last two months.
15 16		to non-payment for the last two months.  While we were making every efforts to
15 16 <b>17</b>		to non-payment for the last two months.  While we were making every efforts to  address the problem it would appear that
15 16 <b>17</b> 18		to non-payment for the last two months.  While we were making every efforts to address the problem it would appear that we are not able to do so.
15 16 <b>17</b> 18		to non-payment for the last two months.  While we were making every efforts to address the problem it would appear that we are not able to do so.  Our problem is in our financial ability
15 16 <b>17</b> 18 19		to non-payment for the last two months.  While we were making every efforts to address the problem it would appear that we are not able to do so.  Our problem is in our financial ability to complete the subdivision and collect
15 16 <b>17</b> 18 19 20 21		to non-payment for the last two months.  While we were making every efforts to address the problem it would appear that we are not able to do so.  Our problem is in our financial ability to complete the subdivision and collect outstanding monies owing. In addition
15 16 <b>17</b> 18 19 20 21 22		to non-payment for the last two months.  While we were making every efforts to address the problem it would appear that we are not able to do so.  Our problem is in our financial ability to complete the subdivision and collect outstanding monies owing. In addition to the slow sales, due also to the in-

1		clearing off some outstanding mortgages
2		and the other 50% on the PROJECT1
3		subdivision. So far, we have rough cut
4		the road, bought and installed
5		pipelines, installing culverts and
6		erecting a stone wall.
7		That's the substantial part of the
8		letter which I wish to read, but have a
9		look at the letter in its totality, sir,
10		and let me know if you interpret this
11		letter as a complaint about the interest
12		rate increasing and causing New World
13		Development to be unable to service its
14		debt.
15	A:	I don't see any evidence in this about
16		any complaint, there is no reference in
17		this letter to complaint about interest
18		rate, there is none,
19	Q:	And now, Mr. Beckford, we get to the
20		Credit Proposal Summary which you had
21		referred to earlier. I have just handed
22		to you, again from the files of Horizon,
23		Credit Proposal Summary in relation to
24		DEBTOR1COMPANY. Could I ask
25		Mr. Commissioner, that this be entered

1		as EB6.
2		Now, I just want to make one observation
3		in relation to this. It says it is dated
4		the 18th of October, 1996, but I think
5		that we will see when we go through the
6		document, I think that date ought to be
7		1995 from context.
8		Now, Mr. Beckford, this Credit Proposal
9		Summary was the only one I was able to
10		locate and it speaks to an increase in
11		the credit facility to be extended to
12		DEBTOR1COMPANY. On the box where
13		it says or the space for <b>Date of last</b>
14		Review is blank, would you conclude then
15		that this was the first Credit Proposal
16		Summary submitted in relation to New
17		World Development?
18	A:	Absolutely not.
19	Q:	Would you expect, if there had been a
20		prior Credit Proposal Summary that that
21		date would have been filled in, the Date
22		of Last Review?
23	A:	Not necessarily.
24	Q:	Not necessarily, okay. Risk
25		Classification and date, there is a

1		letter 'B' there, explain to us what
2		that means please?
3	A:	Well, it says 'B'.
4	Q:	Yes, what does 'B' mean?
5	A:	It comes after 'A' and so you have 'A'
6		and 'B'. I am not being facetious, 'A'
7		'B'.'C', so the rating system would be
8		'A' 'B' 'C', so you have a 'A' grade
9		loan and you have grade 'B' loan. That
10		is what that means.
11	Q:	Okay, thank you very much for that. So
12		then 'B' means it is not as good as 'A'?
13	A:	Yes.
14	Q:	But not as bad as 'C'?
15	A:	Exactly.
16	Q:	Why would 'C' not - it was a good loan
17		originally, what is the characteristic
18		which would make it 'B' as opposed to
19		'A' or opposed to 'C'?
20	A:	I don't have all that now. We had a set
21		of guidelines that we used, but just
22		looking at this I think the fact that he
23		had some delay in completing the
24		infrastructure on the first advance,
25		that would have affected his rating.

1	Q:	But somebody who had - again, I think
2		this was in October of 1996, somebody
3		who had already written two letters
4		complaining about failure to pay would
5		still maintain a 'B' rating?
6	A:	Remember Mr. Goffe, you had a technical
7		staff that was looking at certain things
8		and after they assessed those things and
9		they add them up, then they get the
10		rating. It was not a thing that they
11		just pulled out of the air.
12	Q:	Okay. Where it says Security Total
13		Collateral Value, what is that? Could
14		you read the handwriting which comes
14 15		you read the handwriting which comes after that, the bottom section of the
15		after that, the bottom section of the
15 16	A:	after that, the bottom section of the first page. The word 'completion',
15 16 17	A: Q:	after that, the bottom section of the first page. The word 'completion', what's the word after that?
15 16 17 18		after that, the bottom section of the first page. The word 'completion', what's the word after that?  Page 1?
15 16 17 18 19		after that, the bottom section of the first page. The word 'completion', what's the word after that?  Page 1?  Yes, the first page where it says
15 16 17 18 19 20	Q:	after that, the bottom section of the first page. The word 'completion', what's the word after that?  Page 1?  Yes, the first page where it says 'Security'.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q: A:	after that, the bottom section of the first page. The word 'completion', what's the word after that?  Page 1?  Yes, the first page where it says 'Security'.  Which one are you talking about?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q: A:	after that, the bottom section of the first page. The word 'completion', what's the word after that?  Page 1?  Yes, the first page where it says 'Security'.  Which one are you talking about?  I am looking at the Credit Proposal

1		'completion'?
2	A:	Collateral completion value.
3	Q:	That's value?
4	A:	Completion value of \$XX Million.
5	Q:	So your collateral was the completion
6		value as opposed to the actual value at
7		the date of this credit proposal?
8	A:	It would be both. I mean, I am sure they
9		- remember now the valuation and all
10		that would go with the credit proposal,
11		so what you would have is a current
12		value and an estimated value and
13		completion. You normally have both.
14	Q:	But your security, this is in
15		anticipation of it being completed.
16	A:	What Z am saying is you will have an
17		existing value, so the existing value
18		could be \$XX Million or \$XX Million and
19		when it is complete it would move to \$XX
20		MILLION and so $on.$
21	Q:	My question is, in relation to the
22		collateral which the bank considered it
23		had, did it consider that the collateral
24		it had was based on the completion value
25		as opposed to the current value?

1	A:	It is basically based on the current
2		value.
3	Q:	Okay, thank you. Now, this loan was
4		expected to be well, look at the
5		credit proposal itself, it gives the
6		impression that projected pay-out would
7		have been by March 31 1996; again,
8		that's part of the reason why I think
9		that the date at the bottom of the first
10		page should be 1995. Now, is this a
11		typical credit proposal at Horizon?
12	A:	No, and that's what I wanted to make.
13		This clearly is a working draft on the
14		file, because you will notice that there
15		is no - you see here "Approved/declined
16		by"
17	Q:	Yes.
18	A:	It is not signed. The only signature you
19		see here is the signature of a Credit
20		Manager who was putting something
21		together.
22	Q:	Okay.
23	A:	That would then be taken to the
24		President who would make some changes,
25		then it would go to the Credit

1		Committee, then the Credit Committee
2		would stamp it and so on, so that would
3		be the final proposal document. This
4		clearly is a draft proposal document.
5	Q:	Look on the last page, there is a word
6		that says 'approved'.
7	A:	I saw it.
8	Q:	Is that your handwriting?
9	A:	No, sir, I have never seen that
10		handwriting. Understand, when a thing
11		is approved by the Credit Committee, the
12		date approved, signed by the Chairman of
13		the Credit Committee and so on would be
14		stamped.
15	Q:	Are you saying then that if there is no
16		other credit proposal document in
17		Horizon's files, that improper procedure
18		was used to approve DEBTOR1COMPANY
19		?
20	A:	What I am willing to say is that there
21		must be other credit proposals.
22	Q:	There must be?
23	A:	Yes.
24	Q:	You would be surprised if you learned
25		that there was nothing else on the file?

1	A:	Absolutely.
2	Q:	The paragraph which says Risks, and let
3		me read for you:
4		The project is near completion and the
5		company has generated sufficient sale to
6		pay us out. The risk therefore is not
7		great.
8		Recommendations.
9		I am recommending the increase in this
10		facility in order to complete the
11		development as the ability to repay is
12		there.
13		In hindsight, Mr. Beckford, would you
14		say that those were accurate assessments
15		or analyses of the situation?
16	A:	Again, because this is not the final
17		project proposal document I cannot say
18		what was the final
19	Q:	I am not asking you about final, I am
20		asking in relation to the assessments
21		and analyses.
22	A:	You see, this is an officer expressing a
23		view.
24	Q:	Yes.
25	A:	That view doesn't become a corporate

1		view until it is acceptable by the
2		Credit Committee. So I am not sure if
3		that was what finally went through on
4		the final document, maybe the wording
5		was changed.
6	Q:	The question I am asking you is in
7		hindsight, was this a reasonable view?
8		I am not asking if it was the bank's
9		view, I am asking you based on this
10		officer's assessment, was this a
11		reasonable assessment?
12	A:	All I am just saying, this
13	Q:	I asked you one question you know, Mr.
14		Beckford.
15	A:	Just take it easy. Based on what the
16		officer is seeing the officer can
17		express his personal view. I have not
18		evaluated that to express an opinion
19		with the officer's view and so until I
20		have gone through and done my
21		assessment, I don't wish to express a
22		view on it because he having written
23		this, if I did a review on this, maybe I
24		would have changed the wording because
25		there are certain questions I would have

1		asked.
2	Q:	Would you be surprised to learn that
3		that increased facility was actually
4		approved on October 26, 1995?
5	A:	I wouldn't be surprised.
6	Q:	You would not be surprised?
7	A:	No. But what I am saying is that I
8		cannot say this was the final proposal
9		which guided the approval process.
10		That's all I am saying.
11	Q:	Okay. For the Commissioners' benefit
12		the approval is LP52, that's the letter
13		dated October 26, 1995. If the
14		Commissioners would like to see a copy I
15		have one here.
16	COMM. BOGLE:	LP52.
17	MR. GOFFE:	52.
18		Now, Mr. Beckford, the document just
19		handed to you is a letter dated September
		-
20		12, 1996 from Assistant Manager - Credit
20		
		12, 1996 from Assistant Manager - Credit
21		12, 1996 from Assistant Manager - Credit at Horizon Merchant Bank Limited to Mr.
21 22		12, 1996 from Assistant Manager - Credit at Horizon Merchant Bank Limited to Mr. Stephen Johnson, Attorney-at-Law.

1		Mr. Johnson.
2		Re: DEBTOR1COMPANY.
3		The captioned customer has defaulted on
4		its loan.
5		Kindly make formal demand for payment of
6		the outstanding balance. You are also
7		instructed to proceed to auction if
8		payment is not received.
9		Signed by Horizon Merchant Bank Limited
10		Would you accept, Mr. Beckford, that
11		within the space of a year of the
12		increased facilities that DEBTOR1-
13		COMPANY had defaulted and the bank
14		was looking to recover that as a bad
15		debt, would you accept that?
16	A:	What I will accept is that the record
17		speak for itself that there was a delay
18		in meeting the obligations and the
19		credit process was being followed.
20	Q:	Having seen all of that, Mr. Beckford,
21		are you still of the view that DEBTOR1-
22		COMPANY was a good loan?
23		
24	A:	Yes.
25		In relation to - you had made the point,

1		Mr. Beckford, that Horizon Merchant Bank
2		never compounded interest, is that
3		correct, you remember that?
4	A:	No, I don't remember saying that.
5		Compounded interest?
6	Q:	Yes.
7	A:	Well, it depends on what you mean by
8		compounded interest.
9	Q:	Okay, tell me the respect in which
10		Horizon compounded interest.
11	A:	Well, the point I was making is that we
12		did not have an add-on interest, but
13		what we did was compounded interest. Our
14		loans were all demand loans which would
15		be interest on the face amount, but if
16		your interest is outstanding and you had
17		to restructure a loan, sometimes we
18		structure the loan inclusive of
19		outstanding interest. But the point I
20		am making is that we did not use an add-
21		on system. And when we talk about
22		compound we talk about add-on.
23	Q::	Thank you for that clarification. But
24		you accept that Horizon always reserve
25		the right to compound the interest in

1		securing documentation?
2	A:	The honest truth is I don't remember the
3		details of these, but as I have
4		indicated to you the last time, most of
5		those legal documentation would have
6		been developed under the guidance of
7		Legal and therefore, all I am saying is
8		my recollection is that our legal
9		documentation could have given us that
10		right, but I am not going to say I
11		remember.
12	Q:	Mr. Beckford, how can compound interest
13		fees legally to a banker
14	A:	No, no, I am not saying legally, I am
15		saying the documentation. What I am
16		just trying to say is that I don't
17		remember if our promissory note had
18		specifically put that in as that as we
19		had the right to compound. That's what
20		I am saying, I don't remember if any of
21		our documentations stated that we
22		reserve the right to compound; I can't
23		remember. But as it relates to our
24		standard Promissory Note we basically
25		have a right to recover all outstanding

1		interests. So I don't remember.
2	Q:	I mean, I don't want to take too much
3		time, the records are here and the
4		Commission will see that that right in
5		fact was there.
6	A:	What I am saying is that
7	Q:	For the Commissioners' benefit, I could
8		just refer to "DEBTOR1.50", "DEBTOR1.51",
9		"DEBTOR1.53" those are mortgages. All three
10		of those are mortgages which contained the
11		clause of compounding of interest. You can
12		also take note, Commissioners of
13		DEBTOR2.17(a) through to (e), all of those
14		are Promissory Notes which also contained
15		the position about compounding of
16		interest.
17	A:	Commissioners, I just said to Counsel
18		the only reason I raised that, I know at
19		one stage there was of lot of debate
20		about whether or not those
21		documentations were going to be amended.
22		That's why I said I wasn't going to make
23		a statement, but once it is there you
24		know you take it as gospel. Definitely,
25		we have the right to.

1	Q:	Let's turn to DEBTOR2. Now, quickly
2		you remember DEBTOR2 - sorry, before
3		I do that. Could you let us know,
4		please, the company that was jointly,
5		there was a joint shareholding, what was
6		the name of that company with DEBTOR1?
7		
8	A:	That was ABC Limited.
9	Q:	ABC LIMITED?
10	A:	Yes. That was the company in which the
11		Horizon entities had taken a
12		shareholding with DEBTOR1 along with
13		other investors; that's the point I was
14		making, and then what we said, we
15		subsequently sold our shares in that
16		investment.
17	Q:	But did Horizon also lend money to
18		ABC LIMITED?
19	A:	That's why we sold. We did not lend
20		until we sold our interest.
21	Q:	And you are positive about that?
22	A:	All I am just saying is that as far as
23		the Merchant Bank is concerned, I said
24		that the Merchant Bank did not lend any
25		money to Morant Farms until we sold our

1		interest.
2	Q:	Was the Merchant Bank the shareholder in
3		the company?
4	A:	Not at all.
5	Q:	It was the Building Society?
6	A:	No, none of those entities.
7	Q:	What was the name of the entity which
8		was a shareholder of ABC LIMITED?
9	A:	It was Horizon Venture Capital.
10	Q:	Now to DEBTOR2. DEBTOR2 gave
11		evidence before this Commission that in
12		May of 1994 he received a loan from
13		Horizon Merchant Bank and Horizon
14		Building Society in the amount of
15		\$XX million. The purpose of the loan
16		was to assist in completing DEVELOPMENT1;
17		to cover interest expenses during
18		construction; legal and commitment fees,
19		and also to purchase a piece of land on
20		Waterloo Road. That original rate of
21		interest was 65 percent per annum. Is
22		that surprising to you sir, or is it
23		just 70 percent that is surprising?
24	A:	No, as I said wouldn't say the 65%
25		wouldn't be surprising. Again as I said

1		you have to look at the date and my
2		surprise would be based on the date so
3		that wouldn't be surprising.
4	Q:	Would not be surprising? I want to be
5		sure. Would not be surprising as an
6		original rate of interest.
7	A:	Well, again I raise the point -
8		remember I said it in the response. You
9		have to look at the credit, what were
10		the conditions of the credit, how the
11		facility was going to be serviced, how
12		it was going to be repaid. You have to
13		look at all the funding options, so it
14		depends.
15	Q:	DEBRTOR2 was - I am saying DEBTOR2,
16		I mean DEBTOR2COMPANY. These
17		construction companies received that
18		arrangement where the banks would make
19		provisioning facilities for the interest
20		on the loan. Now the documentation from
21		Horizon Merchant Bank indicated that
22		DEBTOR2 ought to have made monthly
23		payments towards interest and the
24		principal should have been repaid from
25		the sale of the lots. DEBTOR2 said

1 that - I am not trying to guote him. He 2 said whatever the documentation may say, 3 his arrangement with Horizon was that they would only be repaid when the lots 5 were sold and that his arrangement with 6 Horizon was not that he was required to 7 make monthly payment towards interest at 8 all. What he said was they had no funds 9 from which to make monthly payments of 10 interest. Could DEBTOR2 be correct? 11 I think again you need to understand Α: 12 because I spent a lot of time on this 13 the last time. The key is, if you read 14 the credit and the rated, the money that 15 would come from the interest provision 16 is his money so the fact that you say he 17 is responsible to pay the interest, what 18 you are doing, you are funding him to 19 pay the interest. So that's really the 20 thing because if it's there - I mean as 2.1 you say you would have seen all the 22 files. It was a clear condition. You 23 know you are getting 'x', or you are 24 getting 'y' which would be a provisional 25 sum to pay the interest. So when you say

1		he is responsible, he is still
2		responsible but you are
3	Q:	Who would pay the interest, was it the
4		bank would pay itself or was it
5	A:	I was saying
6	Q:	Let me finish my question. or was it
7		that he should have paid the bank from
8		moneys the bank loaned him?
9	A:	Yes, that's what I am saying.
10	Q:	Which one is it?
11	A:	He would be paying from moneys which the
12		bank loaned him.
13	Q:	So he was still required to make a
14		monthly payment?
15	A:	Yes, right, that's the point.
16	Q:	So if he failed to make a monthly
17		payment, regardless of where the sums
18		came from he would have been in breach
19		of his arrangement with Horizon Merchant
20		Bank?
21	A:	That's right.
22	Q:	And the documentation is accurate, or
23		rather accurate reflects the arrangement
24		between DEBTOR2COMPANY and Horizon, to the
25		best of your recollection?

1	A:	Absolutely.
2	Q:	Absolutely. DEBTOR2 made a
3		statement then that the method of
4		servicing interest, ensured that the
5		company was never delinquent on its
6		loans and that method was used
7		throughout the relationship between
8		DEBTOR2COMPANY and Horizon. Now when he
9		refers to the method he is referring to what
10		I said earlier where the bank was to pay
11		itself?
12	A:	That's right.
13	Q:	That isn't an accurate statement is it?
14	A:	Yes, but
15	Q:	Let me read the statement again. The
16		method of servicing interest ensured
17		that the company was never delinquent on
18		its loan.
19	A:	Again you have to deal with it as a
20		construction loan because
21	Q:	I want to know if that statement is
22		accurate.
23	A:	I know, but I am just clarifying because
24		in respect of construction loans during
25		the construction period that would be

1		accurate. You see you have to
2		understand if I said that I will cover
3		you for twelve months and the units are
4		completed and when they are completed
5		they sit there for months and they are
6		not sold then you are going to have a
7		default because you are moving to
8		another level.
9	Q:	I am talking about the interest now you
10		know, Mr. Beckford.
11	A:	Yes, I am saying the interest during
12		construction. That's all I am saying.
13		That, that should be added.
14	Q:	Where they required to pay interest
15		during construction?
16	A:	Yes, sir.
17	Q:	Yes, they were. Then let me ask the
18		question again. Is the statement that:
19		the method of servicing interest ensured
20		that the company was never delinquent on
21		its loan. Is that an accurate
22		statement?
23	A:	During construction, that's all I am
24		saying; that, that should be added to
25		complete it.

1	Q:	Was it accurate if no payment was being
2		made? What was it that made sure that
3		the company was never delinquent?
4	A:	Again, as I said the statement there,
5		all you had to do is just add to that to
6		get absolute accuracy during the
7		construction phase, that's all, and then
8		you have an accurate statement. We are
9		all looking at semantics and little
10		games but if you wanted meat and the
11		essence of what, that's it, just add.
12	Q:	You understand that he is saying that he
13		didn't have to pay you any money at all
14		during the construction phase?
15	A:	Yes.
16	Q:	And that's an incorrect statement isn't
17		it?
18	A:	No. What I am trying to say, I cannot
19		say yes or no but based on what we went
20		through already, the credit when it's
21		approved would indicate the parameters.
22		Let me tell you what I am talking.
23		Remember I went through this.
24	Q:	It is okay, Mr. Beckford.
25	A:	No, but I think

1	Q:	It's lost on me, it is okay, we'll move
2		on. I don't understood how those two
3		statements can be reconciled but I will
4		move on.
5	A:	Okay.
6	MR. GOFFE:	Mr. Commission, this actually might be
7 8	COMM. BOGLE:	an appropriate time now for us. Yes. We will have our ten-minute break. 9
10		B R E A K. 11
12		Ladies and gentlemen, this Commission is
13		now back in session.
14		Mr. Beckford, just a reminder that you
15		are still under oath.
16		Mr. Goffe.
17	MR. GOFFE:	Yes sir. I am afraid my machine is
18		taking a little while to bring up the
19		transcript but hopefully I can continue
20		with another line.
21		Mr. Beckford, we were looking at
22		DEBTOR2's financing and part of the
23		evidence which DEBTOR2 gave was that
24		the interest rate really did not matter
25		much to him at all. In fact he said

1		that given a particular set of
2		circumstances, he may have borrowed at a
3		hundred percent per annum. You have
4		said that you have found, or your
5		opinion, that borrowers could not
6		survive beyond a threshold of fifty
7		percent more than their original rate of
8		interest. Now, having regard to both of
9		those statements, one by DEBTOR2 on
10		the one hand and one by yourself on the
11		other, are you still of the view that,
12		that threshold which you referred to was
13		the maximum that a borrower could
14		sustain?
15	A:	Mr. Goffe, if you recall, I did not say
16		cannot above, what I did was explaining
17		the sensitivity we did and what I
18		explained that when we did our
19		sensitivity we found that a lot of the
20		projects could survive up to that level
21		within the range or the sensitivity
22		based on that. Outside of that range it
23		became more difficult, I didn't say it
24		couldn't. So that was the context in
25		which I was using the thirty five plus

1		fifty per cent or whatever the rate was.
2		So I was just using that to explain how
3		our credit evaluation process worked. I
4		wasn't saying that you can't survive
5		outside of that.
6	Q:	Did you find that the developers were
7	~	not particularly concerned with the
8		rates of interest that Horizon was
9		charging?
10	A:	I found everybody had concerns about the
	Α.	<del>-</del>
11		interest rate. The honest truth, I can't
12		remember anybody who would sign a
13		commitment letter without trying to find
14		out if that's the best rate, can you do
15		something else, and so on and so forth.
16		But I think the point which I think the
17		developer would be trying to say once
18		they evaluated their project and if they
19		felt that the project could sustain a
20		higher interest rate then they would be
21		more comfortable in taking on the
22		obligation. But I don't know of anybody
23		who signed, I can't recall almost
24		anybody signing any facility without
25		trying to see if they can negotiate a

1		better rate.
2	Q:	Now in relation to that threshold, the
3		evidence at this Commission thus far in
4		relation to Horizon debtors is actually
5		more in line with the rates trending
6		downwards on them as opposed to trending
7		upwards. I say that because DEBTOR1
8		started at seventy per cent; DEBTOR2
9		started at sixty-five per cent and he
10		ended up around the forties and fifties
11		by the time that the takeover took
12		place.
13		Now bearing that in mind, what would you
14		attribute, to what would you attribute
15		the inability of these Horizon
16		developers to service their good loans?
17	A:	Okay. Again it is understanding how a
18		construction loan works. Where most of
19		the developers experienced difficulties
20		is on completion of the project they had
21		difficulties finding purchases for the
22		new housing units. So if the project is
23		completed and you cannot find purchasers
24		for the units that's what was the big
25		difficulty, so that was the overriding

1		thing.
2	Q:	Are you prepared to accept that if
3		Horizon developers who have given
4		evidence before this Commission that it
5		was not the rising interest rate which
6		caused their projects to fail?
7	A:	No, I am not willing to accept that and
8		I'll just explain again for the
9		Commissioners.
10	Q:	You are not willing to accept?
11	A:	No, I am not because you see what
12		happened, I tell you is the other side a
13		lot of those units could not be sold
14		because the people could not afford the
15		mortgage rates. So that is the other
16		side of the interest rate, that's what I
17		am saying. So that's the point I am
18		making.
19	Q:	In relation to the rates being charged
20		to the developer, do you accept that the
21		rates which Horizon Merchant bank and
22		Building Society were charging to the
23		developer were not going up whilst the
24		projects were being completed?
25	A:	I thought you were going on to commend

1		the outstanding management and
2		leadership at Horizon
3	Q:	I leave that to you, sir.
4	A:	that we were moving our interest
5		rates in those directions. But
6		honestly, what I am saying here, we were
7		doing everything we can, and later on I
8		am sure it will come out, I'll explain
9		how we were able to bring down some of
10		those rates and so on, but the issue
11		here is that again, Counsel, bear in
12		mind that what was happening to the
13		developers, when you have thirty, forty
14		million dollars sitting there and you
15		are not selling any units and interest
16		is going on it every day, every month,
17		whether it is forty or fifty or sixty
18		per cent, what's going to happen, they
19		are going to get to the point where
20		sooner or later the cushion which they
21		had and the institution had start
22		disappearing. When we talk about the
23		impact of the interest rate that's what
24		we talk about, the impact.
25	Q:	The impact of the interest rate, you are

1		now referring to the interest rates of
2		the purchasers, not the developers.
3	A:	No, no, but what I am saying is how it
4		affected the developer is that when you
5		are a developer, and having done some of
6		that myself at a personal level, the
7		most scary thing is to have a scheme
8		sitting there completed and seeing the
9		interest clock running every day and no
10		sales coming through. It creates - it's
11		very uncomfortable. That's what I am
12		talking about, the impact. So when you
13		are adding on interest at fifty percent
14		a day going on to your loan it
15		multiplies pretty fast so it must crate
16		some discomfort when the sales aren't
17		going through. That's all I am saying.
18	Q:	Did Horizon Merchant Bank have any
19		particular expertise in terms of
20		assessing the viability of residential
21		development?
22	A:	Yes, we had very competent team of
23		consultants with special skills that we
24		had access to, to assist in that area.
25	Q:	And on that basis you would expect that

1		Horizon would have a smaller share of
2		the number of developers whose loans
3		turned from 'good' to 'bad' and who have
4		testified at this Commission?
5	A:	I don't think we can use the testifying
6		at the Commission as an indicator I am
7		not sure.
8	Q:	Let me take back the testifying to the
9		Commission. In relation to the
10		developers in general, whether they have
11		testified or not because it is a very
12		good point you make that there are very
13		many who have not testified, but in
14		relation to those who were bad debtors
15		and whose accounts were transferred to
16		FINSAC, would you expect that Horizon
17		would have a lower percentage of those
18		debtors?
19	A:	I don't have any basis to arrive at any
20		position there. All I will say though,
21		in my submission, if you will all recall
22		I did make it very clear that when we
23		look back at our structure over the
24		years and doing a critical assessment of
25		our operations, we did make it clear

1		that we had a high concentration in
2		construction loans in our operation, and
3		I did state that in my submission.
4	Q:	And in fact you said that you were
5		fortunate. You remember that?
6	A:	I don't remember what I said but as I
7		said what I wrote is written but I don't
8		remember what I said in any
9		cross-examination. But the point I am
10		making is that I did document that in my
11		presentation.
12	Q:	I crave your indulgence one second,
13		Mr. Chairman. I am still not fortunate
14		to have the transcript as yet. Now, I
15		want to remind you of this statement and
16		ask you if you are still of this view.
<b>17</b> 18		'No good developer had ever had any problems when the interest rates were at
19		manageable levels". Stand by that
20		statement, sir?
21	A:	Yes, I mean that's a general statement,
22		yes. I mean you
23	Q:	So in terms of these developers, is it
24		that they were not good or were their
25		rates not manageable?

1	A:	The rates within the context that I was
2		referring, and remember I was dealing
3		with rates in the 20's and 30's, so yes,
4		the rates were not manageable. So I was
5		trying to make the point that dealing
6		with the thing when I talk about
7		interest rates, let's come off the
8		developers, I am dealing with the
9		interest rates structure within the
10		total completion of a project. So that
11		includes the impact the interest rates
12		also have on the purchasers to take off
13		the units off developers. So when I make
14		the statement here
15	Q:	Do you agree that the interest rate to
16		the purchaser was not manageable,
17		similarly the interest rate to the
18		developer was not manageable?
19	A:	Yes. What I have said, it impacted
20		negatively on the overall viability of
21		the project, that's really the bottom
22		line.
23	Q:	Okay.
24	A:	Yes.
25	Q:	So again the statement was: "No good

1		developer had any problems when the
2		interest rates were at manageable
3		levels". And what you were saying then,
4		79% of interest rate was not a
5		manageable rate?
6	A:	And with your permission I could just
7		reword the statement, that's all I am
8		trying to say.
9	Q:	No, this statement is on the record.
10	A:	I understand. But all I am trying to say
11		that when you are dealing with the right
12		interest rate structure, the right
13		interest rate climate, no good developer
14		would have had a problem. That's the
15		point I am making. I am saying if the
16		interest rate structure is right, no
17		good developer, and that means low
18		interest rate to the developer, and the
19		borrowers, if that is right nobody would
20		have had a difficulty with that, that is
21		all I am saying.
22	Q:	So when you were lending at 70% and 65%
23		you expected to have difficulties?
24	A:	Counsel, I answered that previously. I
25		said to you that a lot of those

1		decisions were taken because we were
2		working on the assumption that sooner or
3		later the interest rates were going to
4		come down because if we saw these
5		interest rates going on indefinitely we
6		wouldn't have made those loans, and 1
7		have made it very clear. So each time
8		you made those loans you are making deep
9		down some assumptions that those
10		interest rates cannot be sustained at
11		those levels. And that's the essence of
12		it. The last time I spent a lot of time
13		on it and I don't think we should maybe
14		go back over all that again.
15	Q:	I only have the records for commercial
16		banks interest rates.
17	A:	You are not comparing apples with apples
18		so maybe you should not use it then, I
19		don't know.
20	Q:	Is it likely that the average lending
21		rates for commercial banks were trending
22		downwards whilst the average lending
23		rates for merchant banks were trending
24		upwards?
25	A:	No. As I said I don't have the basis of

1		the analysis to make a comment one way
2		or another because the assumptions,
3		maybe putting data together, can give
4		you different outcomes so it would be a
5		little wholeheartedly difficult to try
6		and even comment on that.
7	Q:	Would you agree though that as a banker
8		it is likely that they would both be
9		trending in the same direction?
10	A:	Generally. But as I said again, and I
11		keep on saying for example that's why
12		I am saying you are taking me into
13		technical issues. If there was a law,
14		when the BOJ changed the reserves in
15		respect of the merchant banks and
16		commercial banks, you would get a
17		different thing. If there was a
18		difference in what percentage of the
19		merchant bank deposits were getting
20		interest versus what percentage the
21		commercial banks were getting, and those
22		things were not always in unison, they
23		were all always different. So all I am
24		saying is, you would have to be looking
25		at the total context before you could

1		arrive at a conclusion. So you just
2		can't look at the end result and arrive
3		at a conclusion.
4	Q:	I don't have sufficient copies for the
5		Commission but if I could just ask for
6		some assistance where this is concerned.
7		I actually have the economic data from
8		the Bank of Jamaica Website which might
9		be of some assistance. I am not going to
10		ask any further questions to the witness
11		but certainly I would like to have it
12		there, just for the records to point out
13		that from what I am seeing here, the
14		highest interest rate for commercial
15		banks, average lending rate which was
16		the quarter ending March 19, 1994, it
17		was 66.9%, that was the peak in
18	COMM BOGLE:	66 repeat that for me, please?
19	MR. GOFFE:	66.9% that was peak in the quarter ended
20		March 1994. At the same time the
21		following year it was 48.82, and went
22		back up in 1996, quarter ended March
23		1996 it was 58.27. For the month of
24		March 1997 it was 47.92. And then just
25		for completeness to take us up to

1		March 1998, it's 44.17. I say that to
2		make the point that we have heard a lot
3		about interest rates trending upwards
4		and in some respect certainly prior to
5		1993 and 1994 that comment might have
6		been accurate. The developers, I am
7		looking at, commenced their borrowing
8		with Horizon Merchant Bank around '94/95
9		when rates were at their highest. They
10		went in and borrowed money at 70 and
11		65%. Sorry, it's one document.
12	COMM BOGLE:	Everything is together?
13	MR. GOFFE:	Mr. Commissioner, it's one document.
14		Each report, they do it by year so you
15		will see from 1993 moving on onwards and
16		up until 1995 I think, you will see that
17		it was quarterly and then I think
18		thereafter it became a monthly report.
19	COMM BOGLE:	All right.
20	MR. GOFFE:	The point I was making, sir, was that
21		whereas some developers who had started
22		their projects prior to 1993 and may
23		have been borrowing at 20 and 30% may
24		have fallen within that theory which
25		Mr. Beckford has put forward about

1	threshold, the borrowers who have
	actually testified before this
2	Commission do not fall within that category.
3	Their arrangements started, on the evidence
4	that we have before this Commission, between
5	1994 and 1995 when interest rates were at
6	their highest, their facilities trended
7	
8	downwards, not up. And so, the point I am
9	trying to understand is what really
10	accounted for these developers having such
11	difficulties and again, the
12	concentration with Horizon Merchant Bank is
13	something which I believe the Commission
	needs to take a very careful look at.
14	In response to the question from
15	Commissioner Bogle as to whether yes,
16	Commissioner Bogle said: "In one case a
17	developer was signing onto a loan over 70%.
18	In your view could a construction company pay
19	
20	70 odd percent on their borrowings and would
21	have survived?" Then Mr. Beckford's response
22	starts off by saying that: "It starts off
23	with a

O E

		big development at 20 odd, 30 odd percent
1		through no fault of the borrower or no fault
2		chilough no fault of the borlower of no fault
3		of the institution, through no fault of the
4		borrower and through no fault of the
5		developer, what you have now is this higher
6		interest rate". He didn't actually answer the
7		question until Mrs. Minott-Phillips asked
		for a specific answer and Commissioner Bogle
8		said that he understood the answer to be no,
9		that it couldn't survive. "Yes,
10		12 Commissioner Bogle, the answer was
13		effectively, no".
14		Mr. Beckford, are you familiar with the
15		term "ever-greening"?
16	A:	Yes, sir.
17	Q:	Could you explain to us what your
18		understanding of ever-greening is?
19	A:	Basically I guess it would be a practice
20		of ongoing I would say it's almost
21		like going to the Paris Club. You
22		remember when as a country we used to
23		go to Paris Club?
24	Q:	Sorry, I wasn't born then.
25	A:	Okay, good. That's the best reference 1
25	A:	Okay, good. That's the best reference 1

1		
2		can give you. It's like Jamaica going to the
3		Paris Club, that would be my best
4	Q:	description of evergreen.
		You could break it down for me.
5	A:	In those days what we used to do year after
6		year we would go and restructure the
7		country's debt.
8		So would you define 'ever-greening' as a
9		
10	A:	restructuring?
11		Yes, that would be part of the fair amount
12	Q	restructuring.
		Would you say then that Horizon Merchant
13		Bank did a lot of ever-greening?
14	A:	No, not a lot but we did some.
15	Q:	You did some?
16	A:	
17	Q:	Yes, and I said that in the submission. You
18		didn't actually use the word, I was hoping
19	A:	that
		You are trying to see if I know
20		economics or any of these things?
21	Q -	You know a lot.
22	A:	No, I don't know.
23	Q:	Would you say that in the case of DEBTOR1
24		
25		and in the case of Mr. DEBTOR2, that there
		was ever-greening?

1	A:	Absolutely not.
2	Q:	If you follow the files you could never
3		qualify those as evergreen. You saw the
4		stages which the loan went from one
5		level to the next? Even the limited
6		documentation which you gave here which
7		is only a part of the files certainly,
8		these would never qualify as
9		ever-greening?
10	A:	Absolutely not.
11	Q:	But they are in the structure?
12	A:	Yes. What I am just saying, the reasons
13		for theyou see, you have to look at
14		the reasons for the restructuring.
15	Q:	What would have made it ever-greening
16		then?
17	A:	Is that when you are restructuring
18		without any of the fundamentals
19		changing.
20	Q:	Did you see any of the fundamentals
21		changed in DEBTOR1's case?
22	A:	Yes. What you were seeing there is
23		overrun on construction, delays in
24		construction, those were some of the
25		fundamentals changing. In other words,

1		evergreen is where you are basically
2		restructuring the loan with no say no
3		additional new money is being paid out,
4		for example, that to me would be a
5		typical evergreen. In order words,
6		somebody is past due, you consolidate
7		your past due interest, you restructure
8		new fund, no delay, no set back, no
9		nothing. That to me would
10	Q:	So the fact that developers got into
11		difficulties and tried restructuring, it
12		means that there was no ever-greening?
13	A:	That's right, absolutely not.
14	Q:	Were there any capital injections which
15		were made by the developers at the point
16		which they experienced difficulties?
17	A:	I can say that I can't recall. Oh, come
18		on, I have been a good witness. If you
19		continue that is what I will do, I will
20		have to start saying I can't recall to
21		everything and we can press on.
22		(Laughter)
23	Q:	Now. Commissioner Bogle asked this
24		question. Could a part of those
25		attractions and this is now we are

1		talking about competing in the market
2		for deposits, could part of those
3		attractions be that you were
4		compromising interest rates, interest
5		rates that you charged as against
6		interest rates that you charged those
7		people in order to woo them to you which
8		might have created the liquidity
9		problem? Your answer: "No. It wouldn't
10		create so much at that time, the
11		liquidity problem was a profitability
12		problem, but the reality is, remember
13		now, when you are building a new
14		institution with fairly thin relatively
15		small equity base, you are not going to
16		compromise your profitability. So we
17		did not compromise our profitability,
18		what we did was made prudent decisions".
19	A:	All right, let me just explain again.
20	Q:	No, let me ask the question first.
21	A:	T am sorry, I thought you were waiting
22		for a response.
23	Q:	I am suggesting to you, sir, that part
24		of the difficulty faced by those
25		borrowers and you have testified here

1		today whose loans originated with
2		Horizon Merchant Bank was that Horizon
3		was not prepared to compromise
4		its profitability because it was a new
5		institution with a fairly thin
6		relatively small equity base.
7	A:	I am
8	Q:	You accept that suggestion or you don't?
9	A:	No, sir. Chairman, I think in fairness
10		to clarity I should go on to explain.
11		You have to take the two parts. There is
12		a part of the response further down
13		which you are omitting and you will also
14		have to take the context in which the
15		question was asked. Remember what the
16		Commissioner was putting to me was the
17		fact that maybe part of our difficulty
18		was that we were being so aggressive on
19		the interest rates that we were giving
20		up margins to attract business. And what
21		I went on to explain to him that we
22		didn't have the luxury of going out
23		there and doing that okay, so that was
24		the point. Then the second point I went
25		on to later, subsequently, I went on to

1		explain why we were able to compete is
2		because we were a small shop, very
3		efficient and therefore we could operate
4		with a smaller spread and smaller net
5		interest margin and that was the basis,
6		and I went on to say if we were not
7		competitive a lot of the borrowers would
8		have been in a position to look at other
9		options. So you have to take the total
10		response, don't just pick out piece and
11		then put into context.
12	Q:	And you thought that the interest rate
13		offered to your customers was a
14		competitive one?
15	A:	Within the context, and based on what
16		the options were at that time. Remember
17		we were talking about the peak period
18		but also which I am sure will come out
19		later you mentioned that you saw a
20		pretty aggressive reduction in our
21		interest rates subsequently and that
22		also somehow fits back into a particular
23		model and a particular program. It was
24		not being done in a vacuum.
25		In the context of when the developers

1		started facing difficulties, do you now
2		say to the developer, I am not going to
3		go any further, this 70 odd percent
4		doesn't make any sense, let's call it a
5		day, let's put the project up for sale?
6		Or do you sit together, and most of
7		those, it was not our decision alone,
8		it's a joint decision, what do you want
9		to do? Do you want us to call it a day?
10		Do you want to abandon it? Do you want
11		us to turn in the keys or do you want us
12		to try and find a way to get it
13		completed?
14	Q:	Now, are you saying, sir, that when a
15		loan was in default but the project was
16		not completed that the decision as to
17		what to do was a joint one?
18	A:	No, sir, and let me explain
19	Q:	Okay.
20	A:	No, no.
21	Q:	You have given a perfect answer, that's
22		fine.
23	A:	No Chair, I think we need to, because we
24		want to get the facts, this is not a yes
25		and no thing, we are not playing games

1		here. Yes, the point I was making is
2		that a development, the nature of the
3		development and I spent a lot of time
4		explaining, what happens when you have a
5		difficulty, and I was responding
6		specifically to how do you move from
7		rate 'x' to 'y' because that becomes a
8		part of the consideration, you then sit
9		with the developer and you say okay, we
10		can call it a day, we can go to the
11		market.
12	Q:	All right, stick a pin there so.
13		Remember I am not speaking about moving
14		from 'x' to 'y'.
15	A:	I know, but I am just dealing with the
16		context why you would have that
17		conference. So you would sit down and
18		say okay, we have some challenges here,
19		I now have to move your rate to 75, 80%
20		whatever it is.
21	Q:	Again, sir, remember I am not speaking
22		about an upward moving rate.
23	A:	I understand, but what I am saying, we
24		started at $'x$ , we had some difficulties
25		and I did make the point that that

1		context was largely about how you are
2		dealing with interest rates, you have to
3		go back to the whole of that build-up to
4		that. That was what led to that
5		response. So when you have to move a
6		developer's interest rate, what I am
7		trying to say is that this could now
8		adversely affect the project and it's at
9		that time you would sit and say here are
10		the implications, the market rates have
11		gone up, I don't have a choice and I
12		have to move the rate here, these are
13		the implications and then you go through
14		and then you say, do you want to go with
15		the higher interest rate? Do you want to
16		call it a day or do you want to try for
17		a buyer? That's the part I am talking
18		about, that's where the consultation
19		takes place.
20	Q:	And you considered that to be prudent
21		banking?
22	A:	Yes, of course, absolutely.
23	Q:	Now, in the situation where interest
24		rates are not moving up in fact, they
25		are moving down, in that circumstance,

1		it is still a joint decision?
2	A:	Remember in life counsel remember, in
3		life somebody has the last word and the
4		banker has the last word. So when we
5		talk about joint decision you talk about
6		consultation and you know the bank has
7		the last word, certainly, so don't get
8		carried about joint decision. What we
9		are saying there is consultation. So
10		what you do, you then say to the
11		customer, these are the circumstances
12		and based on 'A', 'B' this is the call.
13		I mean we have called loans, several
14		loans and you saw these things, you see
15		that we were not afraid to do that, but
16		most times, when we really call a loan
17		if that borrower wishes to be honest
18		they will most times
19	Q:	Repeat, say that again? Repeat that last
20		sentence you said again.
21	A:	No, most times when we call a loan, if
22		the borrower wishes to be honest they
23		will sit back and say they understand
24		because we basically clearly show to
25		them that's the best option. So it's not

1		a thing where we have to go behind your
2		back, because we are not afraid to sit
3		with you and tell you why we have to
4		call the loan. That's what I am saying.
5	Q:	You had some borrowers who weren't so
6		honest?
7	A:	Nothing to do with honesty. What I am
8		trying to say, sometimes people are in a
9		difficulty, and you have to say to them
10		your best bet is to get out now, don't
11		wait. And that's what a good banker
12		does, you guide the person. You said
13		based on what we have seen here in front
14		of us it would be in your interest now
15		to get out and sometimes now they will
16		say okay, we can't find a buyer, you
17		find one. That's all I am talking about,
18		that's what I am talking about, the
19		consultation.
20	Q:	Looking back at it now, sir, the benefit
21		of hindsight, would you say that any
22		mistakes were made in the handling of
23		any of the development loans that
24		Horizon Bank had?
25	A:	As I had indicated in the paper, the

1		only thing that we would have done
2		differently is that we would have
3		reduced the level of concentration and
4		remember I said that's what it is,
5		that's basically the bottom line.
6	Q:	In relation to DEBTOR1's matter where
7		you had seen a lot of the other paper
8		work, do you think that any mistakes
9		were made in the handling of his
10		development?
11	A:	The honest truth is, I would have to
12		review the whole file, I can't deal with
13		this, because when you look at some of
14		notes I see in front of me, you are
15		dealing with a developer who has an
16		exposure and the total lots sold, lots
17		were 19 million and the request here was
18		for a loan of 10 million, you know. So
19		all I am saying is just going on that, I
20		mean you are dealing with a situation,
21		without further analysis, you would say
22		these were sales. Now, what I don't
23		know, for example, did people back out?
24		Did he fail to finalize these sales? I
25		don't know. But what I am just saying

1		is, if you just look at the summary
2		submission here, I wouldn't be in a
3		position, without a detailed analysis to
4		come to a conclusion one way or the
5		other.
6	Q:	I forget to ask you this question. Now,
7		on the first exhibit I gave to you, the
8		July letter, your handwriting on it
9		says, "First project", you remember
10		that?
11	A:	Yes, again you will have to
12	Q:	Where would have been the information
13		coming from to form that?
14	A:	I don't know, that's why I am saying I
15		would have to see the total.
16	Q:	But from the bank's perspective it was
17		DEBTOR1's first project?
18	A:	No, no, you have to read it again. The
19		first project was registered in 1989,
20		but not operating. So all I am saying
21		is, that could have come out of some
22		discussions or some questions or
23		something or whatever. I would have to
24		have the whole thing to see what it
25		meant.

1	Q:	I am suggesting to you, sir, that the
2		registration is in relation to the
3		company and the operation is in relation
4		to the company?
5	A:	I don't know.
6	Q:	But the part about it being the first
7		project is referring to some of
8		DEBTOR1's experience in business?
9	A:	Except though, if you read the note it
10		doesn't say, it says: Registered but not
11		operated, okay, all right. And it says,
12		first project so you might be right, I
13		mean I am not going to say to you, yes,
14		but as I said I don't have any basis
15		to
16	Q:	Would you be surprised to learn that
17		DEBTOR1 has come to this Commission and
18		said this was not his first project?
19	A:	Yes, it's possible.
20	Q:	Would you be surprised?
21	A:	All I am saying I don't know, because
22		all I am saying is, I can't recall why I
23		wrote first project you know, I don't
24		know why that note was made.
25	Q:	Certainly, it would have been based on

1		information received?
2	A:	All I am saying I cannot recall why I
3		wrote that.
4	Q:	Could it be based on information
5		received from DEBTOR1 or his company,
6		would it not be?
7	A:	All I am saying is, I got a request,
8		more than likely this was something that
9		was sent to me, I would have maybe asked
10		a few questions, put a few notes on it
11		and forward it. Ali I am saying is, I
12		can't recall why I wrote that and I
13		would be surprised if this was his first
14		project because he has been around in
15		real estate development for years from I
16		can remember, I don't know. But it
17		could relate to something else and it
18		could be something else, I don't know.
19	MR. GOFFE:	Mr. Commissioner, I think those are the
20		questions I have for this witness.
21	COMM BOGLE:	Thank you, Mr. Goffe. Any of the other
22		attorneys?
23	MR. MOODIE:	Mr. Commissioner, I think my learned
24		friend has covered the areas that I
25		intended to cover so I have no further

1		questions of this witness.
2	COMM BOGLE:	Thank you. Mr. Garcia?
3	MR. GARCIA:	Commissioner, I don't have any questions
4		for the witness, however I had a
5		conversation with Mr. Michael Hylton,
6		Queens Counsel, who indicated to me that
7		he had not received the email setting
8		out the schedule that indicated that
9		Mr. Beckford was scheduled to come today
10		and in fact, as it so happened I was
11		having a conversation yesterday evening
12		with Mr. Hylton and he indicated that to
13		me. And so I forwarded a copy of the
14		email to him. I appreciate that the
15		Commission might not agree that he had
16		not received it because his name was on
17		the list of recipients of the e-mail, I
18		am not sure why that happened but he
19		indicated to me that having only last
20		night discovered that Mr. Beckford was
21		going to be present today he was not in
22		a position to be present this morning.
23	COMM BOGLE:	Okay, thank you. Of course, we will have
24		to investigate why he didn't get it
25		because as you said, he is listed as one

1		of the recipients and surely we would
2		have tried our best to ensure that he
3		got it because we know that a request
4		came from him for Mr. Beckford to
5		return. So that we will have to look
6		into. At this time then the hearing
7		today is adjourned until tomorrow
8		morning at 9:30. Thank you very much,
9 10	MR. BECKFORD:	have a good afternoon. Commissioner, just in my standing, I
11		think in all fairness to me there are
12		some things I need to put on the record.
13		I was only notified and summoned to be
14		here, on Monday afternoon I saw the
15		document. I had to cancel a number of
16		things today to be here and I think
17		that as you know, I had indicated to
18		the Secretary I had some other things
19		that I kept putting off, I put off the
20		last time to make my first appearance
21		and therefore I cannot guarantee my
22		availability for the rest of this month
23		because I have put off several overseas
24		trips and programmes to facilitate the
25		first presentation and again today 1

1		have canceled about three or four other
2		things. You see, I have to kind of work
3		hard for a living.
4	COMM BOGLE:	Okay, I understand your situation and we
5		will see. As a Commission we will
6		discuss the matter and take whatever
7		decisions. Again, have a good afternoon
8		everyone and tomorrow morning at 9:30 we
9		will resume. Thank you very much.
10 11		A D J O U R N M E N T ADJOURNMENT TAKEN AT 11:30 A.M. 12
13		Continued
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15		continued
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